

#### Solano County

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#### Agenda Submittal

Agenda #: 1 Status: PC-Regular

Type: PC-Document Department: Planning Commission

**File #:** PC 20-007 **Contact:** Nedzlene Ferrario (707) 784-6765

Agenda date: 2/20/2020 Final action:

Title: PUBLIC HEARING to consider and make a recommendation to the Board of Supervisors on the

following three applications of Bill Morgan: 1) to amend the General Plan land use designations

on a portion of the subject property from Specific Project Area to Agriculture and Rural Residential; 2) to rezone portions of the subject property from Exclusive Agricultural 20-acre minimum (A-20) to Rural Residential 2.5-acre minimum (RR-2.5), Rural Residential 5-acre minimum (RR-5), and Rural Residential 10-acre minimum (RR-10); and 3) to subdivide the subject property into 19 lots. The project is known as Lands of Morgan and development is proposed in three (3) phases. The 310.5-acre property is located at the southwest corner of Cantelow and Gibson Canyon Road, within the unincorporated portion of Vacaville. APN: 105-110-070, 100, 440, 450; 105-160-130; 105-170-150, 010 (Application No.: GP-18-01, Z-18-01

and S-18-02; Project Planner: Nedzlene Ferrario)

Governing body: Planning Commission

District:

Attachments: A - Location Map

B - General Plan Amendment and Rezone

C - Tentative Subdivision Map

D - Proposed Development Phasing Table

E - Draft Resolution General Plan Amendment and Rezone

F - Initial Study Mitigated Negative Declaration

G - Comment Letter
H - Water System Plan

I - Preliminary Detention Pond Plan

Date Ver. Action By Action Result

Published Notice Required? Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_X \_ Public Hearing Required? Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_X \_

#### **DEPARTMENTAL RECOMMENDATION:**

The Department of Resource Management recommends that the Planning Commission:

- 1. Conduct a public hearing to consider the following three applications of Bill Morgan:
  - 1) Amend the General Plan land use designations on a portion of the subject property from Specific Project Area and Rural Residential to Agriculture and Rural Residential 1-10 acres per dwelling unit;
  - 2) Rezone portions of the subject property from Exclusive Agricultural 20-acre minimum (A-20) to Rural Residential 2.5-acre minimum (RR-2.5), Rural Residential 5-acre minimum (RR-5), and Rural Residential 10-acre minimum (RR-10); and

- 3) Tentative Subdivision Map to divide 310.5 acres into 19 lots.
- 2. Determine that the Mitigated Negative Declaration is adequate and complete pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act.
- 3. Recommend that the Board of Supervisors **APPROVE** the General Plan Amendment (GP-18-02), Rezone Petition (Z-18-01) and Tentative Subdivision Map (S-18-02) subject to the findings and conditions of approval in Section G & H of this report.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:**

The Lands of Morgan subdivision is a 19-lot rural residential subdivision in the English Hills community. The project proposes a mix of lot sizes that range between 2.9 - 35.6 acres. More than half of the lots are 20 acres or larger and 1 lot is 2.9 acres. The remaining lots are between 6.6 - 11.7 acres in size. Refer to Exhibit D for the proposed development tables. The proposed land use designation and zoning is consistent with required densities and lot sizes.

The subdivision design protects the integrity of the English Hills ridgeline and viewshed by restricting homesites atop knolls and ridgelines, and on slopes less than 25% grade. Driveways to the homesites conform to the natural topography. To ensure safety, ingress and egress on to Gibson Canyon Road and Cantelow Road, is limited to the existing driveways, and two new private roads, Gibson Canyon and Turkey Hollow Court. Additional driveways or roads are not allowed for the subdivision.

The project is conditioned to construct infrastructure such as public water lines, meters, roadway improvements and fire hydrants, prior to the recordation or sale of the individual lots. Public water service by Rural North Vacaville Water District is proposed for 18 lots. Use of the existing well water on Lot 3 is permissible if the existing well passes the pump and yield test. If the well fails, public water service is required. The subdivider owner owns three water rights. Evidence of additional water rights will be required prior to final map recordation.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

A. Applicant/Owner/Subdivider: Bill Morgan

#### B. Surrounding General Plan, Zoning and Land Uses:

	General Plan	Zoning	Land Use
Property	Agriculture/Specific Project Area/Rural Residential	A-20	Residential
North	Agriculture/Rural Residential	RR 2.5/A-20	Residential
South	Rural Residential	RR 2.5/RR-5/A-20	Residential
East	Rural Residential	RR-5/A-20	Residential
West	Rural Residential	RR-2.5/A-20	Residential

#### ANALYSIS:

#### A. Environmental Setting & Location:

The property is located north of Vacaville, California, bordered by Cantelow Road to the north and Gibson Canyon Road to the east. Portions of the property are located on the northside of Cantelow

adjacent to English Creek. The project location is shown on Exhibit A.

The 310.5-acre property, known as Pippo Ranch, is characterized with rolling hills and steep hillsides. Approximately 184 acres is steep (more than 25% slope) and the steep hillside is a part of the English Hills ridgeline which is a highly prominent feature of the community. Elevations ranging from 190 feet to 612 feet at the highest peak. Twelve (12) ephemeral streams run through the site, and two stock ponds are located on the north side. The property is primarily vegetated with grasslands and mixture of Oak Woodland, Oak Savannah and riparian forest. English Creek runs along the north and western boundaries of the property. The Rural North Vacaville Water District water tank is located on the western portion of the site and high voltage PG&E overhead lines traverse the southeastern portion of the property. The property is developed with three residences and outbuildings that are proposed to remain.

#### B. Project Description:

The Lands of Morgan project is a 19 lot, single-family residential subdivision on 310.5 acres. The applicant proposes to amend the General Plan land use designations and rezone portions of the property in order to subdivide the land into 19 lots ranging in size between 2.9 acres to 35.6 acres. Project access will be restricted to the existing driveways and two new private roads, Turkey Hollow and Gibson Canyon Court paved with double chip seal. The property is located in a groundwater scarce area, Zone A, the lowest probability of success to develop well water, therefore, public water service by the Rural North Vacaville Water District is proposed for 18 lots to ensure adequate domestic water supply. Use of the existing well on Lot 3 is proposed. Individual sewage disposal systems are proposed to treat wastewater and detention ponds are proposed to treat stormwater runoff, constructed and maintained by the individual homeowners. The Water System Plan and the Detention Pond Plans are included in the Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration.

The subdivision is proposed in three (3) phases:

- Phase 1 Total of 4 lots (Lot 11-13 and 19). Lot sizes range between 2.9 -21.5 acres.
- Phase 2 Total of 10 lots (Lot1-5 and 14-18). Lot sizes range between 6.6 21.2 acres; and construction of Gibson Canyon Court, private road.
- Phase 3 Total of 5 lots. (Lot 6-10). Lot sizes range between 20 35.6 acres; and construction of Turkey Hollow Court, private road.

Infrastructure such as private roads, culverts, street signs, water lines and meters, and fire hydrants, will be installed per phase prior to Final Map recordation. Street lighting is not proposed. The lots will be sold to individuals and homes to be constructed at the individual owner's pace. Phase 1 is anticipated to be completed by August 2020 and the timeline for Phase 2 and 3 is unknown. The proposed phased development and zoning table is included as Exhibit D.

#### C. General Plan Amendment:

The property contains multiple General Plan land use designations such as Agriculture, Rural Residential 1-10 acres/dwelling unit (ac/du) and Specific Project Area. Refer to Exhibit B for the breakdown of existing and proposed land use designations. Approximately 200 acres of the existing Agriculture and Rural Residential land use designation will remain unchanged. The request to amend the land use designations specifically, applies to the Specific Project Area land use designation, applied to the northwest portion of the property, totaling approximately 88.53 acres. The Specific Project Area is proposed to change to the Rural Residential (64 acres) and Agriculture (24 acres) land use designation.

The Specific Project Area land use designation is a policy that provides for future development after adoption of a specific plan, policy plan or completion of special plans and studies. This designation is applied to areas where future development and conservation objectives have not been fully defined

and will be subject to future planning studies. Planned densities and intensities for each area are assumed for purposes of evaluation the environmental impacts associated with future development pursuant to implementation of the General Plan. Within the County, the Specific Project Area applies to Middle Green Valley, Lambie Industrial Park, North Vacaville Limited Industrial Area and the subject property - Pippo Ranch. Rural residential is assumed for the development of the Pippo Ranch property and any future subdivision is subject to completion of a master circulation plan and water service plan.

The applicant proposes to eliminate the Specific Project Area designation and proposes project densities consistent with the Rural Residential 1-10 acres per dwelling unit and Agriculture 1 dwelling unit per 20 acres. A Water Service System Plan is proposed and the project as conditioned will address domestic water supply. No other General Plan policy conflicts have been identified. Approval of the General Plan amendment includes strikeout of the reference to Pippo Ranch property in Table LU-5 of the General Plan Land Use Chapter 2.

#### D. Rezone:

The property is currently zoned Exclusive Agriculture "A-20" and the rezoning petition will establish RR-2.5, RR-5 and RR-10 zoning to allow development of the project as proposed. The project is consistent with the lot size and densities of the proposed zoning. The proposed lot sizes, zoning and densities are listed in Exhibit D. Surrounding developed properties are zoned RR-2.5, RR-5 and A-20, and similar to the rural residential and agricultural zoning of the surrounding properties. The project is compatible with surrounding zoning, and in keeping with the rural character of the community.

#### E. Subdivision Regulations (Chapter 26, County Code):

Several tentative map designs were considered during application processing. Earlier versions were not sensitive to existing landforms and included building pads which could result in mass grading along the ridgeline and visual intrusions into the view corridor. Planning staff worked with the applicant to revise the design in order to achieve a project that is sensitive to natural features and in conformance with Hillside and Visually Sensitive Area design guidelines of the Subdivision Ordinance. The proposed tentative subdivision map satisfies the design guidelines, however, in order to ensure proper siting of future development in this sensitive area, Planning staff recommends that the construction of individual homes comply with Hillside and Visually Sensitive Area design guidelines (Section 26-73) that restrict homesites atop knolls and ridgelines, on slopes less than 25% grade, contouring of graded areas that are sensitive to existing terrain.

Additionally, the site is susceptible to landsliding and approximate locations of debris flow or landslide are shown on the tentative map. Construction downslope of such areas are restricted as recommended by the Geotechnical Report and mitigation measures.

The project meets the standards pertaining access to public roads or approved private roads and minimum buildable area. However, several lots are irregular in shape and exceed the 3:1 lot depth to width ratio. The unusual size and shape of the lots are justified due to the steep terrain and hillside topography of the site.

Street lighting is not proposed for the subdivision. Due to the rural location, street lighting for the subdivision is not necessary and in keeping with the rural character. Section 26-112.5 requires underground utility lines; however, electric power supply lines may be above ground due to the large size lots and underground electrical lines would be unreasonable costly.

The tentative map shows relocation of existing gate on Turkey Hollow Court and Cantelow Road for access to the Rural North Vacaville Water District Tank. According to G. Stanskowski, District General Manager, relocating the gate is not necessary and conditioning the project is not required.

<u>Domestic Water Supply</u>: The property is located within a groundwater scarce area. Public water

service by Rural North Vacaville Water District is proposed by the applicant/property owner to ensure adequate water supply. The property owner has 1 water right, purchased 2 water rights and reserved 16 water rights from the District through an agreement which will expire August 14, 2020. Evidence of water rights shall be provided to the Planning Services Division prior to final map recordation of each phase. Well water usage may be allowed on Lot 3, if the existing well passes the pump test. If the water test fails, Lot 3 shall be connected to public water.

<u>Septic System</u>: Site and Soil evaluation reports were submitted for the undeveloped lots and prior site and soil evaluations were prepared for the developed lots. The Environmental Health Services Division is satisfied that alternative septic systems will be required on the undeveloped lots. Compliance with Chapter 6.4 Sewage Standards of the County Code will reduce impacts to a less than significant impacts are anticipated.

#### F. Environmental Determination:

The Department of Resource Management has completed an environmental Initial Study for the project, which recommends that a Mitigated Negative Declaration be adopted. The Initial Study examines all of the potentially significant environmental effects of the project, and alternatives and/or mitigation measures to reduce or avoid those significant impacts. The Mitigated Negative Declaration concludes that there could be significant adverse environmental impacts in the areas of air quality, biological resources, cultural resources, geology and hazards, hydrology/water quality, water supply, noise, and public services, but mitigation measures are proposed to reduce the impacts to less than significant levels. All mitigation measures, including the monitoring responsibilities, have been incorporated into the project as recommended conditions of approval and in the mitigation monitoring plan. Each of the conditions has been listed under the County departments and other agencies responsible for their implementation.

The Mitigated Negative Declaration was released for the 30-day agency/public review, which began on December 24, 2019 and ended on January 27, 2020. The Planning Commission is requested to recommend the Board certify the Mitigated Negative Declaration as a complete, accurate, and objective analysis prior to taking action on the proposed project applications.

<u>Public comments received:</u> A letter opposing the project was received which indicated concerns regarding density, added traffic and accidents on to Gibson Canyon Road, water supply and preference for Exclusive Agriculture 20-acre or 40-acre zoning only. The comment letter is attached to the report.

#### G: RECOMMENDED FINDINGS:

- 1. The tentative map is consistent with the Solano County General Plan.
- a. The proposed subdivision is consistent with the Agriculture and proposed Rural Residential land use designations, which allow residential development on lots of the sizes proposed in the tentative map. The design of the subdivision allocates appropriate densities consistent with proposed land use designations. As conditioned, the proposed map is consistent with all applicable policies of the General Plan.
- b. The proposed development is in scale and harmonious with existing and future development adjacent to the site and in the vicinity, and with the land forms, natural features and vegetation in the vicinity of the site. The applicant proposes to develop the site as a residential subdivision that is compatible with the surrounding residential development.
- 2. The design and improvement of the proposed subdivision are consistent with the General Plan.
- a. The property is designated by the General Plan for

agricultural and rural residential development, which allows for single family residences and accessory uses. The design of the proposed subdivision, construction of new roads, provisions for domestic water supply and wastewater disposal, and the development density satisfy the intent of the General Plan.

- b. As proposed and conditioned, the design of the subdivision is in conformance with the provisions of Article VII (Design Requirements) of the Solano County Subdivision Ordinance.
- 3. The site is physically suitable for the proposed type of development.
- The project as proposed can accommodate the proposed home sites, particularly regarding roadway development, grading, building pad development and installation of on-site sewage disposal systems. Additionally, the site is located in a groundwater scarce area and public water is to be provided by the Rural North Vacaville Water District, which would ensure adequate domestic water supply for 19 homes.
- 4. The site is physically suitable for the proposed density of development.
- The project site can accommodate the proposed subdivision with 19 homes, resulting in a development density of one primary dwelling unit per 16.34 acres. The new parcels will utilize RNVWD water for domestic purposes. All residential parcels will utilize on-site sewage disposal systems meeting County standards. The new parcels meet the minimum lot size allowed by the proposed zoning.
- 5. The design of the subdivision will not cause substantial environmental damage or substantially injure fish or wildlife or their habitat.
- A Mitigated Negative Declaration was drafted and circulated for public review and comment. Mitigation measures recommended by the Mitigated Negative Declaration are implemented by and incorporated into Conditions of Approval attached hereto. With implementation of these recommended mitigation measures, the project will not cause significant adverse impacts to the environment.
- 6. The design of the subdivision will not cause serious public health problems.
- The project is a new subdivision with nineteen (19) residential lots and as proposed is in compliance with the General Plan and Zoning Regulations, as proposed to be amended, and the Subdivision Ordinance. The Mitigated Negative Declaration reviewed the project for possible health or environmental problems and with mitigation as proposed the project will not cause serious public health problems.
- 7. The design of the subdivision and the type of improvements will not conflict with any public easements.

The project as conditioned and evident on the Tentative Subdivision Map will not conflict with any public easements.

- 7. The proposed subdivision will not discharge waste into a community sewer system.
- 7. The property does not front on or along any public waterway, public river, public stream, coastline, shoreline, publicly owned lake or publicly owned reservoir.
- 7. No portion of the parent parcel is subject to a contract entered into pursuant to the California Land Conservation Act of 1965.
- 7. The proposed subdivision is consistent with the County Hazardous Waste Management Plan.

- The Solano County Hazardous Waste Management Plan has no provisions applicable to residential subdivisions.
- 7. The proposed subdivision is not located within a special studies zone established pursuant to the Alquist-Priolo Special Studies Zone Act.
- 7. The proposed subdivision comprises of steep topography and large lots; thereby, undergrounding of power lines would be unreasonably costly and not feasible. Overheard power lines are permitted for the subdivision.
- 7. The proposed subdivision is consistent with the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection's SRA Fire Safe Regulations.
- 7. Structural fire protection and suppression services will be available for the subdivision through the Vacaville Fire Protection District.
- 7. The Mitigated Negative Declaration prepared by the Department of Resource Management is adequate and complete. Implementation of the mitigation monitoring plan will minimize impacts to a less than significant level.

#### H. RECOMMENDED CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL:

#### General

- 1. Approval of this Tentative Map is contingent upon Board of Supervisor approval of General Plan Amendment Petition GP-18-01 and Rezoning Petition No. Z-18-01. Approval of the Tentative Map will not be effective until both General Plan amendment and zoning approvals become effective.
- 2. Pursuant to Section 26-98.1 of the Solano County Subdivision Ordinance, a Final Subdivision Map shall be recorded within twenty-four (24) months from the date of approval of the Tentative Subdivision Map. Failure to do so will result in the expiration of the approved Tentative Subdivision Map unless extended pursuant to Section 26-98.2 of the Solano County Subdivision Ordinance.
- 3. Phased final maps shall be permitted and shall be in substantial compliance with the phased Tentative Subdivision Map labeled "TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP - LANDS OF MORGAN," prepared by FCE Foulk Civil Engineering, with a date of December 18, 2019 and received by the Solano County Planning Division on December 20, 2018, except as modified herein.
- 4. The design of the subdivision and construction of subdivision improvements shall be substantially consistent with the following:
  - a) Tentative Subdivision Map (S-18-02), prepared by FCE Foulk Civil Engineering, December 18, 2019,
  - b) Water System Plan, prepared by FCE Foulk Civil Engineering, December 18, 2019 as modified herein,
  - c) Preliminary Detention Pond Plan, prepared by FCE Foulk Civil Engineering, December 18, 2019,
  - d) Geotechnical Report, prepared by KC Engineering Company, February 16, 2018
  - e) Biological Resources Study Report, prepared by LSA, February 2019,

- f) Cultural Resource Inventory Report, prepared by Solano Archeological Services, August 2018,
- g) These conditions of approval.
- 5. Prior to filing each Phased Final Map, provide evidence to the Planning Services Division that water rights from the Rural North Vacaville Water District are secured for each lot.
- 6. Prior to filing each Phased Final Map, obtain improvement plan approval from the Department of Resource Management and install public improvements such as drainage and erosion control, stormwater drainage improvements, public water supply infrastructure subject to the Rural North Vacaville Water District's approval, fire hydrants and gated or locked connections subject to the approval of the Vacaville Fire Protection District. The Subdivider shall incur the costs for improvement plan approval and installation of the improvements.
- 7. In order to maintain the rural character of the community, street lights are not permitted in this subdivision. Above ground electrical powerlines are permitted in this development.
- 8. The Final Map shall include a Supplemental Map Sheet that states: In order to protect the English Hills ridgeline and prevent excessive grading in the subdivision, siting of residences and accessory structures shall be consistent with the standards and design guidelines for Hillside and Visually Sensitive Areas, Section 26-73 of Chapter 26, Article VII of Solano County Code.

#### **Public Works Division**

- Grant the County access rights along Cantelow and Gibson Canyon Road, except for the driveways and private road access connections (Turkey Hollow Court and Gibson Canyon Court) as shown on the Tentative Map dated 12/18/2019.
- 10. Prior to the recordation of the Final Map or a First Phase Final Map, the Subdivider shall either construct public improvements or execute a Public Improvement Agreement with Solano County for the widening of Gibson Canyon Road from Cantelow Road to the southern subdivision limits. Deferral of the improvements in the Agreement will require that improvements be built within 3 years with bonding to cover the costs of the work if not completed within the terms. Gibson Canyon Road shall be constructed to provide four-foot (4') graded shoulder and drainage ditch realignment along the side of the Gibson Canyon Road that fronts the subdivision, in accordance with the Solano County Road Improvement and Land Development Requirements.
- 11. Prior to the recordation of each phased Final Map, the Subdivider shall construct private improvements including, but not limited to, construction of private roadways, street signs, roadside ditches and storm water detention ponds within the phase as shown on the Tentative Map dated 12/12/19. Private roadways shall be twenty feet (20') wide with a double chip seal surface and shall have four-foot (4') graded shoulders.
- 12. Public water lines and/or other underground utilities under roadways shall be constructed/installed prior to the final surfacing of the roads.
- 13. Subdivider shall apply for, secure and abide by the conditions of encroachment permits for all work within the Solano County rights-of-way including, but not limited to, access connections along Gibson Canyon Road and Cantelow Road, and Gibson Canyon Road shoulder improvements.
- 14. Subdivider shall apply for, secure and abide by the conditions of a grading permit for the construction of

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the private roads, ditches, detention ponds and access improvements as shown on the Tentative Map, as well as any onsite grading.

