Solano County

675 Texas Street Fairfield, California 94533 www.solanocounty.com



Agenda - Final

Thursday, June 21, 2018 7:00 PM

Board of Supervisors Chambers

Planning Commission

Any person wishing to address any item listed on the Agenda may do so by submitting a Speaker Card to the Clerk before the Commission considers the specific item. Cards are available at the entrance to the meeting chambers. Please limit your comments to five (5) minutes. For items not listed on the Agenda, please see "Items From the Public".

All actions of the Solano County Planning Commission can be appealed to the Board of Supervisors in writing within 10 days of the decision to be appealed. The fee for appeal is \$150.

Any person wishing to review the application(s) and accompanying information may do so at the Solano County Department of Resource Management, Planning Division, 675 Texas Street, Suite 5500, Fairfield, CA. Non-confidential materials related to an item on this Agenda submitted to the Commission after distribution of the agenda packet are available for public inspection during normal business hours and on our website at www.solanocounty.com under Departments, Resource Management, Boards and Commissions.

The County of Solano does not discriminate against persons with disabilities and is an accessible facility. If you wish to attend this meeting and you will require assistance in order to participate, please contact Kristine Sowards, Department of Resource Management at (707) 784-6765 at least 24 hours in advance of the event to make reasonable arrangements to ensure accessibility to this meeting.

AGENDA

CALL TO ORDER

SALUTE TO THE FLAG

ROLL CALL

APPROVAL OF AGENDA

APPROVAL OF THE MINUTES

There are no minutes for approval at this time.

ITEMS FROM THE PUBLIC:

This is your opportunity to address the Commission on a matter not heard on the Agenda, but it must be within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Commission. Please submit a Speaker Card before the first speaker is called and limit your comments to five minutes. Items from the public will be taken under consideration without discussion by the Commission and may be referred to staff.

REGULAR CALENDAR

1 PC 18-026

PUBLIC HEARING to consider Use Permit Application No. U-17-09 and Marsh Development Application No. MD-17-02 of Verizon Wireless for a new wireless telecommunications facility to be located near the intersection of Marshview Road, Goodyear Road and Interstate 680 on Assessor's Parcel Number 0046-110-280. (Project Planner: Karen Avery) Staff Recommendation: Approval

Attachments:

A - PC Resolution

B - APN Map

C - Neg Dec & Initial Study

D - Development Plans

E - Photosimulations

F - RF Study

G - Noise Study

2 PC 18-027

PUBLIC HEARING to consider an ordinance amending Chapter 28 of the Solano County Code to define the short-term rental of a dwelling as a "vacation house rental" and to authorize such land use, subject to an administrative or minor use permit, within the Agricultural, Rural Residential and Watershed Zoning Districts. (Project Planner: Michael Yankovich)

Attachments:

- A Vacation House Rental AdminMinor061418Ord1
- B Vacation House Rental Admin061418Ord 2

C - Map - Overallmap

C - Map - A-20

C - Map - ASV-20

C - Map - RR

C - Map - A-40 (2)

ANNOUNCEMENTS AND REPORTS

ADJOURN

To the Planning Commission meeting of July 5, 2018 at 7:00 P.M., Board Chambers, 675 Texas Street, Fairfield, CA



Solano County

675 Texas Street Fairfield, California 94533 www.solanocounty.com

Agenda Submittal

Agenda #: 1 Status: PC-Regular

Type: PC-Document Department: Planning Commission

File #: PC 18-026 Contact: Karen Avery, 707-784-6765

Agenda date: 6/21/2018 Final action:

Title: PUBLIC HEARING to consider Use Permit Application No. U-17-09 and Marsh Development

Application No. MD-17-02 of Verizon Wireless for a new wireless telecommunications facility to be located near the intersection of Marshview Road, Goodyear Road and Interstate 680 on

Assessor's Parcel Number 0046-110-280. (Project Planner: Karen Avery) Staff

Recommendation: Approval

Governing body:

District:

Attachments: A - PC Resolution

B - APN Map

C - Neg Dec & Initial Study
D - Development Plans
E - Photosimulations

F - RF Study
G - Noise Study

Date Ver. Action By Action Result

RECOMMENDATION:

The Department of Resource Management recommends that the Planning Commission:

- 1. Adopt the Negative Declaration and the mandatory and additional findings with respect to Use Permit U-17-09 and Marsh Development Permit MD-17-02 and;
- 2. Adopt the attached draft resolution and Approve Use Permit U-17-09 and Marsh Development Permit MD-17-02, subject to the findings and recommended conditions of approval.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

Verizon Wireless is requesting permit approval to construct a wireless telecommunication facility consisting of a 50' slimline monopole painted dark green within a 1189 sq. ft. lease area. The lease area will contain the ground equipment necessary to operate the site and will be enclosed by an 9' chain link fence with green privacy slats.

ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS:

Pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act pursuant to CEQA Guidelines, a Negative Declaration was prepared and circulated for public review. The public comment period will expire on June 18, 2018.

PROPERTY INFORMATION:

A. Applicant/Owner:

Complete Wireless Consulting on behalf of Verizon Wireless 2009 V Street Sacramento, CA 95818

B. General Plan Land Use Designation/Zoning:

General Plan: Agricultural

Zoning: Exclusive Agricultural "A-20"

C. Existing Use: Vacant

D. Adjacent Zoning and Uses:

North: Marsh Preservation (MP) - marshland/vacant

South: Exclusive Agricultural (A-20) - vacant

East: Marsh Preservation (MP) - marshland/vacant West: Exclusive Agricultural (A-20) - Interstate 680

ANALYSIS:

A. Environmental Setting

The project site is located near the intersection of Marshview Road and Goodyear Road to the east of Interstate 680 (I-680) in a rural area of Solano County. The property sites near the access ramp for northbound I-680. The 2.8-acre parcel is vacant of structures and is approximately 1.5 miles southeast of the boundary of the City of Fairfield.

The parcel is mostly flat with the elevation gradually increasing adjacent to the three roads, I-680 on-ramp, Goodyear and Marshview. Goodyear Road borders the property to the north and east followed by the Suisun Marsh. Marshview Road borders the property to the south and the northbound on-ramp to I-680 borders the project to the west. The parcel has several mature trees along the I-680 on-ramp and a couple of trees scattered along Goodyear Road. There is an existing barbed wire fence that runs partially along Marshview Road and then extends north along the on-ramp. The property is covered in grasses and some scattered shrubs. The closest residence is approximately 2600' on the west side of the southbound lanes of I-680.

B. Project Description

Verizon Wireless, the applicant, has discovered a coverage gap along I-680 between two of their existing wireless facilities. The applicant is requesting a conditional use permit and marsh development permit to construct a 50' wireless communication facility, a slimline monopole painted dark green, to provide better wireless coverage in the area. The applicant is also requesting that the Planning Commission grant an exception to the height limitation per Section 28.81(D)(5)(e). The allowed height for a wireless facility is 35' within the I-680 and the applicant is requesting 50'. The applicant had originally proposed a 65' standard monopole painted dark green; this design was rejected by staff due to concerns about the visual impact of the wireless site when driving along I-680. The applicant redesigned the site, proposing a slimline monopole versus the standard monopole, and proposing two antenna arrays versus one antenna array at the top of the 65' tower, also the applicant is proposing to mount the two antenna arrays closer to the pole than the standard antenna mounts. The current proposed project would consist of the following:

Monopole:

The proposed facility consists of a 50' slimline monopole painted dark green with the antennas divided into two

sectors or split centerlines. There will be a total of four (4), eight foot (8') panel antennas with two antennas centered at 46' and two antennas centered at 37' on the pole. The antenna mounts will be 1' apart on the pole and mounted close to the pole. The remote radio units and surge protectors are to be placed behind the antennas and painted dark green to match the antennas and monopole. All cables and wiring will be located within the monopole.

Equipment Compound:

The proposed 33' x 33' (1189 sf) lease area will be located underneath the monopole. The equipment compound will be surrounded by a 9' tall chain link fence with green privacy slats. The fence will be topped with barbed wire and will have a locking gate. The lease area will contain the outdoor equipment cabinets necessary to operate the site. The applicant is proposing to install the equipment cabinets on a 21' x 21' concrete pad of cell blocks to raise the equipment 2' above ground level. No emergency generator is proposed at this site.

Access and Utilities:

The tower will be located within the parcel approximately 125' west off Goodyear Road. The applicant is proposing a new 15' wide gravel driveway off Goodyear Road to access the facility. Power and land-based telecommunications service will be provided from a nearby joint utility pole located near the proposed monopole. All power and telco lines to the monopole will be located underground. No water or septic is required as the site is unmanned. There will be a parking space and turnaround area for monthly service technician near the equipment compound.

