Solano County

Agenda Submittal

Agenda #:	3	Status:	ALUC-Regular-NW		
Туре:	ALUC-Document	Department:	Airport Land Use Commission		
File #:	AC 25-002	Contact:	Nedzlene Ferrario		
Agenda date:	01/09/2025	Final Action:			
Title:	ALUC-24-18 (City of Benicia District)	's Housing Opportun	ity General Plan Designation and Zoning		
	Plan Designation and Zonii	on No. ALUC-24-18 (City of Benicia's Housing Opportunity (Zoning District), located within the Travis Air Force Base d E, is consistent with the Travis AFB Land Use Compatibili			
Governing body:	Airport Land Use Commission	ort Land Use Commission			
District:					
Attachments:	C - City of Benicia Proposed ar	cones and Criteria, B - City of Benicia and Compatibility Zones, sed amendments to Zoning Regulations, sed Amendments to the General Plan, E - Draft Resolution			
Date: Ver.	Action By:	Action:	Result:		

RECOMMENDATION:

Adopt a Resolution determining Application No. ALUC-24-18 (City of Benicia's Housing Opportunity General Plan Designation and Zoning District), located within the Travis Air Force Base (AFB) Compatibility Zone D and E, is consistent with the Travis AFB Land Use Compatibility Plan (LUCP).

DISCUSSION:

Section 21676 (d) of the State Aeronautics Act requires Airport Land Use Commission (ALUC) review of any general plan or zoning regulations amendments within an Airport Influence Area.

The City of Benicia proposes to amend its General Plan to add a new Housing Opportunity Designation (HOD) land use designation. The new land use designation is based on the existing Mixed-Use Infill land use designation but would allow up to 75 units to the acre and Floor Area Ratio (FAR) of 2.5. Buildings of up to six (6) stories would be allowed with the maximum FAR. A limited amount of local serving non-residential development would also be permitted in the new HOD land use designation.

The City's application includes an amendment to Title 17 (Zoning) of the Benicia Municipal Code to add a Housing Opportunity Zone (HZ) district to Chapter 17.24 (Residential Districts). The zoning district will include objective aesthetic and design requirements for development within the zoning district.

Concurrently, the City proposes to amend the General Plan land use designation and zoning for 2170 Columbus Parkway to HOD and HZ. In addition, the City's zoning map would also be updated to reflect the

site's rezoning to HZ. 2170 Columbus Parkway is located within TAFB Compatibility Zone E.

The City limits lie within Travis AFB Compatibility Zone D and E. Zone D and E do not restrict densities or intensities and require review of structural heights of objects and/or hazards related to bird attraction, electrical inference, glare, and other flight hazards. The proposed amendments do not conflict with the compatibility criteria.

AIRPORT PLANNING CONTEXT & ANALYSIS

Zoning regulations amendments must undergo review by the ALUC for consistency with the applicable LUCPs (State Aeronautics Act section 21676). The proposed amendments would apply City wide, which is located in Compatibility Zones D and E of the Travis AFB LUCP (Attachment B). Staff evaluated the City's project using the Zone Compatibility criteria for Zone D and E of the Travis AFB LUCP. Staff analysis of the project is summarized in Attachment A.

Analysis Finding

Based on the review, staff finds that the proposed changes comply with the requirements of the zones to protect flight and are consistent with the Travis AFB Land Use Compatibility Plan (LUCP).

Attachments

Attachment A: Airport Compatibility Zones Criteria Attachment B: City of Benicia and Compatibility Zones Attachment C: City of Benicia Proposed Amendments to the Zoning Regulations Attachment D: City of Benicia Proposed Amendments to the General Plan Attachment E: Resolution

Travis AFB Land Use Compatibility Zone Criteria

ALUC-24-18 City of Benicia Housing Opportunity GP Designation and Zoning District