- 15. Prior to the filing of each phased Final Map, a road maintenance agreement(s) shall be recorded that requires participation from owners of all lots within the subdivision phase as shown on Tentative Map. The maintenance agreement(s) shall include all roadway improvements, culverts, drainage ditches and storm water detention ponds within the subdivision phase. The agreement(s) shall be submitted and approved by Public Works Engineering prior to recordation. The agreement(s) shall be noted in a supplemental sheet on the Final Map for the subdivision.
- 16. Prior to filing of the first Final Map, the Subdivider shall offer right-of-way as an easement to the County of Solano, free of encumbrances, necessary for a thirty-foot (30') right-of-way radius on the southwest corner at the intersection of Gibson Canyon Road and Cantelow Road.
- 17. Prior to filing of the first Final Map, the Subdivider shall offer right-of-way as an easement to the County of Solano, free of encumbrances, necessary to provide a thirty-five (35') foot right-of-way half-width on any side of the road that fronts the subdivision, for the full length of the property within the subdivision boundary along Gibson Canyon Road, Cantelow Road, and Steiger Hill Road.
- 18. A Final Map, as defined in the State Subdivision Map Act and prepared by a licensed surveyor or civil engineer, showing all easements and parcels shall be filed with the Solano County Surveyor for each phase of the subdivision.
- 19. The Private Road Easements shown on the Tentative Map shall be widened as necessary to contain the road base, all cuts and fills, and the required roadside drainage.
- 20. The Final Map for each phase shall include supplemental map sheets that state: The property is subject to payment of the English Hills Transportation Impact Fee, Vacaville Unified School District Impact Fee and Vacaville Fire Protection District Impact Fee in accordance to Chapter 11, Solano County Code, prior to issuance of building permits.

#### **Rural North Vacaville Water District (District)**

- 21. The Subdivider has signed a Rural North Vacaville Water District Work Order for processing the subdivision map. The work order is the mechanism to which all fees and charges associated with District staff time and/or materials will be charged for reimbursement from the landowner(s). Prior to review of the improvement plans for each phase, the Subdivider must pay a plan review deposit to be determined by the Rural North Vacaville Water District. It is estimated that the plan review deposit will be \$300 per connection. The deposit will be due for the total number of planned connections and submitted with the approved Work Order.
  - a. Prior to approval of the improvement plans for each phase, the Subdivider must pay an inspection deposit for 7% of the Engineer's estimate.
- 22. Prior to approval of improvement plans for each phase, the Subdivider shall supply the following Bonds:
  - a. Performance Bond for 110% of the Engineer's estimate for the necessary water system improvements.
  - b. Maintenance Bond for 50% of the Engineer's estimate for the required warranty period of the new facilities.
- 23. The Subdivider shall secure Rural North Vacaville Water District review and approval of improvement

#### plans shall for each phase:

- a. The drainage along Turkey Hollow Court and the detention pond shall be designed to handle overflow from Tank 3 (Lot 8). The maximum flow is 700 gallons per minute, and may take four (4) hours to shut down. Developer shall connect existing tank overflow to the new drainage system.
- b. The Subdivider must have its Engineer design the necessary system improvements to accommodate service to each newly created parcel. The design shall include, but is not limited to, new services, new water mains, upgrades of existing water mains, and/or upgrades to the District's pumping and storage facilities.
- c. The Subdivider shall construct a new water service, including extending water mains, construct water service lateral(s), and setting meter boxes to each of the newly created parcels for each phase of the subdivision.
- d. Water services shall be connected to water mains adjacent to property. Extending water services through neighboring properties will not be allowed. Revise the Water System Plan so that water service for lot 10 should come off Cantelow Road, not run through lot 9.
- e. All new water mains shall be located within minimum 20-foot wide easements and depicted on each phase Final Map.
- f. All new water mains serving fire hydrants within Gibson Canyon Court shall be minimum 8" diameter.
- g. All water services shall be equipped with reduced pressure principal backflow preventers and pressure regulating valves.
- h. For any work proposed in existing high voltage electric power easement (between lots 4 and 5), Subdivider shall submit copy of approval to work within said easement prior to approval of Improvement Plans. Any appurtenances within the PG&E high voltage power easement shall have separate grounding rods.
- i. Fire flow shall meet Vacaville Fire Protection District requirements.
- j. Subdivider shall submit to the District two (2) full size sets of improvement plans, and one electronic copy (PDF) for each review.
- 24. Rural North Vacaville Water District requirements regarding the Final Map:
  - a. Each phased Final Map shall include the Rural North Vacaville Water District's Statement for District approval.
  - b. Prior to recordation of the First Phase Final Map, where existing water facility easements are tied only to the pipeline (through lots 6, 7, 8, and 9) or do not exist (through lots 4 and 5), the Subdivider shall retain an underground facility locator to locate the water mains. Water mains shall be surveyed and new plat maps and legal descriptions that tie the easement to property boundaries shall be prepared and recorded as "amended accurate" or new easements as necessary to cover all existing water mains within the Project.
  - c. Prior to recordation of the First Phase Final Map the Subdivider shall prepare plat maps and legal descriptions for the for Tank 3 Site and Access Road easements in which the access

easement is contiguous with proposed private road easement and the existing north and west lines of the tank site remain the same and the south and east lines are contiguous with the proposed road easement. This easement shall be recorded as "amended accurate" Tank Site Station 3 easement.

- d. Prior to recordation of the phased Final Map (Phase 3), a drainage easement shall be provided to accommodate the drainage system designed to handle overflow from Tank 3 as detailed in COA no. 22 (c).
- e. No fences or other permanent or semi-permanent facilities shall be constructed in water facility easements.
- 25. Rural North Vacaville Water District requirements regarding construction for each phase of the subdivision:
  - a. All improvements shall be constructed by the Subdivider and inspected by the District at the Subdivider's expense.
  - b. The Subdivider shall secure a District Encroachment Permit prior to beginning any construction activities.
  - c. The Subdivider shall secure a Solano County Encroachment Permit prior to working on any District facilities in existing County right-of-way.
  - d. After approval of all plans and prior to construction, the Subdivider's engineer shall provide the District with two (2) full sized improvement plan sets, and one (1) PDF copy of the plan sets.
  - e. A preconstruction field meeting must be held with the Subdivider, the Subdivider's contractor, and District staff prior to beginning any construction.
  - f. The Subdivider shall submit material specification sheets for all materials required for the proposed improvements. The District must review and approve the material submittals prior to material procurement.
  - g. The District will furnish, at the Subdivider's expense, the meter, pressure regulating valve, and backflow prevention device to be installed by the Subdivider.
- 26. All costs for project administration, design, review, construction, inspection, and other work related to the project shall at the Subdivider's expense.
- 27. Prior to approval of any plans or maps, the Subdivider must be paid current on all accounts and assessments.
- 28. District GIS files will be updated accordingly, by the District, and at the Subdivider's expense.
- 29. Electronic AutoCAD files are required upon the completion of the project showing "as-builts" for electronic archiving.

#### **Environmental Health Division**

30. Each of the undeveloped parcels shall have a declaration recorded with the phased Final Map, stating the soil testing to date will require the use of engineered, alternative type on-site sewage disposal systems, for each of the proposed parcels. Such systems must be operated, monitored, and maintained

in accordance with Solano County Code, Chapter 6.4 Sewage Disposal Standards.

#### **Vacaville Fire Protection District (VFPD)**

- 31. Prior to recordation of each phased Final Map, Subdivider shall provide to the Solano County Department of Resource Management written verification from the Vacaville Fire Protection District that all required improvements have been installed pursuant to the Fire District's requirements.
- 32. Prior to recordation of each phased Final Map, the Subdivider shall comply with the following:
  - a. All roads **shall be built and maintained to Public Road Standards** as specified in the "Subdivision Ordinance". Sec. 26-75.2
    - i. All roads and driveways shall be constructed prior to the issuance of any building permit. Section 8704.2, California Fire Code (CFC)
    - ii. If the interior roads are not publicly maintained, a road maintenance agreement that requires all lot owners in the subdivision to participate in the maintenance of the private roads shall be recorded. The maintenance agreement, which shall include a long-term maintenance program, funding mechanism, and budget, shall be approved by Public Works Engineering prior to recordation of the Final Map. The maintenance agreement shall be incorporated into the project CC&Rs or a separately recorded road maintenance agreement prior to recordation of the Final Map.
    - iii. Cul-de-Sac Wherever a dead-end road is permitted, an adequate turning area shall be provided. Sec 1-2.10 Road Improvement Standards and Land Development & Subdivision Requirements.
- 33. Prior to the issuance of the first building permit for the project, the Subdivider shall have completed all of the required improvements and road construction.
- 34. Street or road signs shall be identified with approved signs. 505.2 CFC
- 35. Vacaville Fire Protection District requirements regarding driveways:
  - a) Fire apparatus access shall be provided and maintained in accordance with the provisions of the California Fire Code (CFC) as adopted by the Vacaville Fire Protection District.
  - b) To provide year-round, all weather access for heavy fire engines and other emergency equipment to residential building sites that are not covered in the Solano County Road and Street Standards, these minimum access road specifications shall apply:
    - i. Plans for access shall be submitted to the District for review and approval prior to construction.
    - ii. Driveways shall extend from each building site to a public or private roadway and shall have an unobstructed width of not less than 20 feet (6096 mm) with suitable base material.
    - iii. The maximum gradient is 16 percent. 503.2.7 CFC
    - iv. Surface designed and maintained to support a 75,000 lb. Load.
    - v. Driveways exceeding 150 feet in length, but less than 800 feet in length, shall provide a turnout near the midpoint of the driveway. Where the driveway exceeds 800 feet, turnouts shall be

provided no more than 400 feet apart.

- vi. Turnouts shall be a minimum of 12 feet wide and 30 feet long with a minimum 25-foot taper on each end.
- vii. Minimum centerline curve radius of 40 feet.
- viii. Necessary drainage improvements.
- ix. Turn-around facilities shall be provided at all building sites on driveways over 300 feet in length and shall be within 50 feet of the building. The minimum turning radius for a turnaround shall be 40 feet from the center line of the road. If hammerhead/T is used, the top of the "T" shall be a minimum of 60 feet in length.
- x. Any required culverts or bridges shall have a minimum load carrying capacity of 75, 000 lb. and certified by an engineer. Vehicle load limits shall be posted at both entrances to bridges.
- xi. Overhead clearance of limbs, trees etc. shall be a minimum of 15 feet. Title 14 CCR Div. 1.5, Chapter 7, Subchapter 2, Articles 1-5
- 36. Vacaville Fire Protection District requirements regarding fire hydrants: Residences shall be no more than 1000 road feet from a fire hydrant. Hydrants shall be of approved type and contain two 2 ½" and one 4 ½' NHS external thread outlets.
  - a. Fire hydrants shall be installed and operational prior to the issuance of any building permit. 8704.3 CFC
  - b. Hydrant fire flow shall conform to Fire District standards.
  - c. Fire hydrants shall be clearly identified in an approved manner to prevent obstruction by parking and other obstructions. 901.4.3 CFC.
  - d. Fire hydrants shall be identified by the installation of blue reflective markers located in the center of the roadway. 901.4.3 CFC
  - e. Fire hydrants subject to possible vehicular damage shall be adequately protected with guard posts in accordance with Section 8001.11.3 CFC
  - f. A 3-foot (914.4 mm) clear space shall be maintained around the circumference of fire hydrants. 1001.7.2 CFC
  - g. The center of a hose outlet shall not be less than 18 in. (457 mm) above final grade. NFPA 24

#### **Environmental Mitigation Measures**

- 33. **Air Quality (MM AQ-1)** Prior to issuance of a grading/improvement plan permit, the Subdivider shall require its construction contractor to prepare and implement a Dust Control and Construction Exhaust Mitigation Plan subject to the satisfaction of the Public Works Division and Yolo Solano Air Quality Management District.
- 34. **Biological Resources (MM Bio-1, American Badger) -** Prior to issuance of a grading/improvement plan permit, the Subdivider, shall hire a qualified biologist to survey the areas for development for the

presence of the American Badger and develop a monitoring plan to keep the badgers out of the area during construction activities involving roads, driveways, residences or accessory structures including swimming pools. The survey shall be conducted no more than 30 days prior to construction. The biologist report and monitoring plan shall be submitted to the Department of Resource Management prior to issuance of a grading permit or building permit.

- 35. Biological Resources (MM Bio 2, Burrowing Owls) Prior to issuance of grading/improvement plan permit, pre-construction burrowing owl surveys shall be conducted in all areas that may provide suitable nesting habitat according to the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) (1995) guidelines, shall be implemented by the Subdivider or individual lot owners, prior to construction. Pre-construction burrowing owl surveys shall be conducted in all areas that may provide suitable nesting habitat according to CDFW (1995) guidelines.
  - i. No more than 30 days before construction, a habitat survey including documentation of burrows and burrowing owls shall be conducted by a qualified wildlife biologist within 500 feet of the construction area in areas suitable for burrowing owls.
  - ii. The survey shall conform to the protocol described by the California Burrowing Owl Consortium, which includes up to four surveys on different dates if there are suitable burrows present. The CDFW shall be consulted by the Subdivider prior to survey initiation to ensure the most current pre-construction survey methodologies are utilized.
  - iii. The CDFW defines impacts as disturbance within approximately 160 feet of occupied burrows during the non-breeding season of September 1 through January 31, or within approximately 250 feet during the breeding season of February 1 through August 31. Even when these buffer distances are maintained, the alteration of breeding and behavioral patterns of burrowing owls during construction activities shall be considered adverse disturbance to the owls, as determined by the Subdivider.
  - iv. The Subdivider shall avoid disturbing active burrowing owl nests and occupied nesting burrows and shall implement standard CDFW mitigation guidelines.
  - v. If, as determined by the qualified wildlife biologist, construction activities will not adversely affect occupied burrows or disrupt breeding behavior, construction may proceed without any restriction or mitigation measures for burrowing owls.
  - vi. If, as determined by the qualified wildlife biologist, in consultation with CDFW, construction could adversely affect occupied burrows during the September 1 through January 31 non-breeding season, the subject owls may be passively relocated from the occupied burrow(s) using one-way doors, according to CDFW guidelines, using the following measures:
  - vi. There shall be at least two unoccupied burrows suitable for burrowing owl within 300 feet of the occupied burrow before one-way doors are installed in the occupied burrow.
  - vii. The unoccupied burrows shall also be located at least 160 feet from construction activities and can be natural burrows or artificial burrows constructed according to current design specifications.
  - viii. If artificial burrows are created, these burrows shall be in place at least 1 week before one-way doors are installed on the currently occupied burrows.
  - ix. One-way doors must be in place for a minimum of 48 hours to ensure that owls have left the

burrow before the burrow is excavated.

- x. Mitigation for the loss of occupied habitat shall be based upon the recommendations of the qualified biologist in consultation with CDFW.
- 36. **Biological Resources (MM Bio 3, Western Pond Turtle) -** Prior to issuance of grading/improvement plan permit and no more than 30 days prior to construction, a qualified biologist shall conduct surveys for western pond turtles within the creeks or ponds. If nests or active basking sites are found, then the biologist shall implement a plan to relocate or protect the species, in consultation with California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW). The biologist shall also conduct on-site training to the construction foreman and construction workers to educate them on identifying this species of turtle and location of potential basking, nesting and/or estivation sites that may be present during construction.

#### 37. Biological Resources (MM Bio - 4, Swainson Hawk & Preconstruction Foraging Habitat)

- A. Prior to recordation of the First phased Final Map, the Subdivider shall compensate for the loss of 4.8 acres of Swainson Hawk of foraging habitat at a ratio of 1:1 (1 acre for every 1 acre removed).
- B. Mitigation may be in the form of fee-title or a conservation easement or credits, held by a non-profit land management organization, on lands containing suitable Swainson's hawk foraging habitat and as approved by the CDFW in Solano County. The purchase of Swainson's Hawk mitigation credits at a mitigation bank or conservation area located in Solano County is acceptable.

#### 38. Biological Resources (MM Bio - 5, Avoidance of avian nests and protected avian species):

- A. If construction activities are scheduled to occur during the breeding season (February 1- August 31), a qualified wildlife biologist shall conduct pre-construction surveys of all potential suitable nesting habitat within 0.5 miles of active construction areas, including trees, shrubs, grassland and wetland vegetation. The qualified wildlife biologist shall determine the timing of the preconstruction surveys based upon the time of year and habitats that are present. The qualified wildlife biologist shall conduct surveys no more than 30 days prior to construction.
- B. If active nests are found, maintain a no disturbance buffer zone around the active nests during the breeding season or until it is determined that the young have fledged. The no disturbance buffer zone from active Swainson Hawk nest(s) or any protected avian specie shall be 0.5 miles or as may otherwise be determined by the Planning Services Division, Department of Resource Management, in consultation with a qualified biologist, United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and CDFW as appropriate.
- 39. Biological Resources (MM Bio 6, Special Status Plants) Prior to issuance of grading/improvement plan permit, survey the site for special status plant species. The survey area should include staging areas, roadways (internal access and driveways), ponds and drainage corridors. A qualified biologist shall time the survey appropriately and submit a report to the Department of Resource Management. Special status plants shall be avoided and if removed or harmed, the qualified biologist shall recommend on-site mitigation measures.

#### 40. Biological Resources (MM Bio- 7, Aquatic Resource/Potential waters of the USA)

A. Prior to the issuance of any grading/improvement plan permit, obtain and comply with all necessary Clean Water Act 404 (United States Army Corp of Engineers), 401 (California Regional Water Quality Control Board) and California Fish and Game Section 1600 permits in advance of project construction. Submit evidence of final verification from the Army Corp of Engineers of the preliminary jurisdictional

delineation to the Department of Resource Management.

- B. Avoid any impacts or loss to an aquatic resource/potential waters of the United States (seasonal wetlands or seasonal swale) by either:
  - i. Relocate Gibson Canyon Court, detention ponds, driveways, primary and accessory structures or septic systems/leachfields on the subject property, to avoid any alteration of an aquatic resource, or
  - ii. Compensate by purchasing wetland mitigation credit created for the permanent impacts related to the construction of Gibson Canyon Court, detention ponds as shown on the tentative subdivision map. The actual acreage shall be determined in consultation with the Army Corp of Engineers. The Subdivider shall submit evidence in the form of a sales agreement or receipt, of the purchase, prior to issuance of a grading/improvement plan and recordation of the phased Final Map.
- C. Construction staging areas shall be located 100 feet from any jurisdictional waters of the USA.
- D. Identify all aquatic resource and the 100-foot setback from the aquatic resource on the grading & improvement plans.
- E. Prior to construction activity or ground disturbance, stake or flag the boundaries of the seasonal and non-seasonal wetlands, and tributaries, as areas to be avoided. Exclusion flagging and signs that can be read 20 feet away shall be placed 100 feet away, to indicate clearly where areas must be avoided by construction activities. This task shall be under the direct supervision of a qualified biologist with 6 years of field experience.
- F. Record a declaration on the phased Final Map that each individual lot owner shall be responsible for implementing mitigation measure Bio 7 C, D, and E, prior to issuance of any grading/improvement plan or building permit for construction of the driveways leading to the primary or accessory residence, and/or any accessory structures.
- 41. **Biological Resources (MM Bio- 8, Riparian Corridor) -** In order to protect the riparian corridor and the tributaries, delineate on the phased Final Map a 100-foot wide setback, measured from the centerline of the tributaries or creek. Development including any structures, sewage disposal areas, swimming pool, residences, patio or driveways, shall be prohibited within the setback.
- 42. **Biological Resources (MM Bio-9, Wildlife Migration) -** In order to allow wildlife migration and improve passage, record on the phased Final Map that perimeter fencing between the lots and along the drainage corridor English Creek and Gibson Canyon Creek, shall not harm wildlife or preclude passage. Solid fencing, barb wire or other sharp material are prohibited. Fencing shall be open and made of materials that do not harm wildlife.
- 43. Biological Resources (MM Bio-10, Oaks/Riparian Vegetation)
  - A. In order to protect and preserve Oak Woodlands and Heritage trees, prior to issuance of a grading permit/improvement plans or recordation of each phased Final Map, Subdivider shall comply with the following:
  - i. Prior to improvement plan approval for Lot 9 and 10, hire a qualified and certified Arborist to prepare a tree inventory/resources report. Identify all Oak species 6"dbh or greater, on the

grading/improvement plan to be retained or removed. Identify heritage trees on the plans. Consistent with General Plan policy RS. I-3, heritage trees are defined as (a) trees with a trunk diameter of 15 inches or more measured at 54 inches above natural grade, (b) any oak tree native to California with a diameter of 10 inches above natural grade, or (c) any tree or group of trees special significance in consultation with the Department of Resource Management. The Arborist shall recommend and monitor specific measures to protect Oak trees 6" dbh or greater or heritage trees from construction impacts. If Oak trees or heritage trees are not identified by the Arborist, then Mitigation Measure Bio-10 shall not apply.

ii. Any loss of oak trees 6 inches or greater dbh shall be compensated on site subject to a mitigation and replanting plan prepared by the certified Arborist. Compensation shall be with inkind species at ratio of recommended by the Arborist in consultation with the Department of Resource Management. The replanting shall be on-site and a landscape plan with irrigation shall be submitted to the Planning Services Division for review and approval.