C. General Plan and Zoning Consistency

The proposed project would occur on land designated Agriculture per the Solano County General Plan. The property is also within the Secondary Management Area of the Suisun Marsh which requires approval of a marsh development permit for development of a telecommunications facility within the Secondary Management Area.

The site is located on land zoned Agricultural (A-20). This designation allows new wireless telecommunications facilities subject to approval of a Conditional Use Permit by the Planning Commission. Per Section 28.81(D)(5) (b) of the Solano county Zoning Regulations, all wireless facilities constructed within ¾ mile of a designated scenic corridor shall conform with the height limit in the zoning district in which they are located. The proposed wireless facility is located within ¾ mile of Interstate 680, which is a designated scenic corridor in the Solano County General Plan. The height limit in the A-20 zoning district is 35'. The proposed monopole is 50'. The applicant is requesting that the Planning Commission grant an exception to this height limitation per Section 28.81(D)(5)(e).

D. Alternatives Analysis

Section 28.81(F) of the Wireless Ordinance requires an Alternatives Analysis to be prepared for Use Permits considered before the Planning Commission. The Alternatives Analysis shall include, at a minimum, these three considerations for siting a new wireless facility: 1) co-location at all existing wireless facilities; including facilities in an adjacent city or county; 2) lower, more closely spaced wireless communication facilities; and 3) mounting on an existing non-residential structure within 2-miles of the proposed facility.

The Alternatives Analysis submitted by the applicant stated that there were no existing wireless communications facilities within the desired coverage area in which to co-locate Verizon's antennas. The study also stated that there were no existing non-residential structures to co-locate as well. The applicant approached five additional property owners about the possibility of siting a wireless facility on their property. However, after multiple attempts to reach two of the property owners, those sites were abandoned. Three of the other sites were determined to be in the Marsh Preservation District which allows wireless facilities but in

this area of the marsh, the water level is higher and there are concerns about the aesthetics of siting a facility within the marsh. The analysis concluded that the proposed location was the most appropriate.

E. Visual Analysis

Section 28.81(G) of the Wireless Ordinance requires a Visual Analysis for a facility considered before the Planning Commission and located within ¾ mile of a designated scenic roadway. Figure RS-5 of the General Plan identifies Interstate 680, as the nearest scenic roadway. A Visual Analysis was prepared and submitted by the applicant for the initial project application for a 65' monopole with one antenna array consisting of 6 antennas located at the top. As mentioned above, the applicant redesigned the wireless facility to a 50' slimline monopole with two antenna arrays with two antennas each centered at 46' and 37'. The applicant submitted a series of photo simulations (Attachment E) of the site showing the proposed slimline monopole as it would be viewed from various locations within the vicinity of the project. The photo simulation of the site looking southeast from across I-680 is the most visible to southbound travelers specifically. However, while the site is still visible, the proposed slimline monopole at a reduced height and the 9' chain link fence with privacy slats surrounding the equipment compound, combined with the speed of travelers on I-680, staff concluded that the proposed design would have a less than significant visual impact to passers-by.

F. Radio-Frequency Exposure Review

Section 28.81(H) of the Wireless Ordinance requires the preparation of a radio-frequency (RF) exposure review for the project. Verizon Wireless has submitted the results of a radio frequency (RF) study prepared by Hammett & Edison, Inc. (Attachment F). The study evaluated the RF exposure level of the wireless facility with proposed Verizon antennas and equipment configuration. The study concluded that the site will comply with FCC guidelines limiting public exposure to RF energy.

G. Noise Assessment

The applicant submitted a noise study conducted by Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc. which concluded that the outdoor equipment cabinet noise levels would satisfy the noise standards in the Solano County General Plan and Zoning Regulations of 65 dB Ldn at the nearest property line. (Attachment G)

H. Development Review Committee

As part of the project review process, the application is reviewed by various divisions within the Department of Resource Management:

Environmental Health Division

The Environmental Health Division responded that the applicant will need to contact the Hazardous Materials Section of the Environmental Health Division to verify whether or not a hazardous materials business plan is needed for the site. This requirement is listed as a condition of approval below.

Public Works Engineering

The Public Works Engineering Division reviewed the project and will be requiring the applicant to construct the proposed assess driveway from Goodyear Road to meet Solano County Road Improvement Standards. The project may require a grading permit; this will be determined during the building permit review process. These comments are included in the conditions of approval listed below.

