

California Department of Public Health – May 2017

Pertussis: CDPH Case Definition



CLINICAL CASE DEFINITION:

In the absence of a more likely diagnosis, a cough illness lasting ≥2 weeks with at least one of the following:

- Paroxysms of coughing or
- Inspiratory "whoop" or
- Post-tussive vomiting; or
- Apnea (with or without cyanosis) (FOR INFANTS AGED <1 YEAR ONLY)

CONFIRMED

 An acute cough illness of any duration with isolation of B. pertussis from a clinical specimen.

or

 A case that meets the clinical case definition and is confirmed by detection of B. pertussis-specific nucleic acid by polymerase chain reaction (PCR).

or

 A case that meets the clinical case definition and is epidemiologically-linked directly to a laboratory-confirmed case of pertussis.

PROBABLE

 A case that meets the clinical case definition and is not laboratory-confirmed with culture or PCR and is not epidemiologically-linked directly to a confirmed case.

or, FOR INFANTS AGED <1 YEAR ONLY

- Acute cough illness of <u>any</u> duration, with at least one of the following:
 - Paroxysms of coughing; or
 - o Inspiratory "whoop"; or
 - o Post-tussive vomiting; or
 - Apnea (with or without cyanosis)

and at least one of the following:

- PCR positive for pertussis
- Contact to a laboratory-confirmed case of pertussis

SUSPECT

 An acute cough illness of any duration with detection of B. pertussis-specific nucleic acid by PCR.

or

 An acute cough illness of any duration with at least one of the following: (paroxysms of coughing, inspiratory "whoop", or post-tussive vomiting) that is epidemiologically-linked directly to a confirmed case.

(Only for use by local health jurisdictions in California)

PLEASE REPORT ALL CONFIRMED, PROBABLE AND SUSPECT CASES TO CDPH