#### 44. Cultural Resources (CR-1, Cultural Resources)

- A. Prior to issuance of grading permit/improvement plan approval, a qualified archeologist shall provide training to the construction personnel and periodic construction monitoring to identify artifacts.
- B. Prior to improvement plan approval/grading permit Lot 5, for any ground disturbances within 50 feet of the western portion of P-47-000167, a qualified archeologist shall conduct archeological testing and evaluation to properly assess the resource for CRHR eligibility criteria.
- C. Prior to issuance of building permit for modifications to the residence (SAS-004) at 4142 Cantelow Road/APN 0105170150), a researcher meeting the federal Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualifications Standards in history/architectural history shall conduct a California Register of Historic Resources evaluation of the structure.
- D. In the event that presently undocumented buried archeological deposits are encountered during any Project-associated construction activity, work must cease within 50-foot radius of the discovery. A qualified archeologist must be retained to document the discovery, assess its significance, and recommend treatment. If human remains or any associated funerary artifacts are discovered during construction, all work must cease within the immediate vicinity of the discovery. In accordance with the California Health and Safety Code (Section 7050.5), the Solano County Sheriff/Coroner must be contacted immediately. If the Coroner determines the remains to be Native American, the Coroner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission which will in turn appoint a Most Likely Descendent (MLD) to act as a Tribal Representative. The MLD will work with the Subdivider and a qualified archeologist to determine the proper treatment of the human remains and associated funerary objects. Construction activities will not resume until either the human remains are exhumed, or the remains are avoided via project construction design change.

#### 45, Geology/Hazards (MM Geo-1):

- A. In order to protect property and persons from future landslides, delineate areas of debris flow or earthflow landslide identified by the Geotechnical Report prepared by KC Engineering Company, dated February 16, 2018, on each phased Final Map. Placement of structures (primary or accessory structures including swimming pools) and driveways shall not be located in the downslope of the currently mapped shallow land sliding, as recommended by the Geotechnical Report.
- B. In order to protect property and persons from the susceptibility of soil erosion and landslide

susceptibility, record on each phased Final Map that grading on slopes of 25% or greater at natural grade shall be prohibited. Grading of roadway or driveway grading shall follow the natural topography. Cut and fill will require erosion control measures subject to the approval of the Public Works Division, Department of Resource Management prior to issuance of a grading/improvement plan or building permit permit.

C. Prior to issuance of building permits or grading permits for primary or accessory structures including swimming pool and driveways, parcel specific geotechnical recommendations shall be prepared by a Geotechnical Engineer licensed in California, and submitted to the Building Division for approval.

#### 46. Stormwater run-off (MM HYDRO-1):

- A. A storm water maintenance program for detention basins and drainage facilities shall be included in a Road Improvement Maintenance Agreement recorded on each lot within the subdivision. Responsibility for maintenance of storm water facilities shall reside with the property owner on which the storm water facility is located. Said facilities shall be periodically inspected to the satisfaction of Public Works Engineering. The Subdivider shall demonstrate, to the satisfaction of Public Works Engineering, that contractual agreements have been reached with all affected parties to implement said inspection prior to the performance of any grading work associated with the subdivision.
- B. Prior to issuance of a grading/improvement plan, the Subdivider shall develop a storm water maintenance program to the satisfaction of Solano County Public Works Engineering that shall include, at a minimum, the following requirements:
  - i. Periodic cleaning of the drainages, culverts, detention basins and related facilities.
  - ii. Periodic maintenance of the embankments, spillways and piping.
  - iii. Contingencies for anticipated and unexpected repair and/or replacement of the above as applicable.
  - iv. Annual inspections by an independent engineer of the detention basins, embankments and spillways to verify that the facilities are in sound condition. A copy of the annual inspection report shall be furnished to Public Works Engineering upon completion.
- C. Subdivider or property owner must obtain a grading permit from Solano County Public Works Engineering prior to performance of any grading work associated with the subdivision improvements or individual lot improvements.
- D. Prior to recordation of each phased Final Map, Subdivider shall complete all storm water detention and discharge improvements relating to the phased development, subject to the final approval of Public Works Engineering.
- E. All watercourses where flows will be increased at final build out must have controls installed to retain sediment or restrict flows to predevelopment levels.
- F. All detention ponds must be maintained with emergency overflows that are lined with non-erosive materials.

#### 47. Water Supply (MM WS-1):

A. Prior to recordation of the Final Map for Phase 2, submit updated water quantity test results to the

#### File #: PC 20-007, Version: 1

Environmental Health Division which demonstrates that ample water for domestic purposes is available for Lot 3, pursuant to Section 26-80 of the County Code. A minimum yield of 3 gallons per minute shall be deemed acceptable for domestic use provided that a note is included on the Final Map or parcel map that at least 500 gallons of water storage capacity will be required at the time of lot development. A yield of five gallons per minute shall be deemed acceptable for residential development with no additional storage requirements for drinking water supplies; however, additional storage may be required to meet the current fire code. If the water test fails, installation of public water service and connection is required for Lot 3. The recorded map shall indicate whether Lot 3 may be served by public water or well water service.

- B. Prior to the recordation of each phased Final Map, complete all engineering and construction related to the public water system, according to the terms of agreement with the Rural North Vacaville Water District, in compliance with the rules and regulations of the Rural North Vacaville District. Submit evidence to the Department of Resource Management that the engineering plans and necessary infrastructure installation is complete to the satisfaction of the Rural North Vacaville Water District.
- **48. Noise (MM Noise 1) -** Construction shall only occur during the hours of 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday; and 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. on Saturdays, and no work should occur on Sundays and Federal holidays.
- **49. Public Services (MM PS-1) -** Prior to each phased Final Map recordation, install the fire hydrants and necessary infrastructure required by the Vacaville Fire Protection District. Submit evidence to the Department of Resource Management that installation of the infrastructure is completed to the satisfaction of the Vacaville Fire Protection District.

#### ATTACHMENTS:

Exhibit A - Project Location Map

Exhibit B - General Plan Amendment and Rezone

Exhibit C - Tentative Subdivision Map

Exhibit D - Proposed Development Table by Phase & General Plan & Zoning

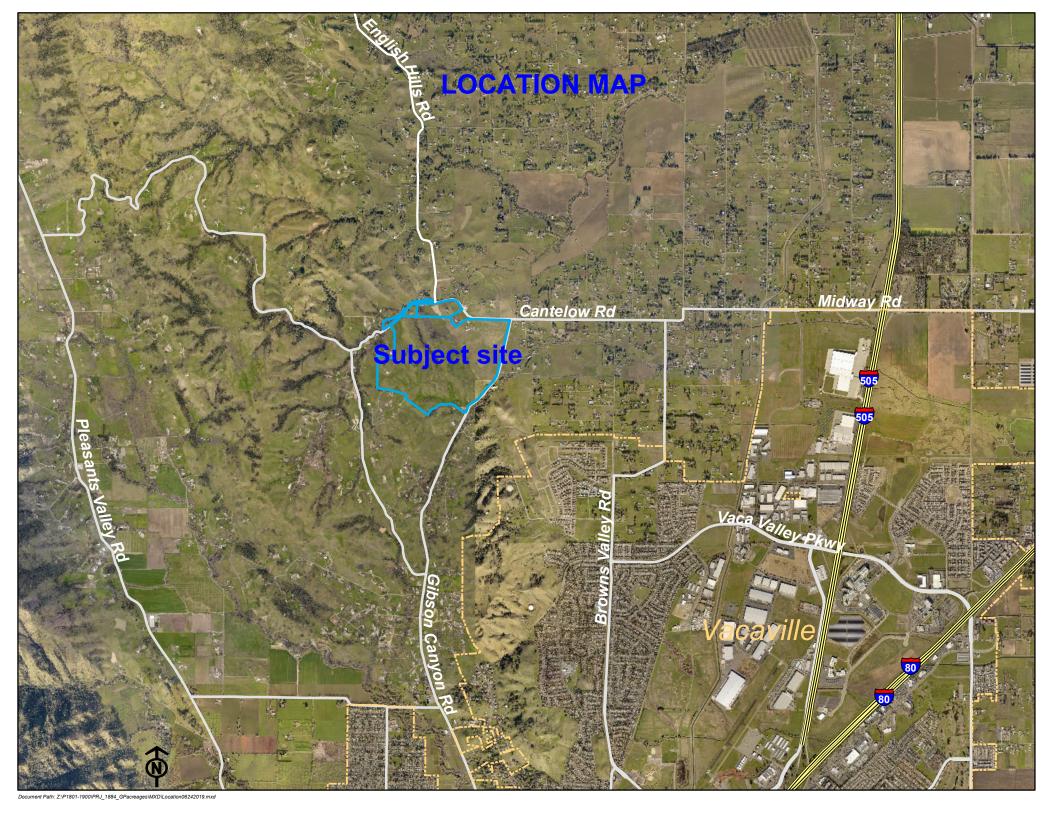
Exhibit E - Draft Resolution - General Plan amendment and Rezone

Exhibit F - Initial Study/Mitigated Negative Declaration

Exhibit G - Comments and Letters

Exhibit H - Water System Plan

Exhibit I - Preliminary Detention Pond Plan



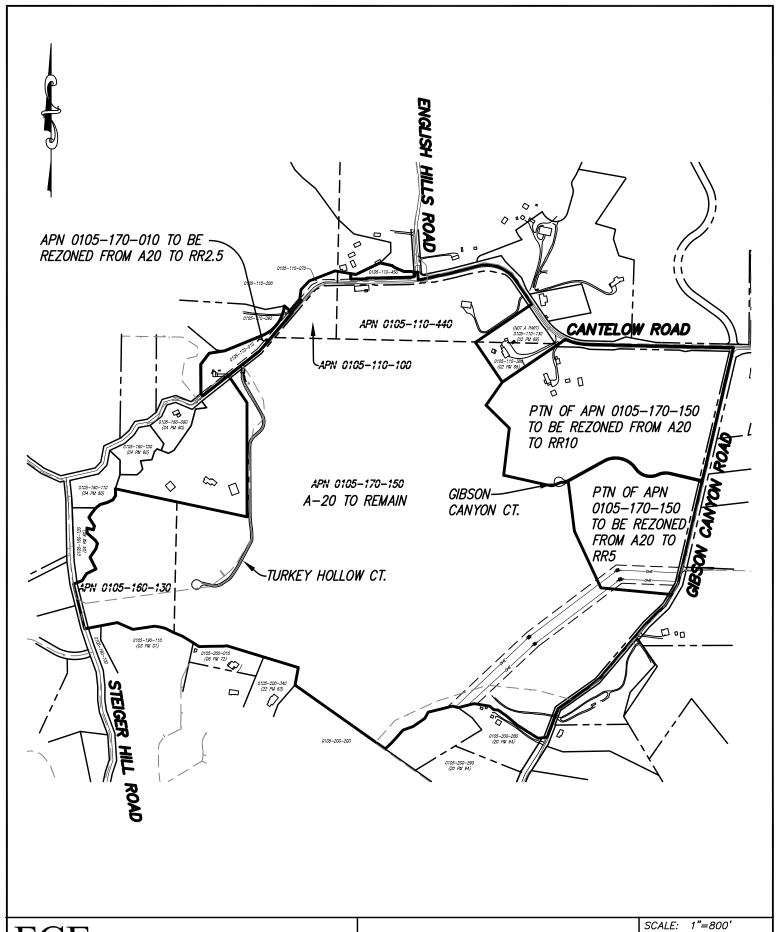
#### **CURRENT GENERAL PLAN LAND USE DESIGNATIONS**

# Contacts for the contact of the cont

#### PROPOSED GENERAL PLAN LAND USE DESIGNATIONS



Current GP Land Use Designation	Acres	Proposed Land Use Designation	Acres
Specific Project Area	65.8	Rural Residential	64.1
Specific Project Area	22.73	Agriculture	24.43
	88.53		88.53
Rural Residential	18.2	Agriculture	18.2
Rural Residential	2.9	Rural Residential	2.9
Agriculture	200.87	Agriculture	200.87
	310.5		310.5
		Total Proposed	
		Rural Residential	67
		Agriculture	243.5
			310.5



FCE

FOULK CIVIL ENGINEERING, INC.

Civil Engineering Land Surveying Planning
4777 Mangels Boulevard, Fairfield, CA 94534
(707)864-0784 fax (707)864-0793 e-mail: foulkce@gmail.com

REZONING EXHIBIT LANDS OF MORGAN SOLANO COUNTY SCALE: 1"=800'

DATE: 12/18/19

DWG: 07-045

JOB NO: 07-045

DRAWN BY: AJH/NRF

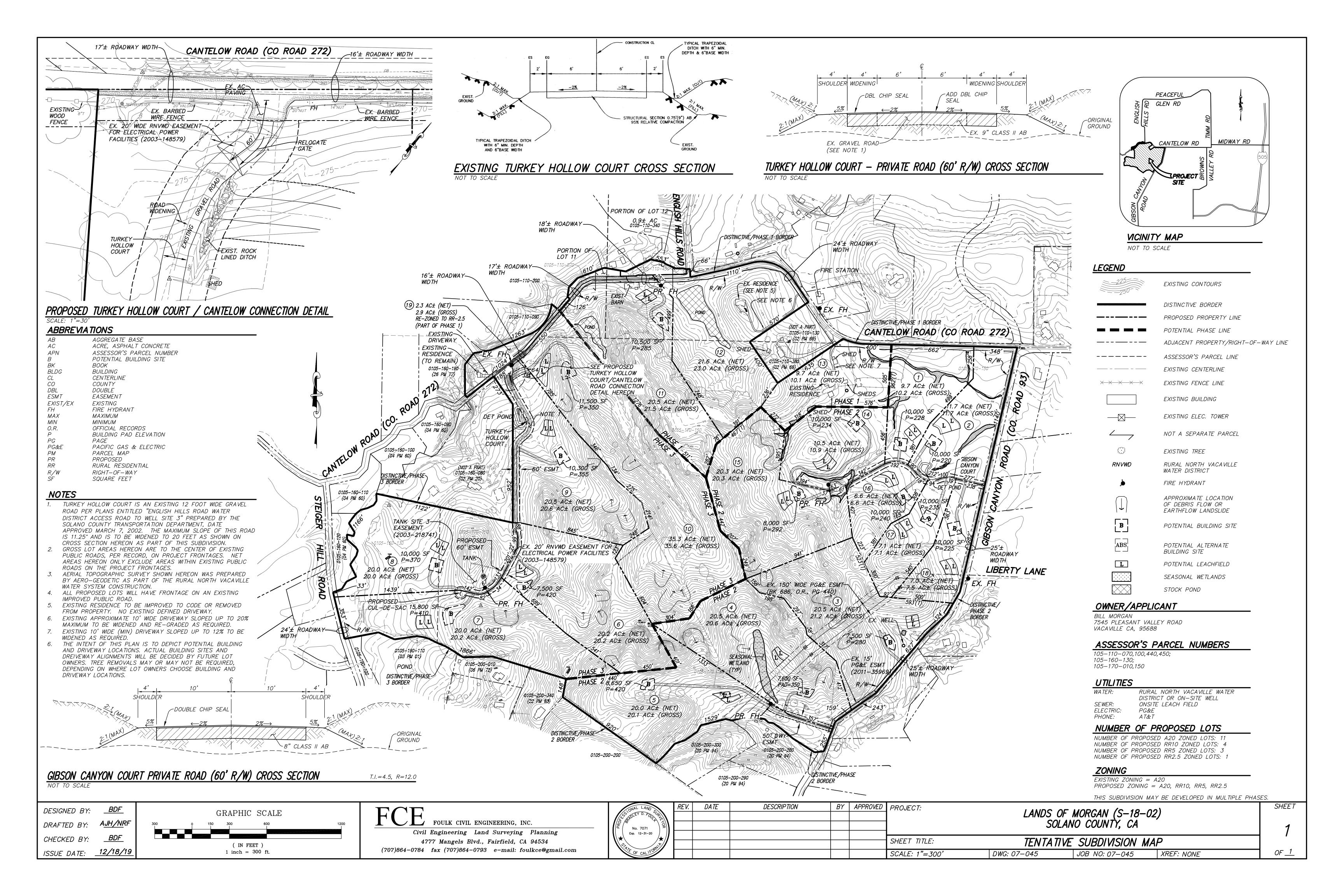
CHECKED BY: BDF

Table LU-5
General Plan Land Use Designations

	General Plan Land Use Designations
Designation and Density or Intensity	Description
,	c) Water-using facilities – Power plants and desalinization plants requiring large quantities of water for intake and waste assimilation;
	<ul> <li>d) Support facilities – Uses in addition to those described above which are required to support the operation of a permitted waterfront use; and</li> </ul>
	e) Associated manufacturing or processing uses – Those uses which must be in proximity to a demonstrated water-dependent manufacturing or processing use.
	Industrial development shall be located and developed in a manner that protects significant marshland and wetland habitats and the water quality of the area. Wetland resources may be enhanced or restored, provided that the viability of the site for industrial development is preserved.
UI Urban Industrial 0–0.3 FAR	Provides for industrial areas within cities' municipal service areas. Uses include both limited and general industrial uses.
	The densities provided to the left are approximate ranges found within Solano County city general plans. Refer to the appropriate city general plan for specific applicable industrial designations and FAR ranges.
Special Purpose	
JSA Joint Study Area  Density and intensity to be	The Joint Study Area designation is applied to specific properties within a city's urban growth boundary or planning area. Future development of these properties would occur through city annexation dependent upon an update to the city general plan and amendment to LAFCO's sphere of influence.
determined	The Joint Study Area designation applied to the Highway Commercial designation at I-80 / Cherry Glen Road shall be subject to the City of Vacaville completing a General Plan update to include this property by December 31, 2011. If the General Plan update is not completed by December 31, 2011, development of the property may occur through County approval subject to Gateway Design Standards.
SP Specific Project Area Density and intensity vary by project area	Provides for future development after adoption of a specific plan, policy plan, or completion of special plans and studies. This designation is applied to areas where future development and conservation objectives have not been fully defined and will be subject to future planning studies. Planned densities and intensities for each area are assumed for purposes of evaluating the environmental impacts associated with future

Table LU-5
General Plan Land Use Designations

	General Plan Land Use Designations				
Designation and Density or Intensity	Description				
	development of these areas pursuant to implementation of the General Plan.  The following areas are identified as Specific Project Areas on the land use diagram:  Middle Green Valley – Uses consistent with Residential, Natural Resource, or Agricultural designations. Specific Plan required.  Lambie Industrial Park – Uses consistent with the General Industrial designation. Specific Plan required.  North Vacaville Limited Industrial Area – Uses consistent with the Limited Industrial designation. This area is intended to accommodate large-scale users that cannot be accommodated in city industrial areas and other uses that may not be compatible with city industrial areas. Specific Plan or Policy Plan Overlay required.  Pippo Ranch southwest of the Intersection of Gibson Canyon and Cantelow Roads – Rural Residential. Any future subdivision shall be subject to completion of a master circulation plan and master water service plan based on the				
UPA Urban Project Area  Density and intensity vary by project area	development of the property for rural residential use.  Reflects city-designated master plan, specific plan, or other future plan areas. This designation is applied to these areas to reflect the current city designation for this area. Once specific land uses have been applied to these areas by the cities, the County will amend the General Plan to reflect such changes.  These areas include:  Rio Vista Army Base Reuse Area  Rio Vista Study Area				
Overlays  VFS  Vacaville- Fairfield-Solano Greenbelt Overlay	Fairfield Train Station Area     Fairfield Nelson Hill  Identifies the area of Solano County subject to the Vacaville-Fairfield-Solano Greenbelt Authority agreement. This overlay identifies the area between Vacaville and Fairfield to provide a permanent separation between the urban areas of Fairfield and Vacaville and maintain the				
Fairfield-Solano Greenbelt	This overlay identifies th Fairfield to provide a pe				



# LANDS OF MORGAN PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT PHASING TABLE

Phase	Lot Number	Acres	General Plan Land Use Designation	Zone
1	11	21.5	Agriculture	A-20
1	12	23.0	Agriculture	A-20
1	13	10.1	Rural Residential 1-10 acres/unit	RR-10
			Rural Residential	
1	19	2.9	1-10 acres/unit	RR-2.5

#### PHASE I – TOTAL LOTS = 4; TOTAL ACREAGE = 57.5 acres

		40.0	Rural Residential	55.40
2	1	10.2	1-10 acres/unit	RR-10
			Rural Residential	
2	2	11.7	1-10 acres/unit	RR-10
2	3	21.2	Agriculture	A-20
2	4	20.6	Agriculture	A-20
2	5	20.1	Agriculture	A-20
			Rural Residential	
2	14	10.9	1-10 acres/unit	RR-10
2	15	20.3	Agriculture	A-20
			Rural Residential	
2	16	6.6	1-10 acres/unit	RR-5
			Rural Residential	
2	17	7.1	1-10 acres/unit	RR-5
			Rural Residential	
2	18	7.5	1-10 acres/unit	RR-5

