

Guidance for responding to COVID-19 in the workplace:

SOLANO PUBLIC HEALTH | July 16, 2020

This guidance is intended for use by employers experiencing a case or two of COVID-19 in their workplace. This guidance is **not** intended for managing cases in healthcare or congregate settings.

Employers should be proactive and keep in mind that identification of even a single positive case among employees may quickly develop into an outbreak.

1. Determine if the staff member was present at the facility while infectious

- If the staff member had symptoms (fever, chills, new cough, difficulty breathing, sore throat, body or muscle aches, fatigue, loss of taste or smell, headache, congestion or runny nose, loss of appetite, nausea/vomiting, or diarrhea), they are infectious 2 days before their symptoms first appeared until 10 days after. If the staff member was present at the facility during this time period, they may have exposed other staff members to the disease.
 - i. *For example, if a staff member had symptoms on July 3rd their infectious period is July 1st-13th. If they were at the facility from July 1st-13th, they may have exposed other staff members.*
- If the staff member had no symptoms, they are infectious 2 days before they were tested (or they were swabbed) until 10 days after. If the staff member was present at the facility during this time period, they may have exposed other staff members to the disease.
 - ii. *For example, if a staff member was tested/got swabbed on July 3rd their infectious period is July 1st-13th. If they were at the facility from July 1st-13th, they may have exposed other staff members.*
- If the staff member was not present at the facility during their infectious period none of the other staff members are considered exposed.
- **Return to work**
 - **Solano Public Health does not recommend retesting of positive individuals before they can return to work.** In many situations, remnants of the virus remain in the body for up to 2.5 months, and will cause a positive test result; however, **the person is no longer contagious 10 days after their symptoms first appeared (or for those with no symptoms, 10 days after they were swabbed or tested) and no longer transmits the virus.** Therefore, Solano Public Health **does not recommend asking for a negative test result** of a staff member that tested positive before they can return to work.
 - **We ask that you not request a staff member to provide a return to work letter from Solano Public Health.** Also, healthcare provider offices and medical facilities may be extremely busy and not able to provide a letter in a timely manner.
 - **Staff members that test positive are no longer considered infectious on the 11th day** after their symptoms first appeared (or for those with no symptoms, on the 11th day after they were swabbed or tested) and **may return to work on that day.** Again, do not request proof of a negative test or a return to work letter from Solano Public Health or the healthcare provider.
 - i. *In the above example, if the employee is infectious from July 1st-13th, they are no longer considered infectious on July 14th and, therefore, may return to work on July 14th.*

2. Identify close contacts

Maintaining the privacy of employees is a **must**. Remember, according to Public Law (Americans with Disabilities Act and Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act), you, the employer, must **maintain employees' privacy. Do not** name anyone who is sick unless they give you permission.

- Determine the last day that the staff member with COVID-19 was at the workplace.

For more information, visit www.solanocounty.com/publichealth or call the Public Health Coronavirus Warm Line at 707-784-8988.

- If you determine that they were at work during their infectious period, identify who had close contact with the person.
 - *A close contact is any individual within 6 feet for more than 15 minutes without a facial covering in place (for both the infected and exposed employees), having direct face-to-face contact, sharing food or eating utensils with the case, or being coughed or sneezed on by the case.*
- **Close contacts may continue to work** as long as they remain without symptoms. Advise the staff member to wear a mask, keep a distance of at least 6 feet and practice hand hygiene guidelines while in the facility.
- Close contacts should self-monitor for symptoms for 14 days after the last day of exposure.
- If symptoms develop, have them refrain from working and get tested with their provider or through OptumServe/LHI (lhi.care/covidtesting or call 888-634-1123 for an appointment).

3. Closing the facility

In most cases, you do not need to shut down the facility.

- If it has been less than 7 days since the sick staff member was in the facility, clean and disinfect all areas used by the sick employee following the CDC cleaning and disinfection recommendations at: <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/disinfecting-building-facility.html>
- If it has been 7 days or more since the sick staff member was in the facility, additional cleaning and disinfection is not necessary. Continue routinely cleaning and disinfecting all high-touch surfaces in the facility.
- Operations can resume as soon as the cleaning and disinfection is completed, wait 24 hours after cleaning if possible.