Compatibility Zone Criteria	Consistent	Not Consistent	Comment	
Zone D				
Max Densities – No limits	×		The amendments have the potential to increase density; however, Zone D does not restrict densities; therefore, the ordinance is consistent with the criteria	
Prohibited uses: hazards to flight	х		The amendments do not propose hazards to flight	
 Additional Criteria ALUC review required for objects > 200 feet AGL Deed Notice Required All proposed wind turbines must meet line-of-sight criteria in Policy 5.6.1(b) All new or expanded commercial-scale solar facilities must conduct an SGHAT glint and glare study for ALUC review and coordination with Travis AFB All new or expanded meteorological towers > 200 feet AGL, whether temporary or permanent, require ALUC review For areas within the Bird Strike Hazard Zone, reviewing agencies shall prepare a WHA for projects that have the potential to attract wildlife that could cause bird strikes. ALUC will use this information to coordinate with the Travis AFB Bird/Wildlife Aircraft Strike Hazard (BASH) Team. Based on the findings of the WHA and coordination with the Travis AFB BASH Team, all reasonably feasible mitigation measures must be incorporated into the planned land use. For areas outside of the Bird Strike Hazard Zone but within the Outer Perimeter, any new or expanded land use that has the potential to attract the movement of wildlife that could cause bird strikes are required to prepare a WHA. 	X		The amendments do not propose objects taller than 200 ft, wind turbines, or commercial solar. Benicia city is located beyond the 5- mile bird hazard radius. Deed notices are applied as conditions of approval on a project- by-project basis, according to City staff	
Zone E				
Max Densities – No limits	x		The amendments have the potential to increase density; however, Zone D does not restrict densities; therefore, the ordinance is consistent with the criteria.	
Prohibited Uses: None	Х		The amendments do not propose hazards to flight	
Additional Criteria:				
 ALUC review required for objects > 200 feet AGL All proposed wind turbines must meet line-of-sight criteria in Policy 5.6.1(b) All new or expanded commercial-scale solar facilities must conduct an SGHAT glint and glare study for ALUC review All new or expanded meteorological towers > 200 feet AGL, whether temporary or permanent, require ALUC review Outside of the Bird Strike Hazard Zone but within the Outer Perimeter, any new or expanded land use that has the potential to attract the movement of wildlife that could cause bird strikes are required to prepare a WHA. 	x		The amendments do not propose objects taller than 200 ft, wind turbines, or commercial solar. Benicia city is located beyond the 5-mile bird hazard radius.	

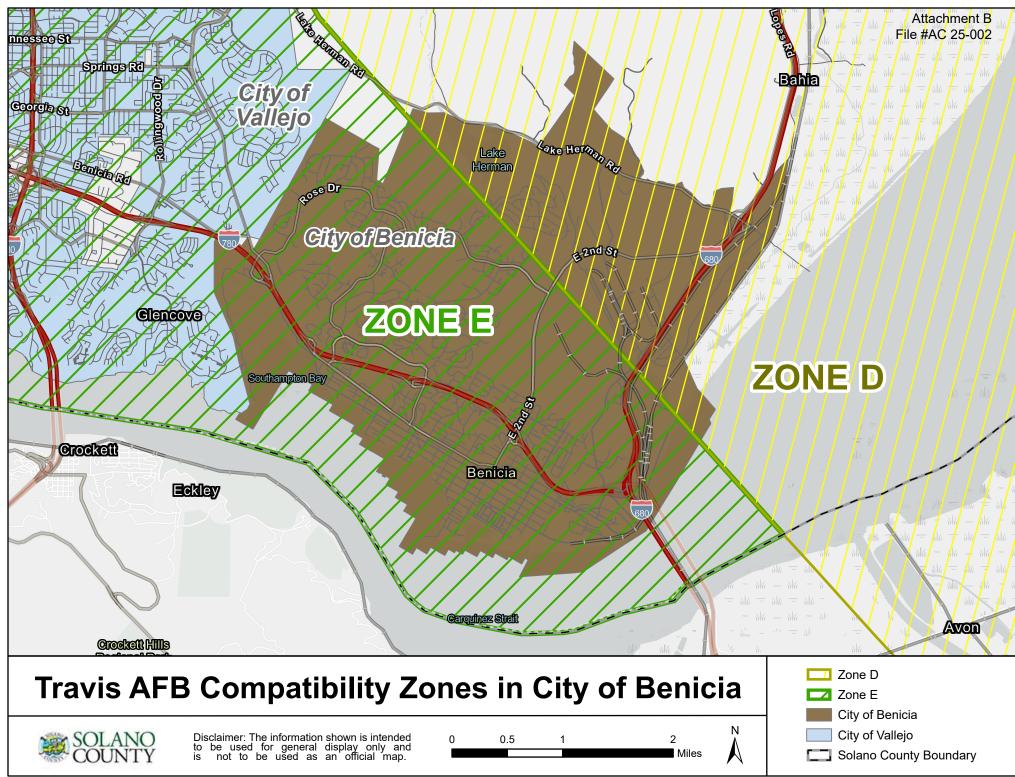


Exhibit A to Ordinance 24-xx

(deleted text is shown in double strike through, new text is *italic underline*):