#### PHASE 2 – TOTAL LOTS = 10; TOTAL ACREAGE = 136.2 acres

3	6	20.2	Agriculture	A-20
3	7	20.2	Agriculture	A-20
3	8	20.0	Agriculture	A-20
3	9	20.6	Agriculture	A-20
3	10	35.6	Agriculture	A-20

PHASE 3 - TOTAL LOTS = 5; TOTAL ACREAGE = 116.6 acres

# LANDS OF MORGAN DEVELOPMENT TABLE PROPOSED ZONING & GENERAL PLAN LAND USE DESIGNATION

Phase	Lot Number	Acres	General Plan Land Use Designation	Zone		
1	11	21.5	Agriculture	A-20		
1	12	23.0	Agriculture	A-20		
2	3	21.2	Agriculture	A-20		
2	4	20.6	Agriculture	A-20		
2	5	20.1	Agriculture	A-20		
2	15	20.3	Agriculture	A-20		
3	6	20.2	Agriculture	A-20		
3	7	20.2	Agriculture	A-20		
3	8	20.0	Agriculture	A-20		
3	9	20.6	Agriculture	A-20		
3	10	35.6	Agriculture	A-20		
		243.3				
	Total	lots in A-20 zon	ing district = 11			
		Density = 1 unit p	per 22 acres			
_			Rural Residential			
1	13	10.1	1-10 acres/unit	RR-10		
2	1	40.0	Rural Residential	DD 40		
2	I	10.2	1-10 acres/unit Rural Residential	RR-10		
2	2	11.7	1-10 acres/unit	RR-10		
	_		Rural Residential			
2	14	10.9	1-10 acres/unit	RR-10		
		42.9				
			ning district = 4			
	De	ensity = 1 unit po				
	40	6.0	Rural Residential	חח ר		
2	16	6.6	1-10 acres/unit Rural Residential	RR-5		
2	17	7.1	1-10 acres/unit	RR-5		
	17	1.1	Rural Residential	1/1/-0		
3	18	7.5	1-10 acres/unit	RR-5		
		21.2		-		
	Total lots in RR-5 zoning district = 3					
		ensity = 1 unit pe	er 7.06 acres			
			Rural Residential			
1	19	2.9	1-10 acres/unit	RR 2.5		
Total lots in RR 2.5-acre zoning district = 1  Density = 1 unit per 2.9 acres						
	ט	ensity = 1 unit p	er 2.9 acres			

# SOLANO COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION RESOLUTION NO. \_\_\_\_

WHEREAS, the Solano County Planning Commission has considered the Morgan Subdivision Project (Application No.: GP-18-01, Z-18-01 and S-18-02), which proposes to do the following if approved: 1) create 19 lots on 310.5 acres of land located at the southwest corner of Cantelow and Gibson Canyon Road, within the unincorporated portion of Vacaville (APN: 105-110-070, -100, -440, & -450; 105-160-130; 105-170-150 & -010), 2) amend the General Plan land use designations on a portion of the subject property from Specific Project Area to Agriculture and Rural Residential, and 3) rezone portions of the subject property from Exclusive Agricultural 20-acre minimum (A-20) to Rural Residential 2.5-acre minimum (RR-2.5), Rural Residential 5-acre minimum (RR-5), and Rural Residential 10-acre minimum (RR-10); and

**WHEREAS**, the Commission has reviewed the report of the Department of Resource Management and the proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration, and heard testimony relative to the project at the duly noticed public hearing held on February 20, 2020; and

WHEREAS, on projects involving a general plan amendment or a rezoning of property from one zoning district to another, the Planning Commission is an advisory agency to the Board of Supervisors and the Commission is required to render a written recommendation to the Board, giving its reasons for the recommendation and describing the relationship of the proposed zoning amendment to the General Plan; and

**WHEREAS**, on projects involving a proposed tentative subdivision map, the Planning Commission is an advisory agency to the Board of Supervisors and the Commission is required to render a written report to the Board; and

**WHEREAS**, this resolution, together with the staff reports prepared by the Department of Resource Management and the minutes of the Planning Commission's proceedings, constitute the Commissions' written recommendation and report to the Board of Supervisors on the Morgan Subdivision Project; and

**WHEREAS**, after due consideration, the Planning Commission has made the following findings in regard to the project:

- 1. The proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration has been completed in compliance with CEQA;
- 2. The proposed General Plan Amendment would not cause the Solano County General Plan to be internally inconsistent;
- 3. The proposed rezoning is consistent with the Solano County General Plan, as proposed to be amended; and

4. The proposed subdivision is consistent with the Solano County General Plan, as proposed to be amended.

**RESOLVED**, that the Solano County Planning Commission recommends to the Solano County Board of Supervisors that the Morgan Subdivision Project be approved. Specifically, the Planning Commission recommends that the Board of Supervisors take the following actions with respect to the project:

- ADOPT the Mitigated Negative Declaration;
- 2. ADOPT the proposed amendments (GP-18-01) to the Solano County General Plan;
- 3. ADOPT the zoning amendments proposed in Rezoning Petition No. Z-18-01; and
- 4. ADOPT the recommended findings and APPROVE Major Subdivision Application No. S-18-02, subject to the recommended conditions of approval and contingent upon the general plan amendment and zoning amendments taking effect.

**RESOLVED**, that the Planning Commission directs the Department of Resource Management to make all necessary corrections and changes to the Department's recommended findings and conditions of approval, as well as to the proposed tentative map, to ensure all documents presented to the Board of Supervisors are internally consistent and reflect the direction given by the Commission at its public hearing.

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was adopted at the regular meeting of the Solano County Planning Commission on February 20, 2020, by the following vote:

AYES:	Commissioners		
NOES:	Commissioners		
ABSTAIN:	Commissioners		
ABSENT:	Commissioners		
		By:	
		Bill Emlen, Secretary	

# MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION OF THE SOLANO COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

**PROJECT TITLE:** LANDS OF MORGAN GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT, REZONE & TENTATIVE SUBDIVISION MAP (GP-18-01, Z-18-02)

<u>PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION:</u> The property is located at the southwest corner of Cantelow and Gibson Canyon Road, within the unincorporated portion of Vacaville.

The project proposes to amend the General Plan land use designations to Agriculture and Rural Residential, rezone portions of the property to Rural Residential 2.5 acre minimum (RR-2.5), Rural Residential 5 acre minimum (RR-5) and Rural Residential 10 acre minimum (RR-10) and; subdivide into 19 lots. Public water connections, 1 well water, private streets and individual sewage disposal are proposed. The development is proposed in three phases.

#### FINDINGS:

The Solano County Department of Resource Management has evaluated the Initial Study which was prepared in regard to the project. The County found no potentially significant adverse environmental impacts likely to occur. The County determined that the project qualifies for a Mitigated Negative Declaration. The Initial Study of Environmental Impact, including the project description, findings and disposition, are attached.

#### **MITIGATION MEASURES INCORPORATED INTO PROJECT DESCRIPTION:**

### AIR QUALITY Mitigation Measure AQ-1:

A. Prior to issuance of a grading/improvement plan permit and phased Final Map recordation, the subdivider shall require its construction contractor to prepare and implement a Dust Control and Construction Exhaust Mitigation Plan subject to the satisfaction of the Public Works Division and Yolo Solano Air Quality Management District.

## BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES Mitigation Measure Bio- 1 (American Badger)

A. Prior to issuance of a grading/improvement plan or recordation of a phased Final Map, the subdivider, shall hire a qualified biologist to survey the areas for development for the presence of the American Badger and develop a monitoring plan to keep the badgers out of the area during construction activities involving roads, driveways, residences or accessory structures including swimming pools. The survey shall be conducted no more than 30 days prior to construction. The biologist report and monitoring plan shall be submitted to the Department of Resource Management prior to issuance of a grading permit or building permit.

#### Mitigation Measure Bio – 2 (Burrowing Owls)

- A. Prior to issuance of grading/improvement plan and recordation of a phased Final Map, preconstruction burrowing owl surveys shall be conducted in all areas that may provide suitable nesting habitat according to the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) (1995) guidelines, shall be implemented by the subdivider or individual lot owners, prior to construction. Pre-construction burrowing owl surveys shall be conducted in all areas that may provide suitable nesting habitat according to CDFW (1995) guidelines.
  - No more than 30 days before construction, a habitat survey including documentation of burrows and burrowing owls shall be conducted by a qualified wildlife biologist within 500 feet of the construction area in areas suitable for burrowing owls.
  - ii. The survey shall conform to the protocol described by the California Burrowing Owl Consortium, which includes up to four surveys on different dates if there are suitable burrows present. The CDFW shall be consulted by the subdivider prior to survey initiation to ensure the most current pre-construction survey methodologies are utilized. iii. The CDFW defines impacts as disturbance within approximately 160 feet of occupied burrows during the non-breeding season of September 1 through January 31, or within approximately 250 feet during the breeding season of February 1 through August 31. Even when these buffer distances are maintained, the alteration of breeding and behavioral patterns of burrowing owls during construction activities shall be considered adverse disturbance to the owls, as determined by the subdivider.
  - B. The subdivider shall avoid disturbing active burrowing owl nests and occupied nesting burrows and shall implement standard CDFW mitigation guidelines.
  - C. If, as determined by the qualified wildlife biologist, construction activities will not adversely affect occupied burrows or disrupt breeding behavior, construction may proceed without any restriction or mitigation measures for burrowing owls.
  - D. If, as determined by the qualified wildlife biologist, in consultation with CDFW, construction could adversely affect occupied burrows during the September 1 through January 31 non-breeding season, the subject owls may be passively relocated from the occupied burrow(s) using one-way doors, according to CDFW guidelines, using the following measures:
    - There shall be at least two unoccupied burrows suitable for burrowing owl within 300 feet of the occupied burrow before one-way doors are installed in the occupied burrow.
    - ii. The unoccupied burrows shall also be located at least 160 feet from construction activities and can be natural burrows or artificial burrows constructed according to current design specifications.
    - iii. If artificial burrows are created, these burrows shall be in place at least 1 week before one-way doors are installed on the currently occupied burrows.
    - iv. One-way doors must be in place for a minimum of 48 hours to ensure that owls have

left the burrow before the burrow is excavated.

v. Mitigation for the loss of occupied habitat shall be based upon the recommendations of the qualified biologist in consultation with CDFW.

#### Mitigation Measure Bio - 3 (Western Pond Turtle)

A. No more than 30 days prior to construction, a qualified biologist shall conduct surveys for western pond turtles within the creeks or ponds. If nests or active basking sites are found, then the biologist shall implement a plan to relocate or protect the species, in consultation with CDFW. The biologist shall also conduct on-site training to the construction foreman and construction workers to educate them on identifying this species of turtle and location of potential basking, nesting and/or estivation sites that may be present during construction.

#### Mitigation measure Bio - 4 (Swainson Hawk & Preconstruction Foraging Habitat)

- A. Prior to recordation of the phased Final Map, the subdivider shall compensate for the loss of 4.8 acres of Swainson Hawk of foraging habitat at a ratio of 1:1 (1 acre for every 1 acre removed).
- B. Mitigation may be in the form of fee-title or a conservation easement or credits, held by a non-profit land management organization, on lands containing suitable Swainson's hawk foraging habitat and as approved by the CDFW in Solano County. The purchase of Swainson's Hawk mitigation credits at a mitigation bank or conservation area located in Solano County is acceptable.

#### Mitigation measure Bio - 5 (Avoidance of avian nests and protected avian species):

- A. If construction activities are scheduled to occur during the breeding season (February 1-August 31), a qualified wildlife biologist shall conduct pre-construction surveys of all potential suitable nesting habitat within 0.5 miles of active construction areas, including trees, shrubs, grassland and wetland vegetation. The qualified wildlife biologist shall determine the timing of the preconstruction surveys based upon the time of year and habitats that are present. The qualified wildlife biologist shall conduct surveys no more than 30 days prior to construction.
- B. If active nests are found, maintain a no disturbance buffer zone around the active nests during the breeding season or until it is determined that the young have fledged. The no disturbance buffer zone from active Swainson Hawk nest(s) or any protected avian specie shall be 0.5 miles or as may otherwise be determined by the Planning Services Division, Department of Resource Management, in consultation with a qualified biologist, United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and CDFW as appropriate.

#### Mitigation Measure Bio – 6 (Special Status Plants)

A. Prior to issuance of grading/improvement plan or recordation of a phased Final Map, survey the site for special status plant species. The survey area should include staging areas, roadways (internal access and driveways), ponds and drainage corridors. A qualified biologist shall time the survey appropriately and submit a report to the Department of Resource Management. Special status plants shall be avoided and if removed or harmed, the qualified biologist shall recommend on-site mitigation measures.

#### Mitigation measure Bio- 7: (Aquatic Resource/Potential waters of the USA)

- A. Prior to the issuance of any grading/improvement plan permit or recordation of a phased Final Map, obtain and comply with all necessary Clean Water Act 404 (United States Army Corp of Engineers), 401 (California Regional Water Quality Control Board) and California Fish and Game Section 1600 permits in advance of project construction. Submit evidence of final verification from the Army Corp of Engineers of the preliminary jurisdictional delineation to the Department of Resource Management.
- B. Avoid any impacts or loss to an aquatic resource/potential waters of the United States (seasonal wetlands or seasonal swale) by either:
  - Relocate Gibson Canyon Court, detention ponds, driveways, primary and accessory structures or septic systems/leachfields on the subject property, to avoid any alteration of an aquatic resource, or
  - ii. Compensate by purchasing wetland mitigation credit created for the permanent impacts related to the construction of Gibson Canyon Court, detention ponds as shown on the tentative subdivision map. The actual acreage shall be determined in consultation with the Army Corp of Engineers. The subdivider shall submit evidence in the form of a sales agreement or receipt, of the purchase, prior to issuance of a grading/improvement plan and recordation of the phased Final Map.
- C. Construction staging areas shall be located 100 feet from any jurisdictional waters of the USA.
- D. Identify all aquatic resource and the 100-foot setback from the aquatic resource on the grading & improvement plans.
- E. Prior to construction activity or ground disturbance, stake or flag the boundaries of the seasonal and non-seasonal wetlands, and tributaries, as areas to be avoided. Exclusion flagging and signs that can be read 20 feet away shall be placed 100 feet away, to indicate clearly where areas must be avoided by construction activities. This task shall be under the direct supervision of a qualified biologist with 6 years of field experience.
- F. Record a declaration on the phased Final Map that each individual lot owner shall be responsible for implementing mitigation measure Bio- 7 C, D, and E, prior to issuance of any grading/improvement plan or building permit for construction of the driveways leading to the primary or accessory residence, and/or any accessory structures.

#### Mitigation measure Bio- 8 (Riparian Corridor):

A. In order to protect the riparian corridor and the tributaries, delineate on the phased Final Map a 100-foot wide setback, measured from the centerline of the tributaries or creek. Development including any structures, sewage disposal areas, swimming pool, residences, patio or driveways, shall be prohibited within the setback.

#### Mitigation Measure Bio-9 (Wildlife Migration):

A. In order to allow wildlife migration and improve passage, record on the phased Final Map that perimeter fencing between the lots and along the drainage corridor English Creek and Gibson Canyon Creek, shall not harm wildlife or preclude passage. Solid fencing, barb wire or other sharp material are prohibited. Fencing shall be open and made of materials that do not harm wildlife.

#### Mitigation Measure Bio-10 (Oaks/Riparian Vegetation)

- A. In order to protect and preserve Oak Woodlands and Heritage trees, prior to issuance of a grading permit/improvement plans or recordation of the phased Final Map, subdivider shall comply with the following:
  - i. Prior to improvement plan approval for Lot 9 and 10 and recordation of Phase 3, hire a qualified and certified Arborist to prepare a tree inventory/resources report. Identify all Oak species 6"dbh or greater, on the grading/improvement plan to be retained or removed. Identify heritage trees on the plans. Consistent with General Plan policy RS. I-3, heritage trees are defined as (a) trees with a trunk diameter of 15 inches or more measured at 54 inches above natural grade, (b) any oak tree native to California with a diameter of 10 inches above natural grade, or (c) any tree or group of trees special significance in consultation with the Department of Resource Management. The Arborist shall recommend and monitor specific measures to protect Oak trees 6" dbh or greater or heritage trees from construction impacts. If Oak trees or heritage trees are not identified by the Arborist, then Mitigation Measure Bio-10 shall not apply.
  - ii. Any loss of oak trees 6 inches or greater dbh shall be compensated on site subject to a mitigation and replanting plan prepared by the certified Arborist. Compensation shall be with in-kind species at ratio of recommended by the Arborist in consultation with the Department of Resource Management. The replanting shall be on-site and a landscape plan with irrigation shall be submitted to the Planning Services Division for review and approval.

#### **CULTURAL RESOURCES**

#### Mitigation Measure CR-1 (Cultural Resources)

- A. Prior to issuance of grading permit/improvement plan approval or phased Final Map recordation, a qualified archeologist shall provide training to the construction personnel and periodic construction monitoring to identify artifacts.
- B. Prior to improvement plan approval/grading permit or phased Final Map recordation for Lot 5, for any ground disturbances within 50 feet of the western portion of P-47-000167, a qualified archeologist shall conduct archeological testing and evaluation to properly assess the resource for CRHR eligibility criteria.
- C. Prior to issuance of building permit for modifications to the residence (SAS-004) at 4142 Cantelow Road/APN 0105170150), a researcher meeting the federal Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualifications Standards in history/architectural history shall conduct a California Register of Historic Resources evaluation of the structure.
- D. In the event that presently undocumented buried archeological deposits are encountered during any Project-associated construction activity, work must cease within 50-foot radius of the discovery. A qualified archeologist must be retained to document the discovery, assess its significance, and recommend treatment. If human remains or any associated funerary artifacts are discovered during construction, all work must cease within the immediate vicinity of the discovery. In accordance with the California Health and Safety Code (Section 7050.5), the Solano County Sheriff/Coroner must be contacted immediately. If the Coroner determines the remains to be Native American, the Coroner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission which will in turn appoint a Most Likely Descendent (MLD) to act as a Tribal Representative. The MLD will work with the subdivider and a qualified archeologist to determine the proper treatment of the human remains and associated funerary objects. Construction activities will not resume until either the human remains are exhumed, or the remains are avoided via project construction design change.

#### **GEOLOGY/HAZARDS**

#### Mitigation Measure Geo-1:

- A. In order to protect property and persons from future landslides, delineate areas of debris flow or earthflow landslide identified by the Geotechnical Report prepared by KC Engineering Company, dated February 16, 2018, on the phased Final Map. Placement of structures (primary or accessory structures including swimming pools) and driveways shall not be located in the downslope of the currently mapped shallow land sliding, as recommended by the Geotechnical Report.
- B. In order to protect property and persons from the susceptibility of soil erosion and landslide susceptibility, record on the phased Final Map that grading on slopes of 25% or greater at natural grade shall be prohibited. Grading of roadway or driveway grading shall follow the natural topography. Cut and fill will require erosion control measures subject to the approval of the Public Works Division, Department of Resource Management prior to issuance of a

- grading/improvement plan permit.
- C. Prior to issuance of building permits or grading permits for primary or accessory structures including swimming pool and driveways, parcel specific geotechnical recommendations shall be prepared by a Geotechnical Engineer licensed in California, and submitted to the Building Division for approval.

#### STORMWATER RUN-OFF

#### **Mitigation Measure HYDRO-1:**

- A. A storm water maintenance program for detention basins and drainage facilities shall be included in a Road Improvement Maintenance Agreement recorded on each lot within the subdivision. Responsibility for maintenance of storm water facilities shall reside with the property owner on which the storm water facility is located. Said facilities shall be periodically inspected to the satisfaction of Public Works Engineering. The subdivider shall demonstrate, to the satisfaction of Public Works Engineering, that contractual agreements have been reached with all affected parties to implement said inspection prior to the performance of any grading work associated with the subdivision.
- B. Prior to issuance of a grading/improvement plan permit and recordation of a phased Final Map, the subdivider shall develop a storm water maintenance program to the satisfaction of Solano County Public Works Engineering that shall include, at a minimum, the following requirements:
  - i. Periodic cleaning of the drainages, culverts, detention basins and related facilities.
  - ii. Periodic maintenance of the embankments, spillways and piping.
  - iii. Contingencies for anticipated and unexpected repair and/or replacement of the above as applicable.
  - iv. Annual inspections by an independent engineer of the detention basins, embankments and spillways to verify that the facilities are in sound condition. A copy of the annual inspection report shall be furnished to Public Works Engineering upon completion.
- C. Subdivider or property owner must obtain a grading permit from Solano County Public Works Engineering prior to performance of any grading work associated with the subdivision improvements or individual lot improvements,
- D. Prior to recordation of the phased Final Map, subdivider shall complete all storm water detention and discharge improvements relating to the phased development, subject to the final approval of Public Works Engineering.
- E. All watercourses where flows will be increased at final build out must have controls installed to retain sediment or restrict flows to predevelopment levels.
- F. All detention ponds must be maintained with emergency overflows that are lined with non-

erosive materials.