4. Clean and disinfect thoroughly

Cleaning includes:

- Open outside doors and windows to increase air circulation in the area, if possible.
- Clean and disinfect all areas used by the staff member, such as offices, bathrooms, common areas, shared electronic equipment like tablets, touch screens, keyboards, and remote controls.
- Clean dirty surfaces with soap and water before disinfecting them.
- Disinfect frequently touched surfaces including door knobs, tabletops, counters, phones, keyboards, and fixtures on an ongoing basis. To disinfect surfaces, use products that meet EPA criteria for use against SARS-Cov-2, the virus that causes COVID-19. The list can be found at: <https://www.epa.gov/pesticide-registration/list-n-disinfectants-use-against-sars-cov-2-covid-19>
- The CDC cleaning and disinfection recommendations can be found at: <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/disinfecting-building-facility.html>

5. Educate and train employees on good hand hygiene and how they can reduce the spread of COVID-19:

- Post the CDC printable flyer in the workplace: https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/downloads/Essential-Critical-Workers_Dos-and-Donts.pdf
- Post and circulate or email information advising any or all of the following social distancing best practices:
 - Hand hygiene.
 - Cough and sneeze etiquette: cover your mouth and nose with a tissue when you cough or sneeze or use the inside of your elbow. Throw used tissues in the trash and immediately wash hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. If soap and water are not available, use hand sanitizer containing at least 60% alcohol.
 - Avoid close contact with sick persons.
 - Wear facial coverings when in public and within 6 feet of others indoors at the workplace.
 - Avoid touching eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.
 - Avoid sharing personal items with co-workers (i.e. dishes, cups, utensils, towels, pens).

For more information, visit www.solanocounty.com/publichealth or call the Public Health Coronavirus Warm Line at 707-784-8988.

- Avoid using other employees' phones, desks, offices, or other work tools and equipment, when possible. If necessary, clean and disinfect them before and after use.
- Clean AND disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces such as workstations, keyboards, telephones, handrails, and doorknobs. Dirty surfaces can be cleaned with soap and water prior to disinfection.
- Stay home if you are sick, except to get medical care.
- Inform your supervisor if you have a sick family member at home with COVID-19.

6. Other General and Ongoing Recommendations

- Designate a workplace infection prevention coordinator to implement COVID-19 infection prevention procedures and to manage COVID-related issues among employees.
- Instruct employees to stay home if they are ill.
- Develop mechanisms for tracking exposed cases among employees.
- Ensure that sick leave policies are sufficiently generous and flexible to enable employees who are sick or those who are exposed to stay home without penalty.
- California has additional services for employees, including supplemental paid sick leave for food sector workers at companies with 500 or more employees nationwide.
- The Families First Coronavirus Response Act requires certain employers to provide employees with paid sick leave or expanded family and medical leave for specified reasons related to COVID-19.

Employers may also consult:

- CDC guidance for businesses and small businesses for information on preventing outbreaks;
- Cal/OSHA guidance to ensure that they are complying with legal requirements for worker protection; and
- the California statewide industry-specific guidance to reduce risk during and after reopening of businesses.

Understand requirements for reporting employee cases to Cal/OSHA.

- Any serious injury, illness, or death occurring in any place of employment or in connection with any employment must be reported by the employer to the local Cal/OSHA district office immediately. For COVID-19, this includes inpatient hospitalizations and deaths among employees.
- Employers should report serious injury, illness, and death, including hospitalization and death from COVID-19, even if work-relatedness is uncertain.
- Cal/OSHA prefers calls by phone but will also accept email reports (Cal/OSHA Accident Report inbox). Details on reporting, contact information for district offices, and the Title 8 section 342 requirement are available online.

Resources:

CDC FAQs for businesses: <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/community/general-business-faq.html>

My Employee Tested Positive, What Do I Do?

Quick Reference Checklist

■ **Have Them Stay Home**

The employee needs to stay home for ten days after symptoms started. If they never had symptoms, they need to stay home for 10 days after they took their COVID-19 test and should contact their healthcare providers.

■ **Close Contacts Self-Monitor**

Close contacts should self-monitor for 14 days after last date of exposure to the positive case. If possible, while waiting for test results, if employees that are close contacts could work away from others and away from the public, that would be ideal.

■ **Protect Employee Privacy**

HIPAA protects the employee's right to privacy. Workers who are not in that person's area are not at risk. Close contacts should be notified of the possible exposure to a case; never provide the name of the case.

■ **Clean And Sanitize**

Clean and Sanitize any areas where the employee worked.

My Employee Tested Positive, What Do I Do?

Quick Reference Checklist

Public Health Will Call Employee

Know that Public Health will call the person who tested positive and interview them. We will also call people who were in close contact with them to provide guidance.

What Point Would I Close?

At what point would I close the store/bank/warehouse? Follow your organization's guidelines as each situation will vary.

Contact Public Health

If you are notified that several employees have tested positive, please contact Solano County Public Health at Covid19@solanocounty.com or 707-784-8988.