17.24.010 Specific purposes.

- A. In addition to the general purposes listed in Chapter <u>17.04</u> BMC, the specific purposes of residential districts are to:
 - 1. Provide appropriately located areas for residential development that are consistent with the general plan and with standards of public health and safety established by the municipal code;
 - 2. Ensure adequate light, air, privacy, and open space for each dwelling, and protect residents from the harmful effects of excessive noise, population density, traffic congestion, and other adverse environmental effects;
 - 3. Promote development of housing affordable by low- and moderate-income households by providing a density bonus for projects in which a portion of the units are affordable for such households;
 - 4. Protect residential areas from fires, explosions, landslides, toxic fumes and substances, and other public safety hazards;
 - 5. Protect adjoining single-family residential districts from excessive loss of sun, light, quiet, and privacy resulting from proximity to multifamily development;
 - 6. Achieve design compatibility with surrounding neighborhoods;
 - 7. Provide sites for public and semipublic land uses needed to complement residential development or requiring a residential environment;
 - 8. Ensure the provision of public services and facilities needed to accommodate planned population densities.
- B. The additional purposes of each R residential district are:
 - 1. RS Single-Family Residential District. To provide opportunities for single-family residential land use, either in neighborhoods or in conjunction with agricultural pursuits, subject to appropriate standards. Duplexes, triplexes and fourplexes existing as of July 1, 1977, are allowed to remain, but all new residential construction shall be single-family dwellings or approved accessory structures.
 - 2. RM Medium-Density Residential District. To provide opportunities for multiple residential uses with low land coverage, including older residences converted to duplexes and new townhouses or cluster housing with landscaped open space for residents' use.
 - 3. RH High-Density Residential District. To provide opportunities for an intensive form of residential development, including apartments and townhouses with relatively high land coverage, at appropriate locations in the vicinity of First Street, along the waterfront, and near convenience commercial nodes at Southampton Road, East Fifth Street and West Seventh Street.
 - 4. <u>HZ, Housing Opportunity Zone District. To provide an opportunity for high density</u> <u>multiple family residential development at higher land coverage and density than</u> <u>other residential districts in close proximity to stores, services, schools, and public</u> <u>transportation.</u>

17.24.020 RS, RM, RH and <u>*HZ*</u> districts – Land use regulations.

In the following schedules, the letter "P" designates use classifications permitted in residential districts. The letter "L" designates use classifications subject to certain limitations prescribed under the "Additional Use Regulations" which follow. The letter "U" designates use classifications permitted on approval of a use permit, as provided in Chapter <u>17.104</u> BMC. The letters "P/U" designate use classifications permitted on the site of a permitted use, but requiring a use permit on the site of a conditional use. Letters in parentheses in the "Additional Regulations" column refer to the "Additional Use Regulations" following the schedule.

Where letters in parentheses are opposite a use classification heading, referenced regulations shall apply to all use classifications under the heading.

RS, RM, RH and HZ Districts: Land Use Regulations

- P Permitted
- U Use Permit
- L Limited (See "Additional Use Regulations")
- – Not Permitted

	RS	RM	RH	<u>HZ</u>	Additional Regulations
Residential			1	-	(A)(B)(C)(N)
Family Day Care, Large	Р	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	(P)
Family Day Care, Small	Р	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	
Group Residential	-	U	U	<u>U</u>	(D)(E)
Multifamily Residential	-	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	(E)
Residential Care, Limited	Р	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	
Single-Family Residential	Р	Р	Р	=	(M)
Supportive Housing	Р	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	
Transitional Housing	Р	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	
Commercial Uses					
Conference and Meeting Fa- cilities	U	U	U	-	
Eating and Drinking Estab- lishments	-	-	-	<u>P</u>	<u>(S)</u>
Food and Beverage Sales	-	-	-	<u>P</u>	<u>(S)</u>
Horticulture, Limited	L1	L1	L1	<u>L1</u>	(Q)
Personal Services	-	-	-	<u>P</u>	<u>(S)</u>

RS, RM, RH and HZ Districts: Land Use Regulations

- P Permitted
- U Use Permit
- L Limited (See "Additional Use Regulations")
- – Not Permitted

	RS	RM	RH	<u>HZ</u>	Additional Regulations
Public and Semipublic					
Adult Day Health Care	U	U	U	<u>U</u>	
Bed and Breakfast Inns	L3	L3	L3	=	
Clubs and Lodges	L6	U	U	<u>U</u>	
Convalescent Facilities	-	U	U	<u>U</u>	
Cultural Institutions	-	U	U	<u>U</u>	
Day Care Center	U	U	U	<u>P</u>	<u>(S)</u>
Emergency Shelter	-	L4	-	=	
Park and Recreation Facili- ties	L2	L2	L2	<u>L2</u>	(F)
Public Safety Facilities	U	U	U	<u>U</u>	
Religious Assembly	U	U	U	<u>U</u>	(0)
Residential Care, General	Р	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	
Schools, Public or Private	U	U	U	-	
Utilities, Major				_	
Waste Facility	-	-	-	=	
Utilities, Minor	Р	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	
Visitor Accommodation				_	(E)
Accessory Uses	P/U	P/U	P/U	<u>P/U</u>	(A)(G)(H)(I)(J)(K)(Q)
Donation and Collection Bins	L5	L5	L5	<u>L5</u>	(R)
		-			
Temporary Uses					
Commercial Filming, Limited	Р	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	
Personal Property Sales	Р	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	
Street Fairs	U	U	U	<u>U</u>	