Building Division

The Building Division reviewed the project and commented that the applicant will need to apply for a building permit prior to start of construction. Conditions of approval describing the necessary building application

submittal materials are listed below.

I. Outside Agency Review

Cordelia Fire District

The project location is within the Cordelia Fire District. The District reviewed the project and has provided comments for addressing the property, address signage and the requirement for the installation of a Knox lock box for emergency access purposes. These requirements are included in the conditions of approval below.

California Department of Transportation - District 4

The project application and environmental document were submitted to Caltrans District 4 for their review and comment. Caltrans responded that should the applicant need access through a State right-of-way, the applicant will need to obtain an encroachment permit and submit a traffic control plan to District 4 for review and approval. A condition of approval reflecting this requirement is included below.

J. Recommendation

Staff recommends approval of the Verizon wireless telecommunications facility at the intersection of I-680, Marshview and Goodyear Roads based on the Findings, Additional Findings, and with the Conditions of Approval discussed below.

FINDINGS:

- 1. The establishment, maintenance, or operation of the proposed use is in conformity with the County General Plan with regard to traffic circulations, population densities and distribution, and other aspects of the General Plan.
- The operation and maintenance of a wireless communication facility is consistent with the goals, objectives, and policies of the Solano County General Plan, including but not limited to the Land Use, Resources, and Public Facilities and Service Chapters.
- 2. Adequate utilities, access roads, drainage and other necessary facilities have been or are being provided.

Vehicular access to the site will be via Goodyear Road with internal access via a proposed driveway. Utilities will be provided by existing power poles within the area. All utilities serving the site will be underground. Building plans will be reviewed and approved by the Solano County Building and Safety Division before a permit is issued. The facility will be unmanned and does not require a source for domestic drinking water or private septic system.

3. The subject use will not, under the circumstances of the particular case, constitute a nuisance or be detrimental to the health, safety, peace, morals, comfort or general welfare of persons residing or working in or passing through the neighborhood of such proposed use, or be detrimental or injurious to property and improvements in the neighborhood or to the general welfare of the County.

The Solano County Development Review Committee has reviewed the project application and determined that the project should not present a detrimental or injurious impact on surrounding properties.

ADDITIONAL FINDINGS:

4. The proposed facility complies with applicable sub-sections of Wireless Communications Facilities,

Sec. 28.81 of the Zoning Regulations.

- **5.** The RF Environmental Evaluation Report for the facility shows that the cumulative radio-frequency energy emitted by the facility and any near-by facilities will be consistent with FCC regulations.
- **6.** The facility blends in with its existing environment and will not have significant visual impacts. The Planning Commission grants a height exception for the slimline monopole to 50' based on the conclusions from the visual analysis.
- 7. The addition of the wireless communications facility will not have a significant incremental impact on the environment. A Negative Declaration was prepared and circulated for the project which found no significant impacts.

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL:

General

- 1. Approval is hereby granted to Verizon Wireless to establish a wireless communication facility in accord with the application materials and development plans submitted with Use Permit Application U-17-09 and Marsh Development Application MD-17-02 and as approved by the Solano County Planning Commission. The approval includes the construction of a 50' slimline monopole painted dark green, with four (4), eight foot (8') panel antennas with two antennas centered at 46' and two antennas centered at 37' feet on the pole. The remote radio units and surge protectors are to be placed behind the antennas and painted a dark green to match the antennas and monopole. All cables and wiring will be located within the monopole. The equipment 1189 sq. ft. equipment compound is to be surrounded by a 9' tall chain link fence with green privacy slats.
- 2. Pursuant to Section 28.81(J) of the Wireless Ordinance, the subject use permit shall be granted for a fixed term of ten (10) years and shall expire June 21, 2028. Consideration of a new land use permit is required should the need for the wireless communication facility remain upon permit expiration.
- 3. No additional uses (including outdoor storage), new or expanded buildings shall be established or constructed beyond those identified on the approved development plans without prior approval of a new, revised, or amended use permit.
- **4.** All requirements of the Federal Communications Commission including RF signage shall be met prior to building permit issuance and operation of the subject facility.
- **5.** The permittee shall take such measures as may be necessary or as may be required by the County to prevent offensive noise, lighting, dust or other impacts which constitute a hazard or nuisance to surrounding properties.
- **6.** The premises shall be maintained in a neat and orderly manner and kept free of accumulated debris and junk
- 7. Upon termination or expiration of the subject use permit, the proposed wireless communication infrastructure shall be removed from the site. All equipment, including concrete pads, shall be removed within 90 days of discontinuation of the use and the site shall be restored to its original pre-construction condition. The County shall have access across the subject property to effect such removal.
- **8.** As proposed, all on-site utility lines leading to and connecting the leased areas and equipment shelters shall be located underground.