#### WATER SUPPLY

#### Mitigation measure Water Supply-1:

- A. Prior to recordation of the Final Map for Phase 2, submit updated water quantity test results to the Environmental Health Division which demonstrates that ample water for domestic purposes is available for Lot 3, pursuant to Section 26-80 of the County Code. A minimum yield of 3 gallons per minute shall be deemed acceptable for domestic use provided that a note is included on the Final Map or parcel map that at least 500 gallons of water storage capacity will be required at the time of lot development. A yield of five gallons per minute shall be deemed acceptable for residential development with no additional storage requirements for drinking water supplies; however, additional storage may be required to meet the current fire code. If the water test fails, installation of public water service and connection is required for Lot 3. The recorded map shall indicate whether Lot 3 may be served by public water or well water service.
- B. Prior to the recordation of the phased Final Map, complete all engineering and construction related to the public water system, according to the terms of agreement with the Rural North Vacaville Water District, in compliance with the rules and regulations of the Rural North Vacaville District. Submit evidence to the Department of Resource Management that the engineering plans and necessary infrastructure installation is complete to the satisfaction of the Rural North Vacaville Water District.

#### NOISE

#### Mitigation measure Noise - 1:

a. Construction shall only occur during the hours of 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday; and 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. on Saturdays, and no work should occur on Sundays and Federal holidays.

#### **PUBLIC SERVICES**

#### Mitigation Measure PS-1:

A. Prior to phased Final Map recordation, install the fire hydrants and necessary infrastructure on the engineering improvement plans required by the Vacaville Fire Protection District. Submit evidence to the Department of Resource Management that installation of the infrastructure is completed to the satisfaction of the Vacaville Fire Protection District, prior to the phased Final Map recordation.

# **PREPARATION:**

This Mitigated Negative Declaration was prepared by the Solano County Department of Resource Management. Copies may be obtained at the address listed below or at <a href="https://www.solanocounty.com">www.solanocounty.com</a> under Departments, Resource Management, Documents, Departmental Reports.

Terry Schmidtbauer, Assistant Director

Solano County Dept. of Resource Management 675 Texas Street, Suite 5500, Fairfield, CA 94533

(707) 784-6765

# Lands of Morgan Application No.: G-18-01, Z-18-01 & S-18-02

# Public Draft Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration



December 2019

Prepared By
Department of Resource Management
County of Solano

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# DEPARTMENT OF RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PART II OF INITIAL STUDY OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

#### Introduction

The following analysis is provided by the Solano County Department of Resource Management as a review of and supplement to the applicant's completed "Part I of Initial Study". These two documents, Part I and II, comprise the Initial Study prepared in accordance with the State CEQA Guidelines, Section 15063.

Project Title:	LANDS OF MORGAN
Application Number:	GP 18-01, Z-18-01 and S-18-02
Project Location:	Southwest corner of Gibson Canyon and Cantelow Road
Assessor Parcel No.(s):	105-110-070, 100, 440, 450; 105-160-130; 105-170-150,010
Project Sponsor's Name and Address:	Bill Morgan 7545 Pleasant Valley Road, Vacaville, CA 95688

#### **General Information**

This document discusses the proposed project, the environmental setting for the proposed project, and the impacts on the environment from the proposed project and any measures incorporated which will minimize, avoid and/or provide mitigation measures for the impacts of the proposed project on the environment.

	Please review this Initial Study. You may order additional copies of this document from the Planning Services Division, Resource Management Department, County of Solano County at 675 Texas Street, Fairfield, CA, 94533.
	We welcome your comments. If you have any comments regarding the proposed project, please send your written comments to this Department by the deadline listed below.
	Submit comments via postal mail to
	Planning Services Division Resource Management Department Attn: Nedzlene Ferrario, Senior Planner 675 Texas Street, Suite 5500 Fairfield, CA 94533
	Submit comments via fax to: (707) 784-4805
u	Submit comments via email to: nnferrario@solanocounty.com

# **Next Steps**

After comments are received from the public and any reviewing agencies, the Department may recommend that the environmental review is adequate and that a Mitigated Negative Declaration be adopted, or that the environmental review is not adequate and that further environmental review is required.

☐ Submit comments by the deadline of: January 27, 2020

# **ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINATION**

On the basis of this initial study:

	I find the proposed project could not have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
	I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, ther will not be a significant effect in this case because the project proponent has agreed to revise the project to avoid any significant effect. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
	I find the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT (EIR) is required.
	I find the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, but at least one effect has been (1) adequately analyzed in a previous document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (2) addressed by mitigation measures based on the previous analysis as described in the attached initial study. An EIR is required that analyzes only the effects that were not adequately addressed in a previous document.
	I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, no further environmental analysis is required because all potentially significant effects have been (1) adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (2) avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are included in the project, and further analysis is not required.
Date	Nedzlene Ferrario Senior Planner

# INCORPORATION OF MITIGATION MEASURES INTO THE PROPOSED PROJECT

By signature of this document, the project proponent amends the project description to include the mitigation measures as set forth in Section 2.

12/19/19 Date

Bill Morgan Applicant and owner

#### 1.0 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING and PROJECT DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

The property is located north of Vacaville, California, bordered by Cantelow Road to the north and Gibson Canyon Road to the east. Portions of the property are located on the northside of Cantelow adjacent to English Creek. Refer to Location Map on the next page.

The property is characterized with rolling hills and steep hillsides, approximately 184 acres is steep (more than 25% slope). The steep hillside is a part of the English Hills ridgeline which is a highly prominent feature of the community. Elevations ranging from 190 feet to 612 feet at the highest peak. Twelve (12) ephemeral streams run through the site, and two stock ponds are located on the north side. The property is primarily vegetated with grasslands and mixture of Oak Woodland, Oak Savannah and riparian forest. The Rural North Vacaville Water District water tank is located on the western portion of the site and high voltage PG&E overhead lines traverse the southeastern portion of the property. The mobile home unit on Lot 12 was evaluated as an office in 2007 but permits were never obtained. This structure is proposed to be removed or improved to current code standards. The 1,432 sq. ft residence on Lot 13 was permitted as farm labor housing (U-01-30) is occupied and proposed to remain. The existing barn on lot 11 is proposed to remain.

The remaining property, on the northside of Cantelow Road, bordered on the north by English Creek is approximately 2.9 acres (lot 19). There site is developed with a mobile home permitted for employee housing in 2004. The property is relatively flat and vegetated with riparian forest. The structures are proposed to remain.

#### 1.2 PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The proposal consists of three parts:

- A. Amend the General Plan Land Use Designation from Specific Project area <u>to</u> Rural Residential 1-10 acres per dwelling unit (portions of APN 0105-170-150 & 440), totaling 64.1 acres and Agriculture, 24.43 acres; and Rural Residential 1-10 acres per dwelling unit <u>to</u> Agriculture (portions of 0105-170-150), totaling 18.2 acres.
- B. Tentative Subdivision Map to divide 310.5 gross acres in to 19 lots consisting of one (1) 2.9-acre parcel (Lot 19), three (3) lots ranging in size between 6.3 7.5 acres, four (4) lots ranging in size between 10.1 11.7 acres in size and eleven (11) lots ranging in size between 20 35.6 acres. The residences located on Lot 12, 13 and 19 are proposed to remain. Access for this subdivision is proposed off two new private roadways, named Gibson Canyon Court and Turkey Hollow Road, and private access driveways via Cantelow or Gibson Canyon Road. Individual septic systems for sewage disposal, and public water service by the Rural North Vacaville Water District is proposed except for Lot 3. Lot 3 is proposed to be served by the existing well on the property.

The subdivision is proposed in three phases:

- Phase 1 Lots 11-13 and 19
- Phase 2 Lots1-5 and 14-18 and construction of Gibson Canyon Court.
- Phase 3 Lots 6-10 and construction of Turkey Hollow Court.
- C. Rezoning a total of 67 acres from Exclusive Agriculture 20-acre minimum (A-20) to Rural Residential 2.5-acre minimum (RR 2.5) zoning district (Lot 19) on APN 0105-170-010; to RR-5 (Lots 16-18) and RR-10 (lots 1,2,13,14) on portions of APN 0105-170-150.

The applicant intends to build the infrastructure only, record the Final Map and sell the lots to individuals. Homes are to be custom built and constructed at the individual owner's pace. Phase 1 is anticipated to be completed by August 2020 and the timeline for Phase 2 and 3 is unknown.

# **PROJECT LOCATION MAP**



#### 1.2.1 ADDITIONAL DATA:

NRCS Soil Classification:	Clay (38%), Clay Loam (8%), Millshom Loan (54%)
Agricultural Preserve Status/Contract No.:	Not applicable
Non-renewal Filed (date):	Not applicable
Airport Land Use Referral Area:	Not applicable
Alquist-Priolo Special Study Zone:	Not applicable
Primary or Secondary Management Area of the Suisun Marsh:	Not applicable
Primary or Secondary Zone identified in the Delta Protection Act of 1992:	Not applicable
Other:	Not applicable

# 1.2.2 Surrounding General Plan, Zoning and Land Uses

	General Plan	Zoning	Land Use
Property	Agriculture/Specific Project Area	A-20	Residential
North	Agriculture/Rural Residential	RR 2.5/A-20	Residential
South	Rural Residential	RR 2.5/RR-5/A-20	Residential
East	Rural Residential	RR-5/A-20	Residential
West	Rural Residential	RR-2.5/A-20	Residential

# 1.3 CONSISTENCY WITH EXISTING GENERAL PLAN, ZONING, AND OTHER APPLICABLE LAND USE CONTROLS:

### 1.3.1 General Plan

The property has multiple General Plan Land Use Designations - Specific Project Area, Agriculture and Rural Residential. The applicant proposes to amend portions of APN 0105-170-150 from Specific Project Area to Rural Residential 1-10 acres per dwelling unit and Rural Residential 1-10 acres per dwelling unit per acre to Agriculture. Areas currently designated Agriculture will remain Agriculture. Refer to the Land Use Section for the discussion.

# 1.3.2 Zoning

The property is zoned Exclusive Agriculture 20-acre minimum (A-20) and the project proposed to establish RR-10, RR-5 and RR-2.5 zoning districts. Portions of the property will remain Exclusive Agriculture 20-acre minimums (A-20).

# 1.4 Permits and Approvals Required from Other Agencies (Responsible, Trustee and Agencies with Jurisdiction):

- A. Army Corp of Engineers
- B. CA Regional Water Quality Board
- C. California Department of Fish and Wildlife
- D. Vacaville Fire Protection District
- E. Rural North Vacaville Water District

# 1.41 Agencies that May Have Jurisdiction over the Project:

Unknown

# 2.0 AFFECTED ENVIRONMENT, ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES AND AVOIDANCE, MINIMIZATION AND/OR PROTECTION MEASURES

This chapter discusses the potential for adverse impacts on the environment. Where the potential for adverse impacts exist, the report discusses the affected environment, the level of potential impact on the affected environment and methods to avoid, minimize or mitigate for potential impacts to the affected environment.

# Findings of SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

Based on the Initial Study, Part I as well as other information reviewed by the Department of Resource Management, the project does not have the potential for significant impacts to any environmental resources.

Based on the Initial Study, Part I as well as other information reviewed by the Department of

# Findings of LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT Due to Mitigation Measures Incorporated Into the Project

significant impa	acts was reduced to less than signific letailed discussion of the potential ac	cant due	rces were considered and the potential for to mitigation measures incorporated into effects on environmental resources is				
	Air Quality Biological Resources Cultural Resources Noise		Geology & Soils Hydrology & Water Utilities and Service System Public Services				
Findings of L	ESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPA	CT					
Based on the Initial Study, Part I as well as the review of the proposed project by the Department of Resource Management, the following environmental resources were considered and the potential for impact is considered to be less than significant. A detailed discussion of the potential adverse effects on environmental resources is provided below:							

# **Findings of NO IMPACT**

Materials

**Aesthetics** 

Greenhouse gas emissions

Hazards and Hazardous

Based on the Initial Study, Part I as well as the review of the proposed project by the Department of Resource Management, the following environmental resources were considered but no potential for

Air Quality

Recreation

**Transportation & Traffic** 

Population and Housing

adverse impacts to these resources were identified. A discussion of the no impact finding on environmental resources is provided below:

Agriculture Resources
Land Use and Planning

Mineral Resources

Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration Lands of Morgan

2.1	Aesthetics	Significant	Less Than Significant Impact With	Less Than Significant	No
Woul	d the project	Impact	Mitigation	Impact	Impact
a.	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				
b.	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock out-croppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				
C.	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?			•	
d.	Create a new source of substantial light or glare that would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			•	
e.	Increase the amount of shading on public open space (e.g. parks, plazas, and/or school yards)?				

a, c: The property is part of the English Hills ridgeline, a highly distinctive natural feature of the rural Vacaville community and contributes to the scenic quality of the area. The grassland hillside is vegetated with scattered oaks and clusters of oak woodlands are located on the hillside and ridgeline. The highest peak on the property is approximately 612 feet above sea level. The grassy, vegetated hillside and ridgeline creates an aesthetically pleasing backdrop when viewed from Gibson Canyon and Cantelow Road. A photo of this view is attached to this report.

Protection of the scenic qualities or the hillside and ridgeline are specified in General Plan policy RS.1-20. Subdivision Ordinance Design Guidelines (Section 26-73.1) standards which protect the scenic quality of the hillsides state that building pads should avoid atop ridgelines and knolls, and on gradients exceeding 25%, and by reducing mass and bulk. Stepped or terracing is preferred. Slope restrictions are recommended due to the landslide susceptibility. There are vast areas on the property that exceed 25% natural grade, multiple knolls on the lower ridgeline, highly visible along Gibson Canyon and Cantelow Road. Compliance with Section 26-73.1 will minimize visual impacts. **Less than significant impacts are anticipated.** 

b & e: The property is not located within a Scenic Highway or has the potential to increase the amount of shading on public open space. **No impacts are anticipated**.

d: Additional residential units proposed on the property have the potential to create glare and additional nighttime lighting. Compliance with Zoning Regulations 28.70.10 (B)(1)(c) requires prevention of glint or glare beyond the property line will reduce the impacts to **less than significant**.

	Agricultural Resources cklist Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				•
b.	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				
C.	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use?				

a-c: According to the Department of Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program, the property is designated Grazing Land. The project will not convert lands of Prime, Statewide Importance or Unique classification. In addition, no conflict with Williamson Act Contract as the property is not encumbered by a Williamson Act Contract. **No impacts are anticipated.** 

2.3	Air Quality klist Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicat air quality plan?	ole 🗆			
b.	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantia to an existing or projected air quality violation?	ally			
C.	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of a criteria pollutant for which the project region is classifie as non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions that exceed quantitative thresholds for ozon precursors)?	d 🗆			
d.	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				
e.	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?				

a, c-e: The project would generate emissions during construction and normal residential use. However, the proposed residential development does not have the potential to violate ambient air quality standards. The proposed residential subdivision is consistent with the densities assumed in current zoning and the additional household trips generated would not substantially increase criteria pollutants. The project is not anticipated to expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutants or create objectionable odors. **Less than significant impacts are anticipated**.

b. However, short term air quality impacts due to construction of the new roadways and infrastructure have the potential to increase fugitive dust which can vary depending on the wind conditions, and local weather conditions. Control measures such as watering, stockpile cover, reducing wind speed with windbreaks or chemical stabilization are common methods to mitigate dust. Construction equipment exhaust which are sources of Nox, ROG and PM10 emissions can be mitigated by strategies such as unnecessary vehicle idling, utilizing cleaner repower fleet and newer engines by the construction contractor.

In order to reduce air quality impacts to less than significant level, implement the following mitigation measure:

#### Mitigation Measure AQ-1:

A. Prior to issuance of a grading/improvement plan permit and phased Final Map recordation, the subdivider shall require its construction contractor to prepare and implement a Dust Control and Construction Exhaust Mitigation Plan subject to the satisfaction of the Public Works Division and Yolo Solano Air Quality Management District.

2.4	Biological Resources	Significant	Less Than Significant Impact	Less Than	No	
Chec	sklist Items: Would the project	Impact	With Mitigation	Significant Impact	Impact	
a.	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?		•			
b.	Have a substantial adverse effect on any aquatic, wetland, or riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?					_
C.	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc., through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?					
d.	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridor or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?					
e.	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?					_
f.	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?					

A Biological Resource Assessment prepared by LSA dated February 2018 was submitted for review. The Report included preliminary wetland delineation, and evaluation of existing and potential flora and fauna species. A copy of the report is attached.

The following impacts and mitigation measures are recommended according to the presence and potential presence of species identified in the Biological Assessment Report.

# **American Badger:**

The Biological Assessment identified the potential for the presence of the American Badger due to presence of sandy soils which consists about 43% of the property. The report recommends that areas proposed for development be surveyed prior to construction.

### Mitigation Measure Bio- 1 (American Badger)

A. Prior to issuance of a grading/improvement plan or recordation of a phased Final Map, the subdivider, shall hire a qualified biologist to survey the areas for development for the presence of the American Badger and develop a monitoring plan to keep the badgers out of the area during construction activities involving roads, driveways, residences or accessory structures including swimming pools. The survey shall be conducted no more than 30 days prior to construction. The biologist report and monitoring plan shall be submitted to the Department of Resource Management prior to issuance of a grading permit or building permit.

#### **Burrowing Owls:**

The Biological Assessment Report states that the site has California ground squirrels' burrows in multiple locations which could provide suitable nesting burrows for burrowing owl. The following mitigation measure is recommended:

### Mitigation Measure Bio – 2 (Burrowing Owls)

- A. Prior to issuance of grading/improvement plan and recordation of a phased Final Map, preconstruction burrowing owl surveys shall be conducted in all areas that may provide suitable nesting habitat according to CDFW (1995) guidelines, shall be implemented by the subdivider or individual lot owners, prior to construction. Pre-construction burrowing owl surveys shall be conducted in all areas that may provide suitable nesting habitat according to CDFW (1995) guidelines.
  - i. No more than 30 days before construction, a habitat survey including documentation of burrows and burrowing owls shall be conducted by a qualified wildlife biologist within 500 feet of the construction area in areas suitable for burrowing owls.
  - ii. The survey shall conform to the protocol described by the California Burrowing Owl Consortium, which includes up to four surveys on different dates if there are suitable burrows present. The CDFW shall be consulted by the subdivider prior to survey initiation to ensure the most current pre-construction survey methodologies are utilized.
  - iii. The CDFW defines impacts as disturbance within approximately 160 feet of occupied burrows during the non-breeding season of September 1 through January 31, or within approximately 250 feet during the breeding season of February 1 through August 31. Even when these buffer distances are maintained, the alteration of breeding and behavioral patterns of burrowing owls during construction activities shall be considered adverse disturbance to the owls, as determined by the subdivider.
- B. The subdivider shall avoid disturbing active burrowing owl nests and occupied nesting burrows and shall implement standard CDFW mitigation guidelines.
- C. If, as determined by the qualified wildlife biologist, construction activities will not adversely affect occupied burrows or disrupt breeding behavior, construction may proceed without any restriction or mitigation measures for burrowing owls.
- D. If, as determined by the qualified wildlife biologist, in consultation with CDFW, construction could adversely affect occupied burrows during the September 1 through January 31 non-breeding season, the subject owls may be passively relocated from the occupied burrow(s)

using one-way doors, according to CDFW guidelines, using the following measures:

- i. There shall be at least two unoccupied burrows suitable for burrowing owl within 300 feet of the occupied burrow before one-way doors are installed in the occupied burrow.
- ii. The unoccupied burrows shall also be located at least 160 feet from construction activities and can be natural burrows or artificial burrows constructed according to current design specifications.
- iii. If artificial burrows are created, these burrows shall be in place at least 1 week before one-way doors are installed on the currently occupied burrows.
- iv. One-way doors must be in place for a minimum of 48 hours to ensure that owls have left the burrow before the burrow is excavated.
- v. Mitigation for the loss of occupied habitat, shall be based upon the recommendations of the qualified biologist in consultation with CDFW.

### **Western Pond Turtle:**

The ponds and creeks provide suitable habitat for western pond turtle aquatic habitat while the adjacent grasslands provide suitable habitat for breeding. While western pond turtles were not observed by the biologist, the following mitigation measure is recommended:

# Mitigation Measure Bio - 3 (Western Pond Turtle)

A. No more than 30 days prior to construction, a qualified biologist shall conduct surveys for western pond turtles within the creeks or ponds. If nests or active basking sites are found, then the biologist shall implement a plan to relocate or protect the species, in consultation with CDFW. The biologist shall also conduct on-site training to the construction foreman and construction workers to educate them on identifying this species of turtle and location of potential basking, nesting and/or estivation sites that may be present during construction.