RS, RM, RH and HZ Districts: Land Use Regulations

- P Permitted
- U Use Permit
- L Limited (See "Additional Use Regulations")
- – Not Permitted

	RS	RM	RH	<u>HZ</u>	Additional Regulations
Nonconforming					(N)
Other Uses					
Cultivation of Cannabis for Personal Use, Indoors or Outdoors	Р	Р	Р	<u>P</u>	(Q)

RS, RM, RH and <u>HZ</u> Districts: Additional Use Regulations

L-1 Use permit required, and no on-site retail sales permitted. Shall not include cannabis cultivation.

L-2 Use permit required for private noncommercial facilities, including swim clubs and tennis clubs.

L-3 Community development director use permit required.

L-4 See BMC <u>17.70.390</u>, Emergency shelter.

L-5 Only permitted when accessory to a duly permitted club, lodge, cultural institution, religious assembly or school.

L-6 Only youth centers may be permitted with approval of a use permit, if operated by a public or non-profit organization and located within a half-mile of a secondary school.

- (A) See BMC <u>17.70.020</u>, Relocated buildings (use permit required).
- (B) Residential use shall be allowed by right for housing development projects on vacant sites designated in two consecutive prior housing elements and nonvacant sites designated in one prior housing element, as described in Chapter III, Sites Inventory, and shown in Appendix D, Table A of the housing element, pursuant to Government Code Section <u>65583.2(i)</u> where at least 20 percent of units are provided as affordable to extremely low-, very low- or low-income households.
- (C) Approval of a use permit shall require a finding that (1) the proposed use will have no significant unmitigated environmental impacts; and (2) the building design is compatible with surrounding buildings.

- (D) Design review shall be required; see Chapter <u>17.108</u> BMC.
- (E) For visitor accommodations accessory to a dwelling unit, see BMC <u>17.70.450</u>, Short-term rentals.
- (F) Limited to facilities on sites of fewer than two acres.
- (G) See BMC <u>17.70.370</u>, Cottage food operations, and BMC <u>17.70.070</u>, Home occupations.
- (H) See BMC <u>17.70.050</u>, Nonresidential accessory structures, and BMC <u>17.70.060</u>, Accessory dwelling units.
- (I) See BMC <u>17.74.190</u>, Driveways and carports Design and location in R districts.
- (J) See BMC <u>17.70.080</u>, Swimming pools and hot tubs.
- (K) See Chapter <u>17.104</u> BMC, Use Permits and Variances.
- (L) See BMC <u>17.70.280</u>, Manufactured homes.
- (M) See BMC <u>17.70.300</u>, Animals.
- (N) See Chapter <u>17.98</u> BMC, Nonconforming Uses and Structures.
- (O) See BMC <u>17.70.040</u>, Religious assembly yard requirements.
- (P) Community development director shall issue a permit for large family day care homes caring for nine to 14 children, as defined in Chapter 3.4 of the California Health and Safety Code, upon determining that the proposed large family day care complies with the requirements below. If the proposed large family day care will not be able to conform to the following requirements, the community development director shall refer the application to the planning commission for a use permit as provided in Chapter <u>17.104</u> BMC, except that the public notification radius shall be reduced to 300 feet:
 - (1) A minimum 300-foot separation is required between all large family day care facilities located on the same street. The separation shall be measured from the closest property lines. For corner properties, the separation shall be measured from the property line of all street frontages.
 - (2) No signs, name plates or other advertising shall be affixed to the premises.
 - (3) The hours of operation shall not exceed 6:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. Monday through Friday.
 - (4) The applicant shall maintain a valid state license for a large family day care.
 - (5) Noise. The location of the facility, including outdoor play areas, shall be sited to minimize noise impacts on neighboring properties. Noise levels shall comply with the standards identified in the general plan.
 - (6) Outdoor Play Areas. Outdoor play areas shall be:
 - a. Fully enclosed by a natural barrier, wall, solid fence, or other solid structure having a maximum height of six feet; and
 - b. Physically separated from driveways, streets, and parking.
 - (7) Adequate parking shall be provided for employees of the large family day care and for pick-up and drop-off of children at the home in accordance with the following standards:
 - a. Parking shall comply with BMC <u>17.74.030</u>, Off-street parking and loading spaces required;
 - b. Adequate space shall be available for the safe pick-up and delivery of children to the day care home; and
 - c. Vehicles for all day care employees, visitors, and potential clients associated with the day care shall not block driveway entrances and shall park in a legal parking space along the street.