- **9.** The applicant may be required to repaint or otherwise re-color the antennas, supporting structure and any portion of the wireless facility so as to match the original color if
- **10.** All facility components including, but not limited to, monopole, antennas, microwave dishes, remote radio units, equipment cabinets, chain link fence/privacy slats, shall be maintained in good condition, including ensuring the facilities are reasonably free of:
 - a. Rust and corrosion;
 - b. Chipped, faded, peeling and cracked paint;
 - c. Graffiti, bill, stickers, advertisements, litter and debris; and
 - d. Broken or misshapen structural parts

The applicant shall repaint any damaged, faded, peeling paint to original quality and cover or remove graffiti as part of regular maintenance.

Building & Safety Division

- **11.** The structure any site improvements shall be designed using the 2016 California Building Standards Codes including the mandatory measures found in the new 2016 California Green Building Code, Chapter(s) 1,2,3,5,6,7,8, and A5 for Voluntary Measures
- 12. Prior to any construction or improvements taking place, a Building Permit Application shall be submitted as per Section 105 of the 2016 California Building Code, or the latest edition enforced at the time of building permit application. "Any owner or authorized agent who intends to construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, demolish, or change the occupancy of a building or structure, or to erect, install, enlarge, alter, repair, remove, convert, or replace any electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system, the installation of which is regulated by this code, or to cause any such work to be done, shall first make application to the building official and obtain the required permit."
- **13.** A geotechnical/soils report will be required for the construction of new buildings.
- 14. Plans and Specifications shall meet the requirements as per Section 107 of the 2016 California Building Code. "Construction documents, statement of special inspections and other data shall be submitted in one or more sets with each permit application. The construction documents shall be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statues of the jurisdiction which the project is to be constructed. Where special conditions exist, the building official is authorized to require additional construction documents to be prepared by registered design professional. Electronic media documents are permitted when approval of the building official. Construction documents shall be of sufficient clarity to indicate the location nature, and extent of the work proposed and show in detail that it will conform to the provisions of this code and relevant law, ordnances, rules and regulations, as determined by the building official."
- **15.** Any equipment rooms located in a special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) must be elevated at least 1 foot above the base flood elevation. If the base flood elevation is unknown, the equipment rooms shall be elevated 3 feet above the highest adjacent grade.
- 16. The building permit plans shall include a code analysis as listed below and the design shall be under the 2016 California Codes and all current rules, regulations, laws and ordinances of the local, state and federal requirements. Upon building permit submittal, the licensed architect shall provide a code analysis for each building or structure such as:
 - a. Type of Construction
 - b. Seismic Zone and Wind Design
 - c. Location on property

d. Height of all structures

Environmental Health Division

17. The maximum potential volume of hazardous materials stored at the facility shall be calculated, and if required, the facility shall submit a hazardous materials business plan to Solano county Hazardous Materials Section.

Public Works Engineering

- **18.** The applicant shall apply for, secure and abide by the conditions of a grading permit prior to any onsite grading. The applicant shall submit improvement plans to Public Works Engineering for review and approval by the appropriate official. The review of plans and inspection of the construction is subject to fees to cover the cost to Public Works Engineering.
- 19. The Applicant shall apply for secure ad abide by the conditions of an encroachment permit for any planned or any existing driveway connections to Marshview or Goodyear Road that do not have an existing encroachment permit issued by Solano County. All driveway connections to public roads shall meet Solano County Road Improvement Standards and Land Development Requirements.

Cordelia Fire District

- **20.** The applicant shall purchase and install a Knox lock box to ensure access to the site for emergency personnel.
- 21. The site shall be assigned an address and the address signage shall be legible and visible.

Caltrans (District 4) - Office of Transit and Community Planning

22. Any work or traffic control that encroaches onto the State right-of-way requires an encroachment permit that is issued by the Department of Transportation, District 4. To apply, a completed encroachment permit application, environmental documentation and five set of plans indicating State right-of-way must be submitted to the Office of Permits in Oakland. All traffic-related mitigation measures should be incorporated into the construction plans during the encroachment permit process.