### **Swainson Hawk Foraging Habitat:**

According to the Biological Assessment report, the presence of rodents, trees and ground squirrels, and proximity to reported nests nearby indicates that the property provides foraging habitat for raptors and Swainson Hawk. The proposed homesites, roadways and detention ponds are considered unsuitable for foraging habitat and the loss shall be mitigated. The total acreage of potential loss is 4.8 acres. The following mitigation is recommended to minimize impacts to a less than significant level:

# Mitigation measure Bio - 4 (Swainson Hawk & Preconstruction Foraging Habitat)

- A. Prior to recordation of the phased Final Map, the subdivider shall compensate for the loss of 4.8 acres of Swainson Hawk of foraging habitat at a ratio of 1:1 (1 acre for every 1 acre removed).
- B. Mitigation may be in the form of fee-title or a conservation easement or credits, held by a non-profit land management organization, on lands containing suitable Swainson's hawk foraging habitat and as approved by the CDFW in Solano County. The purchase of Swainson's Hawk mitigation credits at a mitigation bank or conservation area located in Solano County is acceptable.

The presence of mature trees indicates the potential for avian nests and other protected species: The following mitigation measure shall apply to the subdivider and any individual lot owner seeking construction permits:

# Mitigation measure Bio - 5 (Avoidance of avian nests and protected avian species):

- A. If construction activities are scheduled to occur during the breeding season (February 1-August 31), a qualified wildlife biologist shall conduct pre-construction surveys of all potential suitable nesting habitat within 0.5 miles of active construction areas, including trees, shrubs, grassland and wetland vegetation. The qualified wildlife biologist shall determine the timing of the preconstruction surveys based upon the time of year and habitats that are present. The qualified wildlife biologist shall conduct surveys no more than 30 days prior to construction.
- B. If active nests are found, maintain a no disturbance buffer zone around the active nests during the breeding season or until it is determined that the young have fledged. The no disturbance buffer zone from active Swainson Hawk nest(s) or any protected avian specie shall be 0.5 miles or as may otherwise be determined by the Planning Services Division, Department of Resource Management, in consultation with a qualified biologist, USFWS and CDFW as appropriate.

#### **Plants**

According to the report, no special status species plants were identified during the reconnaissance survey; however, timing of the survey was late for most species. Therefore, the following is recommended:

# Mitigation Measure Bio – 6 (Special Status Plants)

A. Prior to issuance of grading/improvement plan or recordation of a phased Final Map, survey the site for special status plant species. The survey area should include staging areas, roadways (internal access and driveways), ponds and drainage corridors. A qualified biologist shall time the survey appropriately and submit a report to the Department of Resource Management. Special status plants shall be avoided and if removed or harmed, the qualified biologist shall recommend on-site mitigation measures.

#### (b and c) Potential for jurisdictional Waters of the USA/Aquatic Resource.

The Biological Assessment identified 0.94 acres of tributaries, 2.1 acres of impoundments/ponds and 2.60 acres of seasonal wetland or swale, totaling 5.70 acres of jurisdictional area. The potential jurisdictional features are shown on Figure 5 of the Biological Assessment Report. Construction of roadways, driveways, residences and accessory structures due to grading and trenching could impact the sensitive resource areas to significant level.

Construction of Gibson Canyon Court as proposed will cause permanent impacts to the aquatic resource (generally in proximity to lot 1, 2, 13-15), and the loss of aquatic resources are potentially significant. Approximate area of impact is estimated to be approximately 0.06 acres; however, the actual area of impact should be verified with the US Army Corp of Engineers. Relocation of the proposed road could avoid impacts. Alternatively, compensation at 1:1 ratio may minimize the impacts. Implementation of the Bio-7 is recommended to minimize impacts to aquatic resources to a less than significant level.

#### Mitigation measure Bio- 7: (Aquatic Resource/Potential waters of the USA)

- A. Prior to the issuance of any grading/improvement plan permit or recordation of a phased Final Map, obtain and comply with all necessary Clean Water Act 404 (USACE), 401 (RWCB) and California Fish and Game Section 1600 permits in advance of project construction. Submit evidence of final verification from the Army Corp of Engineers of the preliminary jurisdictional delineation to the Department of Resource Management.
- B. Avoid any impacts or loss to an aquatic resource/potential waters of the United States (seasonal wetlands or seasonal swale) by either:
  - Relocate Gibson Canyon Court, detention ponds, driveways, primary and accessory structures or septic systems/leachfields on the subject property, to avoid any alteration of an aquatic resource, or
  - ii. Compensate by purchasing wetland mitigation credit created for the permanent impacts related to the construction of Gibson Canyon Court, detention ponds as shown on the tentative subdivision map. The actual acreage shall be determined in consultation with the Army Corp of Engineers. The subdivider shall submit evidence in the form of a sales agreement or receipt, of the purchase, prior to issuance of a grading/improvement plan and recordation of the phased Final Map.
- C. Construction staging areas shall be located 100 feet from any jurisdictional waters of the USA.
- D. Identify all aquatic resource and the 100-foot setback from the aquatic resource on the grading & improvement plans.
- E. Prior to construction activity or ground disturbance, stake or flag the boundaries of the seasonal and non-seasonal wetlands, and tributaries, as areas to be avoided. Exclusion flagging and signs that can be read 20 feet away shall be placed 100 feet away, to indicate clearly where areas must be avoided by construction activities. This task shall be under the direct supervision of a qualified biologist with 6 years of field experience.
- F. Record a declaration on the phased Final Map that each individual lot owner shall be responsible for implementing mitigation measure Bio- 7 C, D, and E, prior to issuance of any grading/improvement plan or building permit for construction of the driveways leading to the primary or accessory residence, and/or any accessory structures.

# Mitigation measure Bio- 8 (Riparian Corridor):

**A.** In order to protect the riparian corridor and the tributaries, delineate on the phased Final Map a 100-foot wide setback, measured from the centerline of the tributaries or creek. Development including any structures, sewage disposal areas, swimming pool, residences, patio or driveways, shall be prohibited within the setback.

#### d: Wildlife movement

Due to the presence of two major creek corridors, and the relatively large size of the project, makes the property suitable for migration habitat for species moving along existing migration corridors. These drainages are used by deer, coyote, raccoon and turkey; have been observed at the site. Subdivision of the property could impact the movement of these species and be reduced by additional buildings, pets and general disturbance. Solid fencing or barb wire would preclude or harm wildlife movement. In order to mitigate to a less than significant level, compliance with Bio-7 would allow

space and movement along the drainage corridor and the following mitigation measure is recommended along the perimeter of the lots:

# Mitigation Measure Bio-9:

A. In order to allow wildlife migration and improve passage, record on the phased Final Map that perimeter fencing between the lots and along the drainage corridor English Creek and Gibson Canyon Creek, shall not harm wildlife or preclude passage. Solid fencing, barb wire or other sharp material are prohibited. Fencing shall be open and made of materials that do not harm wildlife.

#### e: Trees

General Plan policy RS. P-6 states that the County shall protect Oak Woodlands and Heritage Trees and encourage the planting of native trees species in new development and along road right of way. The Biological Assessment Report identifies locations of Oak Woodlands, Oak Savannah and Riparian Forest on the property. The potential impact to Oak Woodlands and Savannah appears to be in the vicinity of Lot 9 and 10 due to potential ground disturbances due to the proposed construction of a driveway and water service lines for Lot 10. The Subdivision Ordinance requires that all oak species 6 inches or more at dbh, shall be identified on a tentative map. An Oak Woodland and Heritage Tree ordinance has yet to be adopted; however, implementation of the General Plan policies is recommended to mitigate to less than significant level.

# Mitigation Measure Bio-10 (Oaks/Riparian Vegetation)

- A. In order to protect and preserve Oak Woodlands and Heritage trees, prior to issuance of a grading permit/improvement plans or recordation of the phased Final Map, subdivider shall comply with the following:
  - i. Prior to improvement plan approval for Lot 9 and 10 and recordation of Phase 3, hire a qualified and certified Arborist to prepare a tree inventory/resources report. Identify all Oak species 6"dbh or greater, on the grading/improvement plan to be retained or removed. Identify heritage trees on the plans. Consistent with General Plan policy RS. I-3, heritage trees are defined as (a) trees with a trunk diameter of 15 inches or more measured at 54 inches above natural grade, (b) any oak tree native to California with a diameter of 10 inches above natural grade, or (c) any tree or group of trees special significance in consultation with the Department of Resource Management. The Arborist shall recommend and monitor specific measures to protect Oak trees 6" dbh or greater or heritage trees from construction impacts. If Oak trees or heritage trees are not identified by the Arborist, then Mitigation Measure Bio-10 shall not apply.
  - ii. Any loss of oak trees 6 inches or greater dbh shall be compensated on site subject to a mitigation and replanting plan prepared by the certified Arborist. Compensation shall be with in-kind species at ratio of recommended by the Arborist in consultation with the Department of Resource Management. The replanting shall be on-site and a landscape plan with irrigation shall be submitted to the Planning Services Division for review and approval.

f: The County has not adopted a Habitat Conservation Plan; therefore, the project does not conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan.

2.5	Cultural Resources	Less Than Significant Less				
Chec	eklist Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	Impact With Mitigation	Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
a.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an historical resource as defined in CEQA Guidelines §15064.5?					
b.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to CEQA Guidelines §15064.5?					
C.	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site, or unique geologic feature?					
d.	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?					

a-d: The applicant submitted a Cultural Resources Inventory Report prepared by Solano Archeological Services. Several resources were identified on site; however, recommendations were specific to the residence on Lot 13 (4142 Cantelow Road) and P48-00167 site, located in lot 5, is potentially eligible for California Register of Historic Resources (CRHR) listing. The Cultural Resource Report made the following recommendations for the specific resources:

# Mitigation Measure CR-1 (Cultural Resources)

- A. Prior to issuance of grading permit/improvement plan approval or phased Final Map recordation, a qualified archeologist shall provide training to the construction personnel and periodic construction monitoring to identify artifacts.
- B. Prior to improvement plan approval/grading permit or phased Final Map recordation for Lot 5, for any ground disturbances within 50 feet of the western portion of P-47-000167, a qualified archeologist shall conduct archeological testing and evaluation to properly assess the resource for CRHR eligibility criteria.
- C. Prior to issuance of building permit for modifications to the residence (SAS-004) at 4142 Cantelow Road/APN 0105170150), a researcher meeting the federal Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualifications Standards in history/architectural history shall conduct a CRHR evaluation of the structure.
- D. In the event that presently undocumented buried archeological deposits are encountered during any Project-associated construction activity, work must cease within 50-foot radius of the discovery. A qualified archeologist must be retained to document the discovery, assess its significance, and recommend treatment. If human remains or any associated funerary artifacts are discovered during construction, all work must cease within the immediate vicinity of the discovery. In accordance with the California Health and Safety Code (Section 7050.5), the Solano County Sheriff/Coroner must be contacted immediately. If the Coroner determines the remains to be Native American, the Coroner will notify the Native American Heritage Commission which will in turn appoint a Most Likely Descendent (MLD) to act as a Tribal Representative. The MLD will work with the subdivider and a qualified archeologist to determine the proper treatment

of the human remains and associated funerary objects. Construction activities will not resume until either the human remains are exhumed, or the remains are avoided via project construction design change.

The Native American Heritage Commission was contacted in a timely manner and appropriate Tribes were informed of the project; however, none of the Tribes requested consultation.

2.6	Geology and Soils		Less Than Significant	Less Than	
Chec	sklist Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	Impact With Mitigation	Significant Impact	No Impact
a. 1)	Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as described on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or base on other substantial evidence of a known fault? (Refer- Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.)	d 🗌 to			
2)	Strong seismic ground shaking?				
3)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				
4)	Landslides?				
b.	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				
C.	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, differential settlement, liquefaction or collapse?				
d.	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1- of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substanti risks to life or property?				
e.	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?				

a-d: The property is not located within the Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone or identified with Liquefaction potential. However, is identified as General and Most Susceptible to Land sliding (Figure HS – 8 of the Public Health and Safety Chapter, General Plan). A geotechnical report was submitted and states that the property has the potential to be unstable and is susceptible to expansive soils, presence of debris-flow and earthflow slides are confirmed (Figure 2 of the Geotechnical Report) and the hillside areas are susceptible to land sliding. Placement of structures shall avoid the downslope of the areas identified as debris-flow and site-specific geotechnical evaluation for the proposed home sites or any additional structures shall be required prior to issuance of a building permit, as recommended by the geotechnical report.

Development on this property has the potential to cause significant impacts due to the steep slopes, and susceptibility to erosion and land sliding. In order to protect the integrity of the hillside and the English Hills Ridgeline, development (dwellings, driveways, accessory structures including swimming pools) shall prohibited on natural grades of 25% or greater. Implementation of the following mitigation measure shall preclude siting homes or structures on vulnerable areas of the property.

# Mitigation Measure Geo-1:

- A. In order to protect property and persons from future landslides, delineate areas of debris flow or earthflow landslide identified by the Geotechnical Report prepared by KC Engineering Company, dated February 16, 2018, on the phased Final Map. Placement of structures (primary or accessory structures including swimming pools) and driveways shall not be located in the downslope of the currently mapped shallow land sliding, as recommended by the Geotechnical Report.
- B. In order to protect property and persons from the susceptibility of soil erosion and landslide susceptibility, record on the phased Final Map that grading on slopes of 25% or greater at natural grade shall be prohibited. Grading of roadway or driveway grading shall follow the natural topography. Cut and fill will require erosion control measures subject to the approval of the Public Works Division, Department of Resource Management prior to issuance of a grading/improvement plan permit.
- C. Prior to issuance of building permits or grading permits for primary or accessory structures including swimming pool, and driveways, parcel specific geotechnical recommendations shall be prepared by a Geotechnical Engineer licensed in California, and submitted to the Building Division for approval.
- e: Site and Soil evaluation reports were submitted for the undeveloped lots and prior site and soil evaluations were prepared for the developed lots. The Environmental Health Division is satisfied that alternative septic systems will be required on the undeveloped lots. Compliance with Chapter 6.4 Sewage Standards of the County Code will reduce impacts to a less than significant impacts are anticipated.

#### 2.7 Greenhouse Gas Emissions Less Than Significant Impact Less Than Significant With Significant No Impact Impact Checklist Items: Would the project Mitigation **Impact** a. Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment? b. Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?

a-b: Vehicle emissions are the main source of greenhouse gases in residential development. However, as discussed in the Traffic Section of the Initial Study, the trip generation for 16 new households is not significant, therefore, the additional trips for this project is not expected to significantly increase vehicle emissions or greenhouse gas emissions. The project does not conflict with County's Climate Action Plan. **Less than significant impacts are anticipated.** 

2.8	Hazards and Hazardous Materials	Significant	Less Than Significant Impact	Less Than	N
Checklist Items: Would the project		Impact	With Mitigation	Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				
b.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?	d 🗆			•
C.	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste with one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?	nin 🔲			
d.	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
e.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
f.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, wou the project result in a safety hazard for people residing working in the project area?				
g.	Impair implementation of, or physically interfere with, an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?	n 🗆			•
h.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				

a – g: The proposed project is a residential development and will not create the potential be a significant hazard to the transport or disposal of hazardous materials and conditions involving release of hazardous materials. The site is not located within  $\frac{1}{4}$  mile of an existing or proposed school and not located within a proximity of an airstrip. **No impacts are anticipated.** 

h: The property is located in a State Responsibility Area and designated as Moderate Severity Fire Zone. Nevertheless, additional housing has the potential to increase the risk of loss to people or structure with regard to fires. The subdivider shall be responsible for installing roads, accessible by the Vacaville Fire Protection District, fire hydrants and other infrastructure as required by the Vacaville

Fire Protection District prior to recordation of the Final Map and sale of the lots. As the lots are sold and built, each homeowner or builder shall be responsible for compliance with driveway width and paving standards and preventative measures which include maintaining a 100-foot wide defensible space around the residence. Compliance with the Vacaville Fire Protection District rules and regulations will minimize risk to a **less than significant level**.

#### Powerlines:

There are 230 kV overhead PG&E powerlines contained within a 150 wide easement located in the proximity of proposed Lot 3-5, 17 and 18 adjacent to Gibson Canyon Road. PG&E review and comment regarding the project has not been received.

Concerns regarding electromagnetic frequency (EMF) and possible health effects adjacent to residential development are usually a topic of concern. EMF is an invisible force field that comes from electric voltage and current, known as magnetic fields. Electromagnetic fields occur where a flow of energy is present.

The California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) and the California Department of Health Services (DHS) have not concluded that exposure to magnetic fields from utility electric facilities poses health risks. There are no health-related standards for long term exposure to EMF because there are no reported adverse health effects.

The proposed building pads are located 100 feet or more from the edge of the easement. Due to the large lot sizes, more than adequate buildable area is located on the property should a buyer choose to build further away from the existing powerlines in order to reduce risk of exposure. Adverse impacts are not anticipated.

2.9	Hydrology and Water	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				
b.	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production roof pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?	ate			
C.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the sor area, including the alteration of the course of a strea or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on-or off-site?				
d.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the sor area, including through the alteration of the course of stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner that would result flooding on-or off-site?	fa			
e.	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed t capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?	he 🗌			
f.	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				
g.	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a Federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				•
h.	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures th would impede or redirect flood flows?	at 🗌			
i.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss injury, or death involving flooding, including flooding as result of the failure of a levee or dam?				
j.	Be subject to inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow	v? 🗌			

#### Water Quality and Storm Water Run-off:

a: Water quality is regulated by both state and federal agencies under the authority of the Clean Water Act (CWA). Projects that have the potential to degrade water quality are subject to the regulations of those agencies. Operational activities may involve common urban pollutants such as surface litter, oil, gasoline, grease, paint, fertilizers, pesticides, and herbicides. Construction activities involving soil disturbances such as excavation, demolition, stockpiling, and grading activities could result in increased erosion and sedimentation to surface waters, and could produce contaminated storm water runoff, a major contribution to the degradation of water quality. These activities could result in the discharge of pollutants into the surface water resources that could degrade water quality.

Site development and grading activities will be required to implement Best Management Practices (BMP's) to address construction related surface runoff and vehicle and construction equipment clean out areas. With an approved grading/drainage and erosion control plan utilizing the latest BMP technologies and compliance with the recommended riparian corridor mitigation measures, impacts to on-site and off-site water quality should be reduced to a less than significant level. **Less than significant impacts are anticipated.** 

c – f: A hydrology report and detention basin plan were prepared in June 2019 by Foulk Civil Engineering, Inc. and reviewed by the Department of Resource Management (attached to this report). The report concludes that the storm run-off quantity difference in the pre-development and post-development condition without mitigation would result in a runoff increase of approximately 2.3-2.6%. The increased runoff will be mitigated with on-site detention basins and drainage facilities. The total impervious surface for the project will be approximately 4.8 acres, including the common roads, private driveways, houses and hardscape. The run-off flow increases from 0.350 (existing) to 0.359 (developed) will be controlled so it does not exceed the pre-developed conditions following the construction of roads, houses and hardscape. There is sufficient capacity in each pond to mitigate the increased run-off due to construction of impervious surfaces for the development. The storm water will then be released with a flow rate equivalent to or less than the flow rate the site generates in its present undeveloped condition. The Division of Public Works recommends that further storm water improvements, which mitigate increases in storm water runoff, be evaluated for each lot prior to any new building development, and that any proposed improvements shall be included in all building and grading permit applications.

The following mitigation measures will ensure that the development will result in a less than significant impact:

#### **Mitigation Measure HYDRO-1:**

- A. A storm water maintenance program for detention basins and drainage facilities shall be included in a Road Improvement Maintenance Agreement recorded on each lot within the subdivision. Responsibility for maintenance of storm water facilities shall reside with the property owner on which the storm water facility is located. Said facilities shall be periodically inspected to the satisfaction of Public Works Engineering. The subdivider shall demonstrate, to the satisfaction of Public Works Engineering, that contractual agreements have been reached with all affected parties to implement said inspection prior to the performance of any grading work associated with the subdivision.
- B. Prior to issuance of a grading/improvement plan permit and recordation of a phased Final Map, the subdivider shall develop a storm water maintenance program to the satisfaction of Solano County Public Works Engineering that shall include, at a minimum, the following requirements:

- i. Periodic cleaning of the drainages, culverts, detention basins and related facilities.
- ii. Periodic maintenance of the embankments, spillways and piping.
- iii. Contingencies for anticipated and unexpected repair and/or replacement of the above as applicable.
- iv. Annual inspections by an independent engineer of the detention basins, embankments and spillways to verify that the facilities are in sound condition. A copy of the annual inspection report shall be furnished to Public Works Engineering upon completion.
- C. Subdivider or property owner must obtain a grading permit from Solano County Public Works Engineering prior to performance of any grading work associated with the subdivision improvements or individual lot improvements,
- D. Prior to recordation of the phased Final Map, subdivider shall complete all storm water detention and discharge improvements relating to the phased development, subject to the final approval of Public Works Engineering.
- E. All watercourses where flows will be increased at final build out must have controls installed to retain sediment or restrict flows to predevelopment levels.
- F. All detention ponds must be maintained with emergency overflows that are lined with non-erosive materials.

#### **Water Supply**

b. According to the Environmental Health Division, the property is located within a groundwater scarce area. The entire property is designated as an "A" zone for water bearing rocks in the San Francisco Bay Area by D.A. Webster 1972 - US Department of Interior of Geological Survey. The "A" water zone has the lowest probability of success when attempting to develop a domestic drinking water well with a minimum sustained yield of 3 gallons per minute, when compared to water bearing rock zones with higher probability such as "B, C and D".