The criteria above shall be incorporated as required operational standards for all large family day care homes.

A permit for a large family day care that is not operated in compliance with these regulations or that is in violation of any law or ordinance in connection with large family day care homes or has a currently suspended or revoked state license, shall be revoked by the community development director after 30 days' written notice unless the large family day care is altered to comply.

- (Q) See Chapter <u>9.60</u> BMC, Cannabis Public Safety License, and Chapter <u>17.84</u> BMC, Cannabis.
- (R) See BMC <u>17.70.410</u>, Donation and collection bins.
- (S) <u>Uses are permitted on ground floor of multifamily residential building when not exceeding</u> 20% of gross floor area.

17.24.030 RS, RM, RH and <u>*HZ*</u> districts – Property development regulations.

The following schedules prescribe development regulations for residential districts. The first three *four* columns establish basic requirements for permitted and conditional uses; letters in parentheses in the "Additional Regulations" column refer to the "Additional Development Regulations" following the schedule.

	Districts		Additional Regulations		
	RS	RM	RH	<u>HZ</u>	(T)
Site Area per Unit (sq. ft.)	6,000	3,000	2,000	<u>580</u>	
With density bonus for:			·		
Low- or Moderate-Income Housing	4,800	2,400	1,600	=	(A)
Elderly Housing	-	2,000	1,300	=	(A)
Low-Income Elderly Housing	-	1,500	1,000	=	(A)
Minimum Site Area (sq. ft.)	6,000	6,000	7,500	<u>20,000</u>	(B)(C)(D)
Minimum Site Width (ft.)	60	60	60	<u>60</u>	(R)(S)
Minimum Yards:					
Front (ft.)	20	20	20	<u>10</u>	(E)(F)
Side (ft.)	5	6; 10	6; 10	<u>10</u>	(E)(G)(H)
Corner Side (ft.)	10	15	15	<u>10</u>	(E)
Rear (ft.)	15	15	15	<u>15</u>	(E)(G)

RS, RM, RH, and <u>HZ</u> Districts: Property Development Regulations

	Districts	Additional Regulations						
	RS	RM	RH	<u>HZ</u>	(T)			
Courts					(1)			
Maximum Height (ft.)	30	35	35	<u>72</u>	(J)(K) <i>(U)</i>			
Maximum Coverage	40%	45%	50%	<u>75%</u>				
Maximum Nonresidential (FAR)	0.4	0.45	0.5		(L)			
Open Space					(M)			
Minimum Site Landscaping	35%	30%	30%	<u>10%</u>	(N)(O)			
Fences and Walls					(P)			
Off-Street Parking and Loading					(Q)			
Signs	See Chap	See Chapter <u>17.78</u> BMC						
Outdoor Facilities		ee BMC <u>17.70.200</u> , Outdoor facilities, and BMC <u>17.70.250</u> , Satell ntennas and microwave equipment						
Screening of Mechanical Equip- ment	See BMC <u>17.70.210</u> and <u>17.70.250</u>							
Refuse Storage Areas	See BMC	See BMC <u>17.70.220</u>						
Underground Utilities	See BMC	See BMC <u>17.70.230</u>						
Performance Standards	See BMC	See BMC <u>17.70.240</u>						
Nonconforming Structures	See Chap	See Chapter <u>17.98</u> BMC						

RS, RM, RH, and <u>*HZ*</u> Districts: Property Development Regulations

- (A) See BMC <u>17.70.270</u>, Affordable housing density bonus.
- (B) See BMC <u>17.70.130</u>, Development on substandard lots.
- (C) See BMC <u>17.70.140</u>, Development on lots divided by district boundaries.
- (D) The minimum site area shall be 12,000 square feet for use classifications requiring a use permit; see BMC <u>17.24.020</u>.
- (E) Permitted Projections into Required Yards.
 - (1) In All Districts. See BMC <u>17.70.150</u>, Building projections into yards and courts.
 - (2) Accessory Structures. See BMC <u>17.70.050</u>, Nonresidential accessory structures; BMC <u>17.70.060</u>, Accessory dwelling units; and BMC <u>17.74.190</u>, Driveways and carports Design and location in R districts.
- (F) See BMC <u>17.70.160</u>, Front yards in R districts.
- (G) Building Height and Required Yards. The width of a required interior side or rear yard adjoining a building wall exceeding 25 feet in height, excluding any portion of a roof, shall be increased five feet over the basic requirement.