ATTACHMENTS:

- A Draft Resolution
- **B** Assessor Map
- **C** Draft Initial Study and Negative Declaration
- **D** Development Plans
- E Site Photo Simulations
- **F** Radio-frequency Study Hammett and Edison, Inc.
- **G** Noise Study Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc.

SOLANO COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION RESOLUTION NO. XX

WHEREAS, the Solano County Planning Commission has considered Use Permit Application No. U-17-09 and Marsh Development Permit Application No. MD-17-02 of Verizon Wireless c/o Complete Wireless Consulting, Inc. (Hwy 680 Cygnus) to install a 65' monopole with associated ground equipment as part of a wireless telecommunications facility to be located on a 2.8-acre parcel zoned Exclusive Agricultural "A-20" off Marshview and Goodyear Road as they intersect with Interstate 680. The site is approximately 1.5 miles southeast of the City of Fairfield, APN: 0046-110-280, and;

WHEREAS, the Commission has reviewed the report of the Department of Resource Management and heard testimony relative to the subject application at the duly noticed public hearing held on April 5, 2018 which was continued to May 5, 2018 and then again to June 21, 2018 and:

WHEREAS, after due consideration, the Planning Commission has made the following findings in regard to said proposal:

1. The establishment, maintenance, or operation of the proposed use is in conformity with the County General Plan with regard to traffic circulations, population densities and distribution, and other aspects of the General Plan.

The operation and maintenance of a wireless communication facility is consistent with the goals, objectives, and policies of the Solano County General Plan, including but not limited to the Land Use, Resources, and Public Facilities and Service Chapters.

2. Adequate utilities, access roads, drainage and other necessary facilities have been or are being provided.

Vehicular access to the site will be via Goodyear Road with internal access via a proposed driveway. Utilities will be provided by existing power poles within the area. All utilities serving the site will be underground. Building plans will be reviewed and approved by the Solano County Building and Safety Division before a permit is issued. The facility will be unmanned and does not require a source for domestic drinking water or private septic system.

3. The subject use will not, under the circumstances of the particular case, constitute a nuisance or be detrimental to the health, safety, peace, morals, comfort or general welfare of persons residing or working in or passing through the neighborhood of such proposed use, or be detrimental or injurious to property and improvements in the neighborhood or to the general welfare of the County.

The Solano County Development Review Committee has reviewed the project application and determined that the project should not present a detrimental or injurious impact on surrounding properties.

- **4.** The proposed facility complies with applicable sub-sections of Wireless Communications Facilities, Sec. 28.81 of the Zoning Regulations.
- 5. The RF Environmental Evaluation Report for the facility shows that the cumulative radio-frequency energy emitted by the facility and any near-by facilities will be consistent with FCC regulations.

- 6. The facility blends in with its existing environment and will not have significant visual impacts. The Planning Commission grants a height exception for the slimline monopole to 50' based on the conclusions from the visual analysis.
- 7. The addition of the wireless communications facility will not have a significant incremental impact on the environment. A Negative Declaration was prepared and circulated for the project which found no significant impacts.

BE IT, THEREFORE, RESOLVED, that the Planning Commission of the County of Solano does hereby approve Use Permit Application No. U-17-09 and Marsh Development Permit Application No. MD-17-02 subject to the following recommended conditions of approval:

General

- 1. Approval is hereby granted to Verizon Wireless to establish a wireless communication facility in accord with the application materials and development plans submitted with Use Permit Application U-17-09 and Marsh Development Application MD-17-02 and as approved by the Solano County Planning Commission. The approval includes the construction of a 50' slimline monopole painted dark green, with four (4), eight foot (8') panel antennas with two antennas centered at 46' and two antennas centered at 37' feet on the pole. The remote radio units and surge protectors are to be placed behind the antennas and painted a dark green to match the antennas and monopole. All cables and wiring will be located within the monopole. The equipment 1189 sq. ft. equipment compound is to be surrounded by a 9' tall chain link fence with green privacy slats.
- 2. Pursuant to Section 28.81(J) of the Wireless Ordinance, the subject use permit shall be granted for a fixed term of ten (10) years and shall expire June 21, 2028. Consideration of a new land use permit is required should the need for the wireless communication facility remain upon permit expiration.
- 3. No additional uses (including outdoor storage), new or expanded buildings shall be established or constructed beyond those identified on the approved development plans without prior approval of a new, revised, or amended use permit.
- **4.** All requirements of the Federal Communications Commission including RF signage shall be met prior to building permit issuance and operation of the subject facility.
- 5. The permittee shall take such measures as may be necessary or as may be required by the County to prevent offensive noise, lighting, dust or other impacts which constitute a hazard or nuisance to surrounding properties.
- **6.** The premises shall be maintained in a neat and orderly manner and kept free of accumulated debris and junk
- 7. Upon termination or expiration of the subject use permit, the proposed wireless communication infrastructure shall be removed from the site. All equipment, including concrete pads, shall be removed within 90 days of discontinuation of the use and the site shall be restored to its original pre-construction condition. The County shall have access across the subject property to effect such removal.
- **8.** As proposed, all on-site utility lines leading to and connecting the leased areas and equipment shelters shall be located underground.