The Subdivision Ordinance allows well water to serve as the water supply for lots 5 acres or more; however, the low probability of success raises the risk of water availability and concern for domestic use feasibility for project approval. The applicant has proposed public water service connections by the Rural North Vacaville Water District for 18 lots and well water service for Lot 3 due to an existing well located on-site, permitted in 2004 for residential use (W-04-69). The proposed public water system plan is attached.

Public water service connection will ensure adequate water supply for the project in a groundwater scarce area. The Rural North Vacaville Water District has issued a Will Serve Letter for the project. The property owner has 1 water right, purchased 2 water rights and reserved 16 water rights from the District through an "Option Agreement, totaling 19 water rights. The District letter is attached. Infrastructure installation for the public water system is required prior to the phased Final Map recordation and prior to the sale of each lot. The Option Agreement expires August 14, 2020 and Rural North Vacaville Water District Board approval is required to extend the agreement if the subdivider is unable to purchase 16 water rights before expiration.

With regard to Lot 3 and use of well water, updated pump and yield tests subject to Section 26-80 of the County Code is required prior to Final Map recordation. However, if the pump and yield

tests fail, then Lot 3 shall be serviced by public water. The Final Map shall indicate the type water supply service for Lot 3. The applicant has adequate water rights reserved with the District and infrastructure installation will be required prior to recording Phase 2.

Individual well water usage for 18 additional lots in a groundwater scarce area has the potential to cause a significant impact; therefore, the following mitigation measure is recommended to minimize impacts to a **less than significant level:** 

# Mitigation measure WS-1:

- A. Prior to recordation of the Final Map for Phase 2, submit updated water quantity test results to the Environmental Health Division which demonstrates that ample water for domestic purposes is available for Lot 3, pursuant to Section 26-80 of the County Code. A minimum yield of 3 gallons per minute shall be deemed acceptable for domestic use provided that a note is included on the Final Map or parcel map that at least 500 gallons of water storage capacity will be required at the time of lot development. A yield of five gallons per minute shall be deemed acceptable for residential development with no additional storage requirements for drinking water supplies; however, additional storage may be required to meet the current fire code. If the water test fails, installation of public water service and connection is required for Lot 3. The recorded map shall indicate whether Lot 3 may be served by public water or well water service.
- B. Prior to the recordation of the phased Final Map, complete all engineering and construction related to the public water system, according to the terms of agreement with the Rural North Vacaville Water District, in compliance with the rules and regulations of the Rural North Vacaville District. Submit evidence to the Department of Resource Management that the engineering plans and necessary infrastructure installation is complete to the satisfaction of the Rural North Vacaville Water District.
- g h: According to FEMA flood maps, the project site is not located within the Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) Flood Zone A (100-year flood zone). The site lies within FEMA Flood Zone X according to Firm Panels 06095C 0161F and C0695C 0150E. Zone X is defined as an area of minimal flood hazard. Therefore, there would be **no impact** and no further discussion is required.
- i, j: The project site is inland and is not threatened by potential seiche or tsunami. Therefore, **no impact** would occur and no further discussion on this issue is required.

	Land Use and Planning list Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Physically divide an established community?				
b.	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?	ct 🗆			
C.	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan constural community conservation plan?	or 🔲			

- a. The project will not physically divide an established community. **No impacts are anticipated**.
- b. Portions of the property is designated Specific Project Area, Agriculture and Rural Residential 1-10 acre per dwelling unit. The project proposes to amend the Specific Project Area designation to Rural Residential & Agriculture and Rural Residential designation to Agriculture. Refer to the attached General Plan Amendment exhibit.

The Specific Project Area land use designation (Table LU-5, Land Use Chapter, General Plan) applies to the north east portion of the site, is a land use policy that provides for future development after adoption of a specific plan, policy plan or completion of special plans and studies. This designation is applied to areas where future development and conservation objectives have not been fully defined and will be subject to future planning studies. Planned densities and intensities for each area are assumed for purposes of evaluation the environmental impacts associated with future development pursuant to implementation of the General Plan. Within the County, the Specific Project Area applies to Middle Green Valley, Lambie Industrial Park, North Vacaville Limited Industrial Area and the subject property – Pippo Ranch. Rural residential is assumed for the development of the property and any future subdivision is subject to completion of a master circulation plan and water service plan.

The Specific Project Area totals 88.53 acres. The project proposes 7 lots within 64.1 acres of the Specific Project Area at a density of 1 unit/9.16 acres, consistent with the proposed Rural Residential 1-10 acres per dwelling unit. The remaining 24.43 acres is proposed to be developed with 1 dwelling unit, consistent with the Agriculture land use designation. **No impacts are anticipated as proposed**.

Portions of the property (APN 0105-170-150) is designated Rural Residential 1-10 acres per dwelling unit and the project proposes to amend to Agriculture in order to allow 20-acre lot sizes. The proposed density is 1 unit per 18.26 acres. **No impacts are anticipated**.

The applicant submitted a public water service plan for the project. The public water service plan which includes fire hydrants were reviewed by the Rural North Vacaville Water District and Vacaville Fire Protection District. Public water service is required for the subdivision due its location within a groundwater scarce zone (Refer to Section 2.9). With regard to a master circulation, access and circulation were evaluated via the tentative subdivision map process.

Access is proposed off existing driveway locations or limited to new private streets (Gibson Ca Canyon Court and Turkey Hollow Court), as shown on the tentative subdivision map. **No impacts are anticipated.** 

# Rezone/Refer to rezone exhibit attached to this report.

Portions of APN 0105-170-150 are proposed to be rezoned Exclusive Agriculture 20-acre minimum to RR-5 for lot 16-18 and RR-10 for lot 1-2, 13, 14, respectively. No policy conflicts have identified with regard to the rezone. **No impacts are anticipated.** 

APN 0105-170-010: The project includes rezoning 2.9 acres from A-20 to RR 2.5 consistent with the Rural Residential Land Use Designation. **No impacts are anticipated.** 

**c.** Solano County has not adopted a habitat conservation or natural community conservation plan; therefore, the project does not conflict with such plans. **No impacts are anticipated.** 

<b>2.11</b> Check	Mineral Resources klist Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				
b.	Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				

a - b: The project would not result in the loss of availability of know mineral resources of value to the state or locally important. The property is not designated as a known site of importance per Figure RS-4 of the Mineral Resource Chapter of the General Plan. **No impacts are anticipated**.

2.12	Noise	Significant	Less Than Significant Impact With	Less Than Significant	No	
Check	list Items: Would the project	Impact	Mitigation	Impact	Impact	
a.	Exposure of persons to, or generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plator noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?					
b.	Exposure of persons to or generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?					
C.	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise level in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?	els				
d.	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambien noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?	i				
e.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?	t $\Box$				
f.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, wou the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?	ld 🗆				

a, c-d: The project has the potential to increase the ambient noise levels during construction and post construction. Short-term noise levels will increase due to construction activities and long-term noise levels will increase due to normal residential and road noises. The anticipated noise increases would be typical for residential development, including new roadways, and would be consistent with that anticipated under the General Plan. As such, these impacts are expected to be **less than significant**.

Short-term noise level will increase due to the construction activities, which will primarily include construction of the infrastructure such as Turkey Hollow and Gibson Canyon Court and underground utilities, and drainage improvements within the project, and individual homes over time. The noise levels during construction have the potential to exceed maximum noise levels. In order to mitigate to a less than significant level the following measure is recommended:

#### Mitigation measure Noise – 1:

a. Construction shall only occur during the hours of 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday; and 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. on Saturdays, and no work should occur on Sundays and Federal holidays.

Long-term noise will increase due to the addition of new residential activities. However, noise levels associated with normal residential use is less than significant.

- b. Persons could be exposed to excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels during grading phases of construction, but the amount and duration of this groundborne vibration will be minimal and short-term. Therefore, the exposure of persons to groundborne vibrations is anticipated to be **less than significant**.
- e f: The property is not located within an airport land use plan or the vicinity of a private airstrip. No impacts are anticipated. However, the project is located within the Travis Air Force Base Sphere of Influence and the Airport Land Use Committee (ALUC) review is required prior to the Board of Supervisors action.

2.13 Checkl	Population and Housing ist Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?	on 🗆			
b.	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
C.	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating construction of replacement housing elsewhere?	the			

a: Given that the average household size in Solano County is 2.88 (2013-2017 Census Data), 55 additional persons are anticipated. The project will not induce substantial population growth and less than significant impacts are anticipated.

b,c: The project involves the addition of residential homes, not the displacement of homes or people. Therefore, **no impacts are anticipated**.

2.14 Check	Public Services  list Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associal with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:	ch	J		·
1)	Fire Protection?				
2)	Police Protection?				
3)	Schools?				
4)	Parks?				
5)	Other Public Facilities?				

1) The project is located within the Vacaville Fire Protection District and located across from an existing Fire Station (Number 67, 4135 Cantelow Road). According to the District, the project will not create a need for a new fire station facility. However, additional fire hydrants will be required to be constructed by the subdivider prior to phased Final Map recordation. There are 3 existing fire hydrants in the vicinity and 4 proposed. Compliance with the Vacaville Fire Protection rules and regulations will reduce impacts to a less than significant impacts are anticipated. The following mitigation measure is recommended:

#### Mitigation Measure Public Services (PS-1):

- A. Prior phased Final Map recordation, install the fire hydrants and necessary infrastructure on the engineering improvement plans required by the Vacaville Fire Protection District. Submit evidence to the Department of Resource Management that installation of the infrastructure is completed to the satisfaction of the Vacaville Fire Protection District, prior to the phased Final Map recordation.
- 2) The project proposes 16 additional homesites, in an existing service area of the Sheriff's Department and the relatively small number of new parcels being created would not typically require additional staffing resources by the Sheriff. Less than significant impacts are anticipated.
  - 3) Individual property owners will pay fees prior to issuance of building permits which will help pay for new schools or additional facilities, in the Vacaville Unified School District. **Less than significant impacts are anticipated.**
  - 4) The project is not anticipated to generate the need or impact for additional recreational facilities. Less than significant impacts are anticipated.

5) The project will utilize public water service by the Rural North Vacaville Water District. The project proponent will be required to install public water infrastructure lines within the proposed streets prior to recordation of the phased Final Map and prior to the sale of each individual lots. Each individual lot owner will be responsible for installation to the home. Installation of the infrastructure will be subject to the rules and regulations of the Rural North Vacaville Water District. Less than significant impacts are anticipated.

2.15 Check	Recreation	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
а.	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of facility would occur or be accelerated?	the			
b.	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities to might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?			•	
C.	Physically degrade existing recreational resources?				

a -c: Additional households are anticipated as mentioned in the Population and Housing Section, however, the project is not anticipated to substantially cause the physical deterioration of existing parks or increase the demand for recreational facilities. **Less than significant impacts** are anticipated.

2.16	Transportation and Traffic	Cianal finance	Less Than Significant Impact	Less Than	
Check	list Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	With Mitigation	Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into acco all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestriand bicycle paths, and mass transit?				
b.	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standard and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways	□ s?		•	
C.	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including eithe an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				
d.	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible land uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				
e.	Result in inadequate emergency access?				
f.	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle or pedestrian facilities of otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?	or			

a – b: As part of the County's General Plan process, a Traffic and Circulation Master Plan was prepared in 2008. This study examined the existing traffic conditions and future buildout conditions under the General Plan to the year 2030. Subsequently, the Solano Transportation Authority updated the Solano-Napa Travel Demand Model analyzing current (20150 and future (2040) traffic conditions within Solano County. The proposed project site was included in the land use plan for the General Plan as well as the Solano-Napa Travel Demand Model.

The County uses the level of service (LOS) standards at key intersections and roadway segments to analyze a project's potential impact on the overall vehicle operation. Levels that are considered acceptable range from LOS A to LOS D. Unacceptable levels include LOS E and LOS F. If a project would cause a currently acceptable LOS to drop to an unacceptable LOS, it would be considered a significant impact.

The project site would be accessed by two public roads, namely Cantelow Road and Gibson Canyon Road. Figure TC-1 of the 2008 Solano County General Plan classifies these roads as collector roads. The Solano-Napa Travel Demand Model shows that Cantelow Road and Gibson Canyon Road currently operate at LOS A and are expected to continue to operate at LOS A in 2040. The daily trip generation rate for a single-family residence is 9.6 vehicles per day according to the Institute of Transportation Engineers Trip Generation Manual. This proposed project includes creation of 16

residential lots including three lots with existing residential homes. Using the ITE trip generation rate it is expected that 16 new single-family residences would generate 154 daily trips. Access to 10 of the new residential lots is provided from Gibson Canyon Road and access for the remaining new residential lots is provided from Cantelow Road. The increase in traffic caused by these 16 new residential lots would not have a significant impact on the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system and **impacts will be considered less than significant**.

- c: Three international airports are located within 60 miles from the project site: San Francisco International, Oakland International and Sacramento International Airports. Three airports operate in Solano County. The Nut Tree Airport is located approximately 3.1 miles from the project site. Rio Vista Airport (Baumann Field) are public use facilities and Travis Air Force Base (AFB) is a military field. Rio Vista Airport is located approximately 22 miles from the project site. Travis Air Force Base is located approximately 11 miles from the project site. The proposed project will not alter or change existing air traffic patterns. Therefore, implementation of the project would result in a less than significant impact from the safety risks associated with air traffic patterns. **No impacts are anticipated.** However, the project is located within the Travis Air Force Base Sphere of Influence and Airport Land Use Committee (ALUC) review is required prior to the Board of Supervisors action.
- d e: The County's Subdivision Ordinance and Road Improvement Standards requires the subdivider to make reasonable improvements to adjacent public roads, the proposed private roads, private driveways and secondary emergency access. The private driveways will be extended from public or private roads to each lot and improved to Public Works and fire safety standards. All new road construction and grading will be subject to a grading permit issued by the Department of Resource Management, which will ensure that no hazards result from the design. Therefore, **impacts are considered less than significant.**
- f g: The future residential units on the proposed lots will be required to meet County zoning regulations for parking. Parking on the private drives will not be allowed due to fire safety regulations and proposed private road widths. The proposed project does not conflict with adopted policies or programs supporting alternative modes of transportation; therefore, **no impacts are anticipated.**

2.16	Utilities and Service Systems	Significant	Less Than Significant Impact	Less Than	
Check	list Items: Would the project	Impact	With Mitigation	Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?			-	
b.	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause signification environmental effects?				
C.	Require or result in the construction of new stormwater drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
d.	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?	· 🗆			
e.	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it hadequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?	as 🗌			
f.	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs:				
g.	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				

a: The project will not exceed the Regional Water Quality Control Board requirements if recommended mitigation measures are adopted as discussed in the Hydrology Section of this report. **Less than significant impacts are anticipated.** 

b & e: Individual sewage system disposal is proposed, and approved sewage disposal plans by the Environmental Health Division consistent with Chapter 6.4 Sewage Standards of the County Code prior to issuance of a building permit, will minimize impacts to **less than significant.** 

c: The project proposes detention ponds and drainage facilities as discussed in the Hydrology Section of this report. Compliance with the recommended mitigation measures will reduce the impacts to **less than significant level.** 

d: As indicated in the Hydrology and Water Section, installation of public water infrastructure will be required prior to the phased Final Map recordation and sale of each lot serviced with public water. Will Serve letters will be required prior to issuance of the building permit for each lot under public water service. Well water usage is available for Lot 3 and updated pump and yield results will be required prior to Final Map recordation. If the test fails, public water connection is required prior to

Final Map recordation. The Rural North Vacaville Water District issued a Will Serve Letter for the project. As such, sufficient water supplies are available to serve the project site and the impact is considered to be less than significant.

f - g: Solid waste will be disposed at the Recology Hay Road landfill which has adequate capacity. **Less than significant impacts are anticipated.** 

2.17	Mandatory Findings of Significance	Ciamificant	Less Than Significant Impact	Less Than		
Checkli	st Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	With Mitigation	Significant Impact	No Impact	
a.	Does the project have the potential to (1) degrade the quality of the environment, (2) substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, (3) cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, (5) reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or (6) eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?	(4)				
b.	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? "Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection w the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects.					
C.	Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?					

- a. Compliance with the recommended mitigation measures will not cause an adverse impact to the quality of the environment, reduce habitat or harm endangered species or eliminate important examples of major periods of California history.
- b. The project will not cause significant and adverse cumulative impacts as the proposal is to develop the site is consistent with zoning requirements.
- c. The project will not cause substantial adverse effects on human beings directly or indirectly if the recommended mitigation measures are adopted.

#### 3.0 Agency Coordination and Public Involvement

#### 3.1 Consultation and Coordination with Public Agencies

The Initial Study is being circulated for public comment and referred to the State Clearinghouse for coordinated review by state agencies. In addition, it will be sent to the Department of Conservation and the Solano County Agriculture Commissioner and other local agencies for review and comment. (See Section 5.0 Distribution List)

#### 3.2 Public Participation Methods

The Initial Study is available at the Solano County Department of Resource Management and online at the Department's Planning Services Division website at:

http://www.solanocounty.com/depts/rm/documents/eir/default.asp

Interested parties may contact the planner assigned to this project at the contact points provided below:

Nedzlene Ferrario, Senior Planner

Planning Services Division Resource Management Department 675 Texas Street, Suite 5500 Fairfield, CA 94533

PHONE: (707) 784-6765 FAX: (707) 784-4805

EMAIL: nnferrario@solanocounty.com

#### 4.0 List of Preparers

This Initial Study was prepared by the Solano County Department of Resource Management. The following staff and consultants contributed to the preparation of this Initial Study:

#### **Solano County Department of Resource Management**

Nedzlene Ferrario, Planning Services Jason Riley, Public Works Division

#### 5.0 Distribution List

See Notice of Completion
Army Corp of Engineers-Sacramento
City of Vacaville
PG&E
Vacaville Fire Protection District
Rural North Vacaville Water District
Solano Irrigation District
Vacaville Unified School District
Yolo Solano Air Quality Management District

#### 6.0 Appendices

- 6.1 Application Form and Part 1 Initial Study
- 6.2 Tentative Subdivision Map 12/18/2019
- 6.3 General Plan Amendment & Rezone Exhibits
- 6.4 Water System Plan
- 6.5 Preliminary Detention Pond Plan
- 6.6 Biological Resources Assessment Report
- 6.7 Geotechnical Report- February 2018
- 6.8 Cultural Resource Study
- 6.9 Vacaville Fire Department Comment Letter
- 7.0 Rural North Vacaville Water District Will Serve Letter
- 7.1 English Hills Ridgeline View looking southwest from Cantelow and Gibson Canyon Road

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Planning Services Division

JAN 06 2020

# COUNTY OF SOLANO NOTICE OF INTENT TO ADOPT A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

COUNTY OF SOLANO RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

The Solano County Department of Resource Management has evaluated the project described below and has determined that a Mitigated Negative Declaration of environmental impact be prepared pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act.

#### LANDS OF MORGAN SUBDIVISION

The 310.5-acre property is located at the southwest corner of Cantelow and Gibson Canyon Road, in the unincorporated portion of Vacaville. The project proposes to amend the General Plan land use designations to Agriculture and Rural Residential, rezone portions of the property to Rural Residential 2.5 acre minimum (RR-2.5), Rural Residential 5 acre minimum (RR-5) and Rural Residential 10 acre minimum (RR-10) and, subdivide into 19 lots. Public water connections, private streets and individual sewage disposal are proposed. Development is proposed in three (3) phases. (Application No.: GP-18-01, Z-18-01 and S-18-02)

Copies of the environmental document are available for public review at the Solano County Department of Resource Management, 675 Texas Street, Suite 5500, Fairfield, California, and at <a href="www.solanocounty.com">www.solanocounty.com</a> under Resource Management Department, Documents, Departmental Reports. Written comments on the proposed Mitigated Negative Declaration will be accepted until January 27, 2020 5:00 p.m. on January 27, 2020 and can be sent to Nedzlene Ferrario at 675 Texas Street, Suite 5500, Fairfield, CA 94533 or emailed to NNFerrario@solanocounty.com.

Daily Republic

Date: December 26, 2019

Vacaville Reporter

Date: December 26, 2019

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Dean Solmod County We do Not agree with the parcel splot, This Land was. ? One Ago. This would put a tugh straw on Traffic off albson canyon. I Live on gibson and calls chash in my year D 3 To 4 Times a year with property damage. As well as the water TABLE for wells his gove down to veg wheet. I would agree to 20 Acl & pencel splits. 2.5 is To dense. Notonly is Inaffic & Woter a concern,

Septic 3 Electric is twother concern,

PLE main Lines CROSS OVER This Percel. Ag ZO RIR ON Ag 40 MR should be Construction Impact as well as Ron off
Construction Impact as well as Ron off
Construction Vaca
Also Worther Vaca
AND Ennoscop threw that pencel which I

Lines Water. Lives water. This pencel will negatively 7076893849
This pencel will negatively 2006 Canyon RD.
effect All people on Gibson Canyon RD.