- (H) In the RM and RH districts, the average yard width shall be 10 feet, and the minimum width six feet.
- (I) Courts Opposite Windows (RM and RH Districts).
 - (1) Opposite Living Room Windows. The minimum width of a court opposite a living room window shall equal the height of the opposite wall, but shall not be less than 20 feet if there is a required window of a habitable room in the opposite wall.
 - (2) Opposite Other Habitable Rooms. The minimum width of a court opposite a window of a habitable room other than a living room shall be 14 feet if there is a required window of a habitable room in the opposite wall.
 - (3) Dimensions of Courts. Required courts shall extend horizontally 20 feet in both directions from the vertical centerline of a required window, and shall extend upward from the window sill.
- (J) See BMC <u>17.70.180</u>, Exceptions to height limits.
- (K) Any structure constructed in any Benicia residential area (R district) located west of First Street, and further located within the first 150 feet of the shoreline behind the highest tide mark, shall not exceed 24 feet in height (two stories). The height measurement of the structure shall be the maximum vertical dimension measured from the lowest outside surface ground contact with the structure perimeter to the highest structure point. If the structure is to be built upon fill placed on the site after April 10, 1980, the 24-foot dimension shall include the average depth of fill at the structure perimeter. Pursuant to California Elections Code Section <u>4013</u>, this requirement shall not be repealed or amended except by a vote of the people. If any portion of a structure is located within the first 150 feet of the shoreline behind the highest tide mark, the whole structure shall conform with the 24-foot height limit.
- (L) In the RM, and RH districts up to 10 percent additional floor area may be allowed for mixed-use projects with 25 percent affordable residential units; see BMC <u>17.70.270</u>.
- (M) Open Space.
 - (1) Basic Requirement. Total open space on a site having three or more dwelling units shall be at least 200 square feet per dwelling unit. *In the HZ district, units with at least 36 square feet of private open space (e.g., balconies, courtyards) are excluded from the required open space calculation, whether private or shared.*
 - (2) Private Open Space. Private open space meeting a portion of the requirement shall be on patios or balconies within which a horizontal rectangle has no dimension less than six feet.
 - (3) Shared Open Space, Outside. Shared open space, provided by nonstreet side yards, patios and terraces, shall be designed so that a horizontal rectangle inscribed within it has no dimension less than 10 feet, shall be open to the sky, and shall not include driveways or parking areas, or area required for front or street side yards.
 - (4) Shared Open Space, Inside. Shared interior open space, provided by gymnasiums, common rooms and lobbies, shall be designed so that a cube within it has no dimension less than 10 feet, shall not include corridors or stairwells, and shall not consist of more than 10 percent of the required open space.
- (N) Planting Areas.

- (1) Yards Adjoining Streets. All visible portions of a required yard adjoining a street shall be planting area or hard scape that includes parking areas, driveways and walks, as well as areas covered by ornamental gravel, crushed rock or similar materials.
- (2) Interior Yards. In the RM, RH, and <u>HZ</u> districts, at least 50 percent of each required interior side yard and rear yard shall be planting areas having a minimum width of five feet adjoining a side or rear property line; provided, that the width of a required planting area may be reduced to two feet in one side or rear yard adjoining a driveway and an accessory structure may occupy a portion of the planting area in a rear yard.
- (3) Notwithstanding subsection (N)(2) of this section, a continuous planting area having a minimum width of five feet shall adjoin an RS district.
- (O) See BMC <u>17.70.190</u>, Landscaping, irrigation and hydroseeding.
- (P) Fences and Walls. The maximum heights of a fence or wall shall be six feet except within 15 feet of the front property line abutting a street, where the maximum height shall be three feet. In addition, all fences and walls shall be subject to the driveway and intersection visibility requirements of BMC <u>17.74.150</u>. For reversed corner lots, a fence placed on the rear and side property lines may be six feet in height; provided, that the driveway visibility requirements of BMC <u>17.74.150</u> are met. Where the difference in elevation between two adjacent lots is more than 10 feet, the maximum height shall be three feet to protect views from the upper lot, unless the community development director approves a higher height. The director's decision shall be subject to appeal to the planning commission under the provisions of Chapter <u>1.44</u> BMC.
- (Q) No portion of a driveway located in a front setback area shall be used for required parking. See Chapter <u>17.74</u> BMC, Off-Street Parking and Loading Regulations.
- (R) Reduction of Lot Width. In an RS district, the community development director may approve a tentative parcel map containing up to four lots, and the planning commission may approve a tentative subdivision with five or more lots, with lot widths of less than 60 feet, but not less than 50 feet, if the following criteria are met:
 - (1) The applicant shall provide documented evidence to the planning commission or community development director that property within 300 feet of the original parcel is developed or subdivided; and
 - (2) The applicant shall provide documented evidence of the existing lot width of properties within 300 feet of the original parcel. Minimum lot width of new parcels shall be the average of all lot widths within the 300 feet comparison area, or at least 50 feet wide, whichever is greater; and
 - (3) The applicant must show that the land falls naturally into a pattern of lots containing less than 60-foot lot widths; and
 - (4) Flag lots shall comply with subsection (S) of this section, Flag Lots; and
 - (5) The reduction of lot width will not be detrimental to the public welfare nor injurious to other property in the vicinity; and
 - (6) The planning commission or community development director must be satisfied that the applicant has not sold or transferred land, or taken any other steps to create the artificial result that the lot or lots will not meet the 60-foot lot width requirement.

The planning commission or community development director may attach additional requirements to the subdivision to ensure that the reduction in lot width is not injurious to property or detrimental to the public welfare, such as by providing for adequate distance between buildings and between driveways. The criteria above shall be incorporated into the findings of approval for any such subdivision.

- (S) Flag Lots. A tentative parcel map with four or fewer lots that contains up to two flag lots in the RS district may be approved, if the following criteria are met:
 - (1) Parcel map and flag lot configuration shall require planning commission review and approval;
 - (2) The original parcel's shape, location or topography creates areas that could be developed with a residence that would not front on public streets;
 - (3) The portion of the lot providing the access corridor shall not be counted towards meeting minimum lot size requirements for the flag lot;
 - (4) Flag lot shall have a minimum street frontage of 25 feet;
 - (5) Driveway accessing flag lot shall be paved with a minimum 16-foot width to access one lot;
 - (6) Up to two lots may be accessed via one access driveway, provided the street frontage is increased to 30 feet and the paved driveway is increased to 19 feet;
 - (7) Width of lot shall measure at least 60 feet where the access corridor ends;
 - (8) Side and rear yard setbacks for flag lot and adjoining lots shall be measured from the access corridor;
 - (9) Front yard setback for flag lots shall be measured from where the access corridor ends;
 - (10) The community development director shall be satisfied the applicant has not sold or transferred land, or taken any other steps to create the artificial result that the original parcel is shaped irregularly; and
 - (11) Further subdivision of flag lots shall not be allowed.

The planning commission may attach additional requirements to the parcel map to ensure that the creation of a flag lot is not injurious to property or detrimental to the public welfare. The criteria above shall be incorporated into the findings of approval for any such subdivision.

- (T) <u>Additional design standards are required for all housing projects in the Housing Opportunity</u> <u>Sites (-HOS) Overlay District pursuant to in the Chapter 17.64 BMC, Housing Opportunity Sites</u> <u>Overlay District.</u>
- (U) <u>Upper Story Massing. In the HZ district, a third story must be stepped back from the primary</u> <u>street at least 10 feet for a minimum of 35 percent of the facade length. Recessed area may</u> <u>be used as a balcony, terrace, or other usable open space.</u>

17.24.040 Review of plans.

A. Certain projects shall require design review (see Chapter <u>17.108</u> BMC); all projects shall require development plan review (see Chapter <u>17.112</u> BMC).

B. Multifamily residential, transitional housing, and supportive housing development projects are subject to the city's objective planning and design standards for mixed use residential and multifamily development. (See BMC <u>17.70.430</u>, Objective planning and design standards for mixed use residential and multifamily development projects.)

Exhibit A to Resolution NO. 24-XX

Page 26 of Chapter 2, Community Development and Sustainability Element shall be amended as follows:

(deleted text is shown in double strike through, new text is *italic underline*):

Housing Opportunity Designation (HOD)

This category includes residential and limited non-residential supporting uses such as day care. Its purpose is to provide locations for larger-scale multifamily housing in close proximity to stores, services, schools, and public transportation. The Housing Opportunity Designation permits a maximum FAR of 2.5 for 6-story projects as allowed by the Zoning Ordinance. Maximum density is 75 units per acre.

In addition to the above general plan text amendment, the City of Benicia Land Use Diagram will be amended to show the project site which is located at 2170 Colombus Parkway as HOD. (See Figure 1.)