Vacaulle CA 95687

or reading

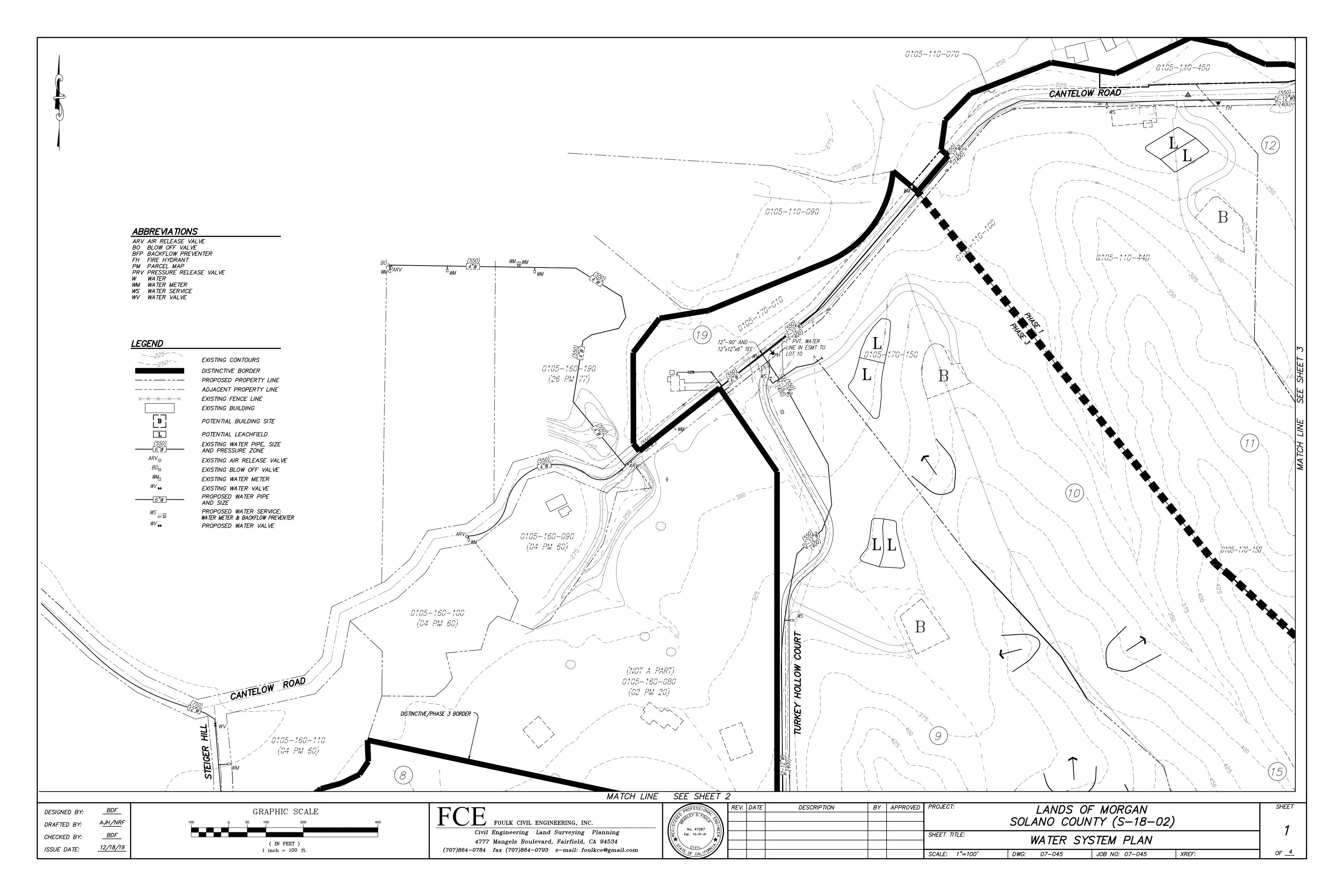


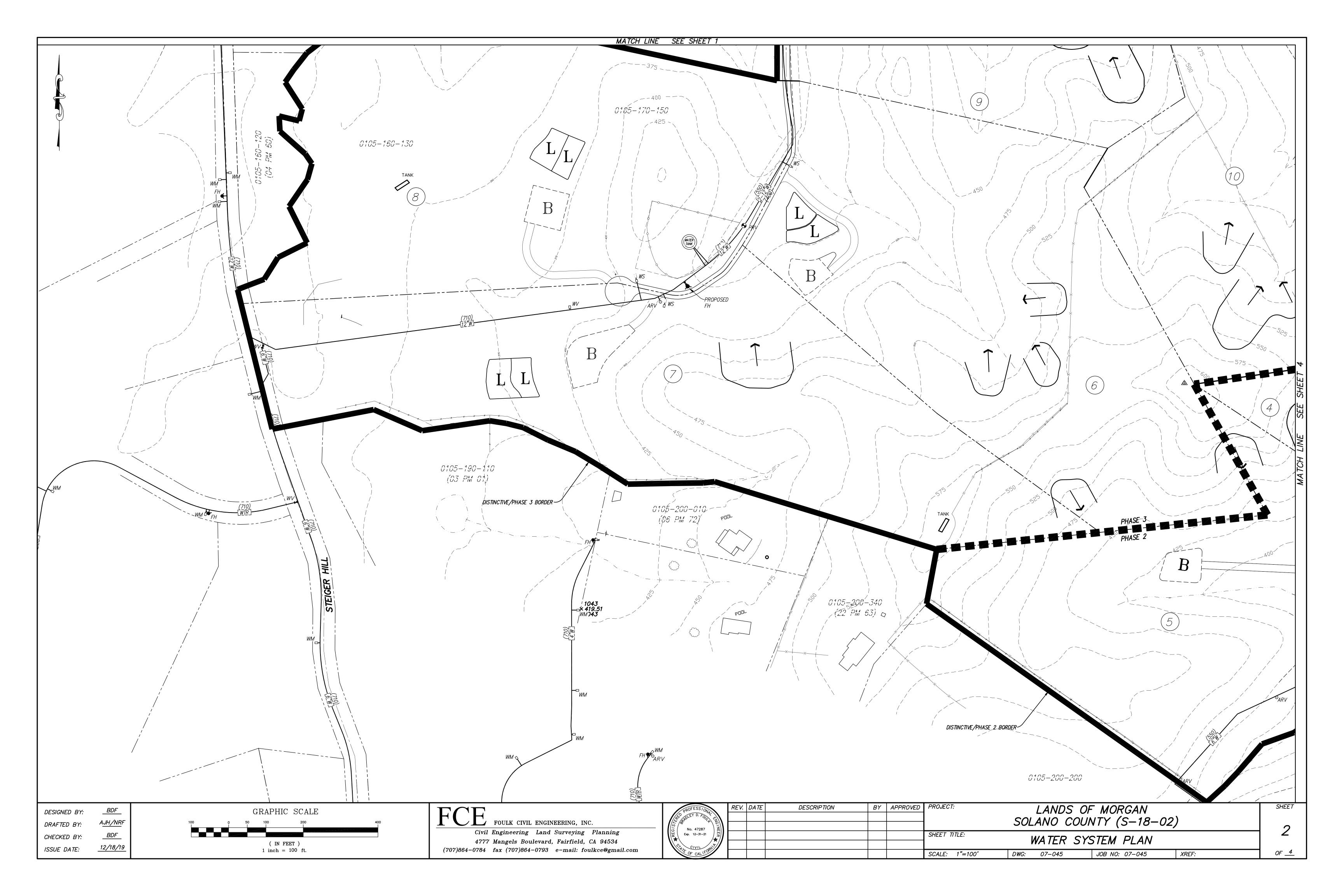
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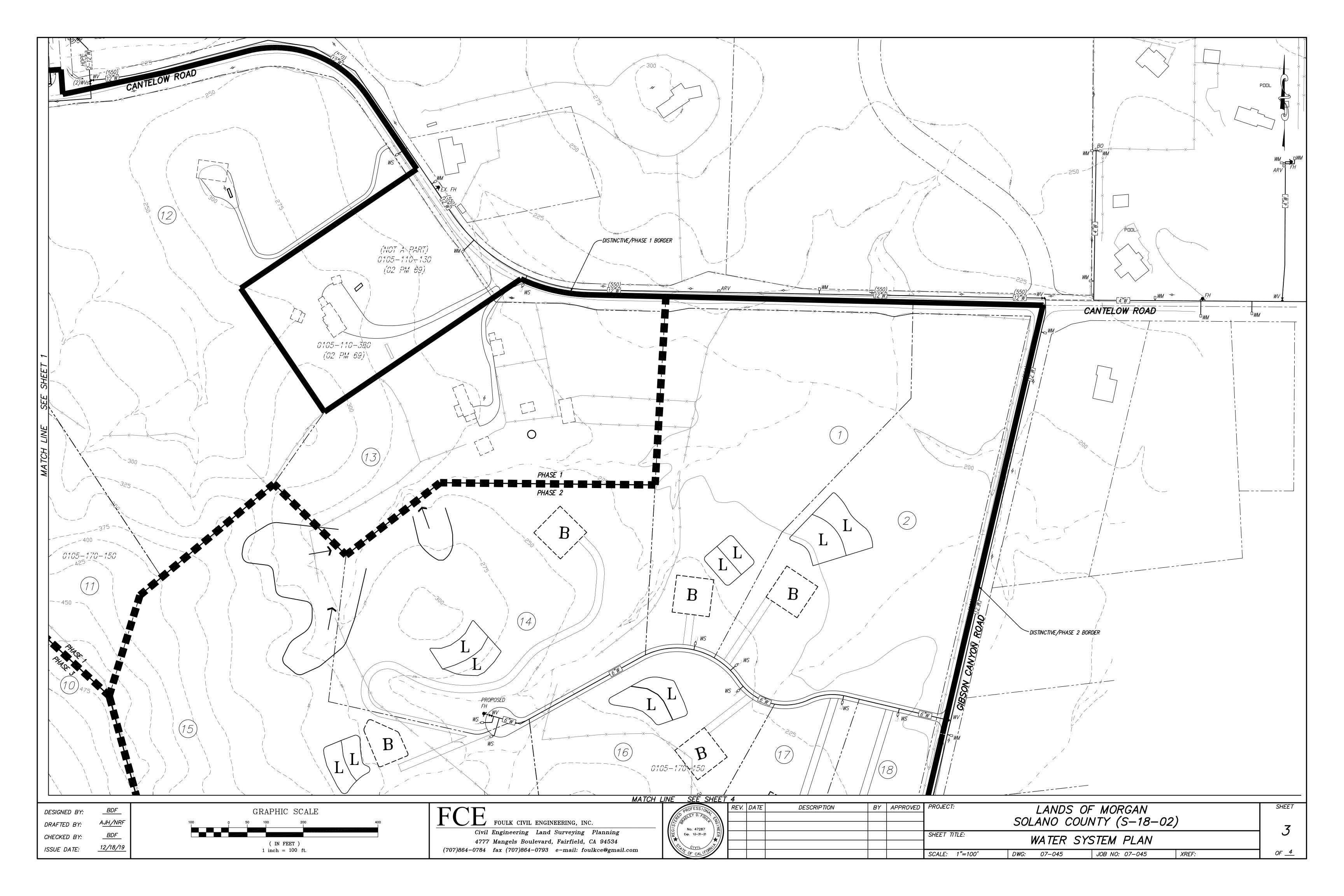
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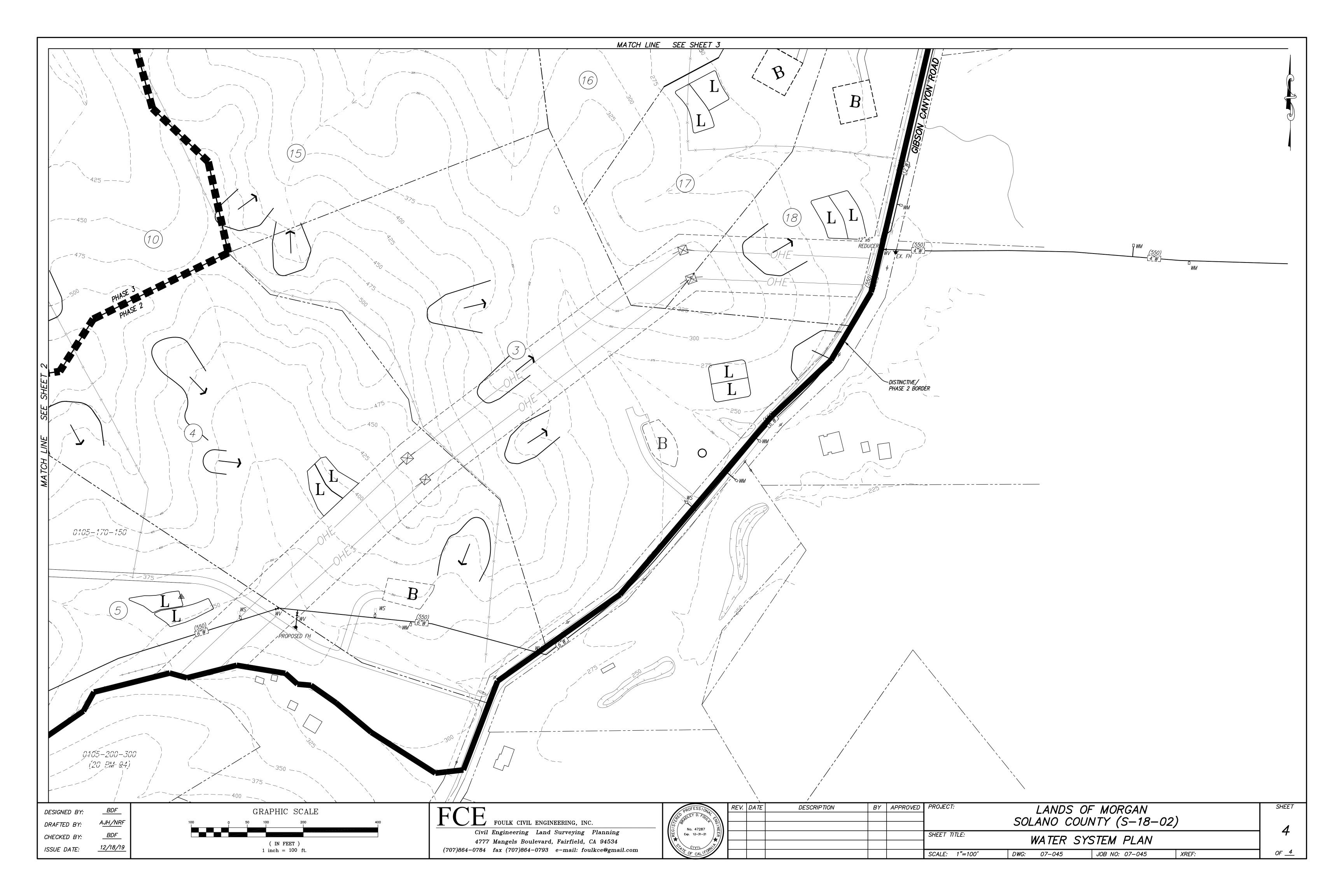
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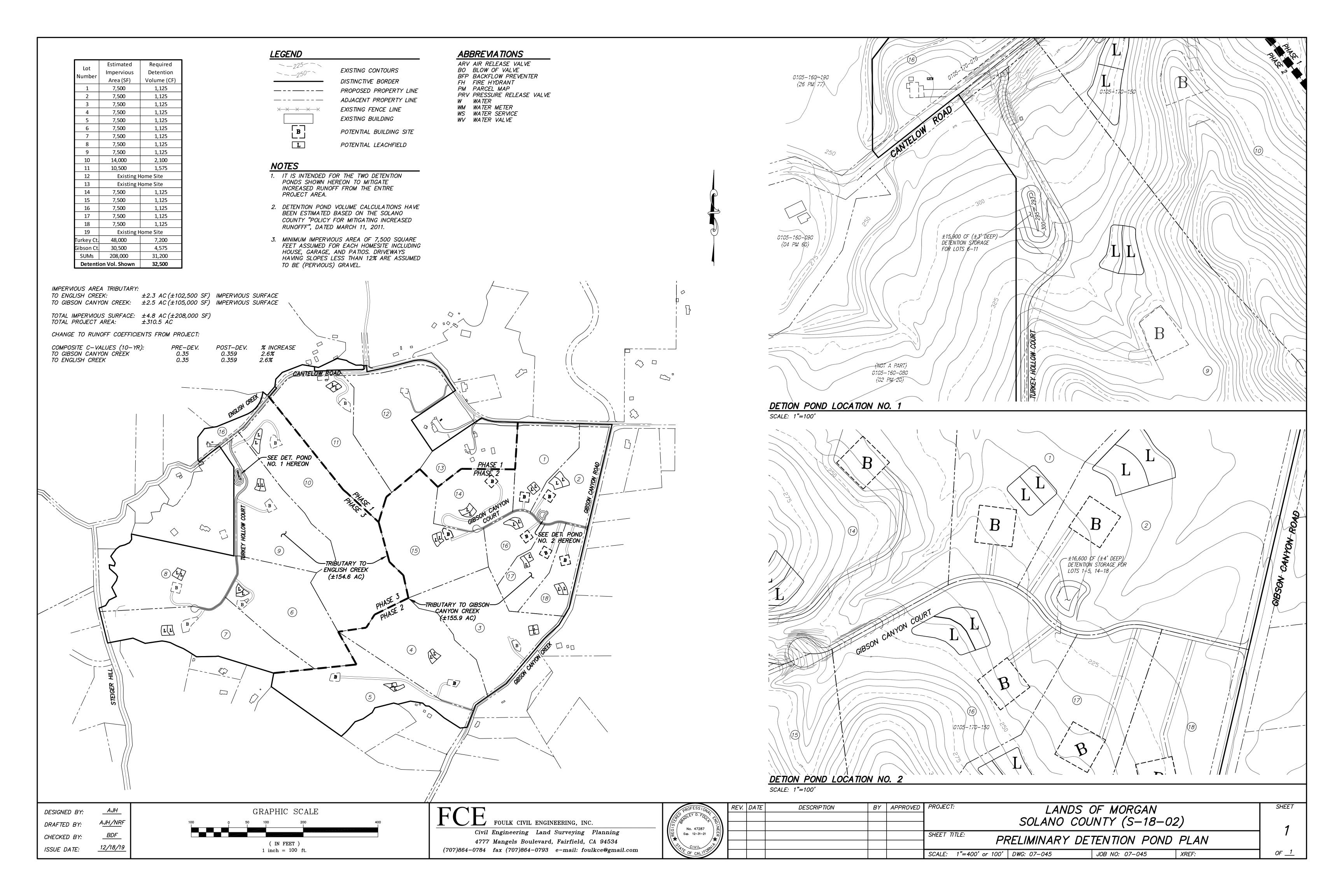
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### Solano County

675 Texas Street Fairfield, California 94533 www.solanocounty.com

#### Agenda Submittal

Agenda #: 2 Status: PC-Regular

Type: PC-Document Department: Planning Commission

File #: PC 20-008 Contact: Bill Emlen (707) 784-6765

Agenda date: 2/20/2020 Final action:

Title: Nominations and Elections of Chairperson and Vice Chairperson

Governing body: Planning Commission

**District:** 

Attachments: Planning Commission Appointment and Attendance Report (2019)

Date Ver. Action By Action Result

Published Notice Required? Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_X \_ Public Hearing Required? Yes \_\_\_\_ No \_X \_

#### **DEPARTMENTAL RECOMMENDATION:**

NAME	DISTRICT NO.	APPT. DATE/EXPIRATION	% OF MTG ATTENDANCE 2019	% OF MTG ATTENDANCE 2018
Johnny Walker	1	Feb 19, 2013 Jan 31, 2021	92% (12/13)	88% (15/17)
Paula Bauer	2	Mar 7, 2017 Jan 31, 2021	84% (11/13)	100% (17/17)
Kelly Rhoads- Poston	3	Feb 2,2010 Jan31, 2023	84% (11/13)	88% (15/17)
Kay Cayler	4	Feb 22, 2011 Jan 31, 2019	84% (11/13)	88% (15/17)
Gil Hollingsworth	5	Aug 5. 2014 Jan 31, 2021	100% (13/13)	100% (13/13)

<sup>\*</sup> Meetings attended / meetings held (February 1, 2019 - February 6, 2019)

## SOLANO COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION APPOINTMENT AND ATTENDANCE REPORT

February 20, 2020

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

NAME	DISTRICT NO.	APPT. DATE/EXPIRATION	% OF MTG ATTENDANCE 2019	% OF MTG ATTENDANCE 2018
		Feb 19, 2013		
Johnny Walker	1	Jan 31, 2021	92% (12/13)	88% (15/17)
		Mar 7, 2017		
Paula Bauer	2	Jan 31, 2021	84% (11/13)	100% (17/17)
Kelly		Feb 2,2010	84% (11/13)	88% (15/17)
Rhoads-Poston	3	Jan31, 2023		
		Feb 22, 2011		
Kay Cayler	4	Jan 31, 2019	84% (11/13)	88% (15/17)
		Aug 5. 2014		
Gil Hollingsworth	5	Jan 31, 2021	100% (13/13)	100% (13/13)

<sup>\*</sup> Meetings attended / meetings held (February 1, 2019 – February 6, 2019)