Figure 1. General Plan Land Use Diagram – 2170 Colombus Parkway



SOLANO COUNTY AIRPORT LAND USE COMMISSION RESOLUTION NO. 25-

RESOLUTION REGARDING CONSISTENCY WITH AIRPORT LAND USE COMPATIBILITY PLANS (City of Benicia Housing Opportunity Designation and Zoning District)

WHEREAS, pursuant to California Public Utilities Code section 21675 the Solano County Airport Land Use Commission ("**Commission**") has the responsibility to prepare and adopt airport land use plans for any public and military airports within Solano County and to amend any such adopted plan as necessary; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to such authority, the Commission has adopted airport land use compatibility plans for Travis Air Force Base, Rio Vista Municipal Airport, and the Nut Tree Airport, and the Solano County Airport Land Use Compatibility Review Procedures (the "Compatibility Plans"); and

WHEREAS, in enacting the sections within the State Aeronautics Act (the "**Act**") that provide for airport land use commissions, the California Legislature has declared that the purposes of the legislation include: (1) to provide for the orderly development of each public use airport in this state; (2) to provide for the orderly development of the area surrounding these airports so as to promote the overall goals and objectives of the California airport noise standards; (3) to provide for the orderly development of the area surrounding these airports so as to provide for the orderly development of the public health, safety, and welfare by ensuring the orderly expansion of airports; and (5) to protect the public health, safety, and welfare by the adoption of land use measures that minimize the public's exposure to excessive noise and safety hazards within areas around public airports to the extent that these areas are not already devoted to incompatible uses (Pub. Util. Code, § 21670, subd. (a)); and

WHEREAS, the Act provides that an airport land use commission's powers and duties include: (a) to assist local agencies in ensuring compatible land uses in the vicinity of all new airports and in the vicinity of existing airports to the extent that the land in the vicinity of those airports is not already devoted to incompatible uses; (b) to coordinate planning at the state, regional, and local levels so as to provide for the orderly development of air transportation, while at the same time protecting the public health, safety, and welfare; (c) to prepare and adopt an airport land use compatibility plan pursuant to Public Utilities Code section 21675; and (d) to review the plans, regulations, and other actions of local agencies and airport operators pursuant to Public Utilities Code section 21676 (Pub. Util. Code, § 21674); and

WHEREAS, the Act provides that the purpose of compatibility plans is to provide for the orderly growth of the airports and the area surrounding the airports, and to safeguard the general welfare of the inhabitants within the vicinity of the airport and the public in general (Pub. Util. Code, § 21675, subd. (a)); and

WHEREAS, Public Utilities Code section 21675, subdivision (a), authorizes the Commission, in formulating a compatibility plan, to develop height restrictions on buildings, specify the use of land, and determine building standards, including sound-proofing adjacent to airports; and

WHEREAS, Public Utilities Code section 21675, subdivision (b), directs the Commission to prepare a compatibility plan for areas surrounding military airports, and the Legislature's intent in enacting subdivision (b) was to protect the continued viability of military installations in California,

to protect the operations of military airports from encroachment by development, and to encourage land use policies that reflect the contributions military bases make to their communities, as well as their vital importance in the state's economy and in the defense of our nation; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to such authorities, the Compatibility Plans set forth criteria to be applied by the Commission when evaluating local land use plans and specific development proposals; and

WHEREAS, Public Utilities Code section 21676, subdivision (b), requires that prior to the amendment of a general plan or specific plan, or the adoption or approval of a zoning ordinance or building regulation within the planning boundary established by the Commission, local agencies within Solano County are required to first refer the proposed action to the Commission for a consistency determination; and

WHEREAS, the City of Benicia ("**Local Agency**") is considering approving the following project (the "**Project**"), as set forth in greater detail in the Staff Report and its Attachments concerning "Item AC 25-002" of the Commission's January 9, 2025 Regular Meeting ("**Staff Report**"): "Adopt a Resolution determining Application No. ALUC-24-18 (City of Benicia's Housing Opportunity General Plan Designation and Zoning District), located within the Travis Air Force Base (AFB) Compatibility Zone D and E, is consistent with the Travis Air Force Base (AFB) Land Use Compatibility Plan (LUCP)"

WHEREAS, the Commission has duly considered the Project, at a noticed public meeting, in order to ensure consistency of the Project with the Compatibility Plans.

RESOLVED, that after due consideration and based upon the administrative record, the Commission does adopt and incorporate by this reference as its findings and determinations the analysis, conclusions, and recommended findings of the Staff Report.

RESOLVED, that after due consideration and based upon the administrative record, the Commission does find and determine that the Project is consistent with the Travis AFB Land Use Compatibility Plans.

 RESOLVED, that after adoption of this Resolution Staff is authorized to correct any clerical errors in this Resolution or the Staff Report.

I certify that the foregoing resolution was adopted at a regular meeting of the Solano County Airport Land Use Commission on January 9, 2025 by the following vote:

AYES:	Commissioners	
NOES:	Commissioners	
ABSTAIN:	Commissioners	
ABSENT:	Commissioners	
		By
		Ross Sagun, Chair Solano County Airport Land Use Commission

Attest:

By:

James Bezek, Secretary to the Commission