- **9.** The Permittee may be required to repaint or otherwise re-color the antennas, supporting structure and any portion of the wireless facility so as to match the original color if
- **10.** All facility components including, but not limited to, monopole, antennas, microwave dishes, remote radio units, equipment cabinets, chain link fence/privacy slats, shall be maintained in good condition, including ensuring the facilities are reasonably free of:
 - a. Rust and corrosion:
 - b. Chipped, faded, peeling and cracked paint;
 - c. Graffiti, bill, stickers, advertisements, litter and debris; and
 - d. Broken or misshapen structural parts

The Permittee shall repaint any damaged, faded, peeling paint to original quality and cover or remove graffiti as part of regular maintenance.

Building & Safety Division

- 11. The structure any site improvements shall be designed using the 2016 California Building Standards Codes including the mandatory measures found in the new 2016 California Green Building Code, Chapter(s) 1,2,3,5,6,7,8, and A5 for Voluntary Measures
- 12. Prior to any construction or improvements taking place, a Building Permit Application shall be submitted as per Section 105 of the 2016 California Building Code, or the latest edition enforced at the time of building permit application. "Any owner or authorized agent who intends to construct, enlarge, alter, repair, move, demolish, or change the occupancy of a building or structure, or to erect, install, enlarge, alter, repair, remove, convert, or replace any electrical, gas, mechanical or plumbing system, the installation of which is regulated by this code, or to cause any such work to be done, shall first make application to the building official and obtain the required permit."
- **13.** A geotechnical/soils report will be required for the construction of new buildings.
- 14. Plans and Specifications shall meet the requirements as per Section 107 of the 2016 California Building Code. "Construction documents, statement of special inspections and other data shall be submitted in one or more sets with each permit application. The construction documents shall be prepared by a registered design professional where required by the statues of the jurisdiction which the project is to be constructed. Where special conditions exist, the building official is authorized to require additional construction documents to be prepared by registered design professional. Electronic media documents are permitted when approval of the building official. Construction documents shall be of sufficient clarity to indicate the location nature, and extent of the work proposed and show in detail that it will conform to the provisions of this code and relevant law, ordnances, rules and regulations, as determined by the building official."
- 15. Any equipment rooms located in a special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) must be elevated at least 1 foot above the base flood elevation. If the base flood elevation is unknown, the equipment rooms shall be elevated 3 feet above the highest adjacent grade.
- 16. The building permit plans shall include a code analysis as listed below and the design shall be under the 2016 California Codes and all current rules, regulations, laws and ordinances of the local, state and federal requirements. Upon building permit submittal, the licensed architect shall provide a code analysis for each building or structure such as:

- a. Type of Construction
- b. Seismic Zone and Wind Design
- c. Location on property
- d. Height of all structures

Environmental Health Division

17. The maximum potential volume of hazardous materials stored at the facility shall be calculated, and if required, the facility shall submit a hazardous materials business plan to Solano county Hazardous Materials Section.

Public Works Engineering

- 18. The Permittee shall apply for, secure and abide by the conditions of a grading permit prior to any onsite grading. The Permittee shall submit improvement plans to Public Works Engineering for review and approval by the appropriate official. The review of plans and inspection of the construction is subject to fees to cover the cost to Public Works Engineering.
- 19. The Permittee shall apply for secure ad abide by the conditions of an encroachment permit for any planned or any existing driveway connections to Marshview or Goodyear Road that do not have an existing encroachment permit issued by Solano County. All driveway connections to public roads shall meet Solano County Road Improvement Standards and Land Development Requirements.

Cordelia Fire District

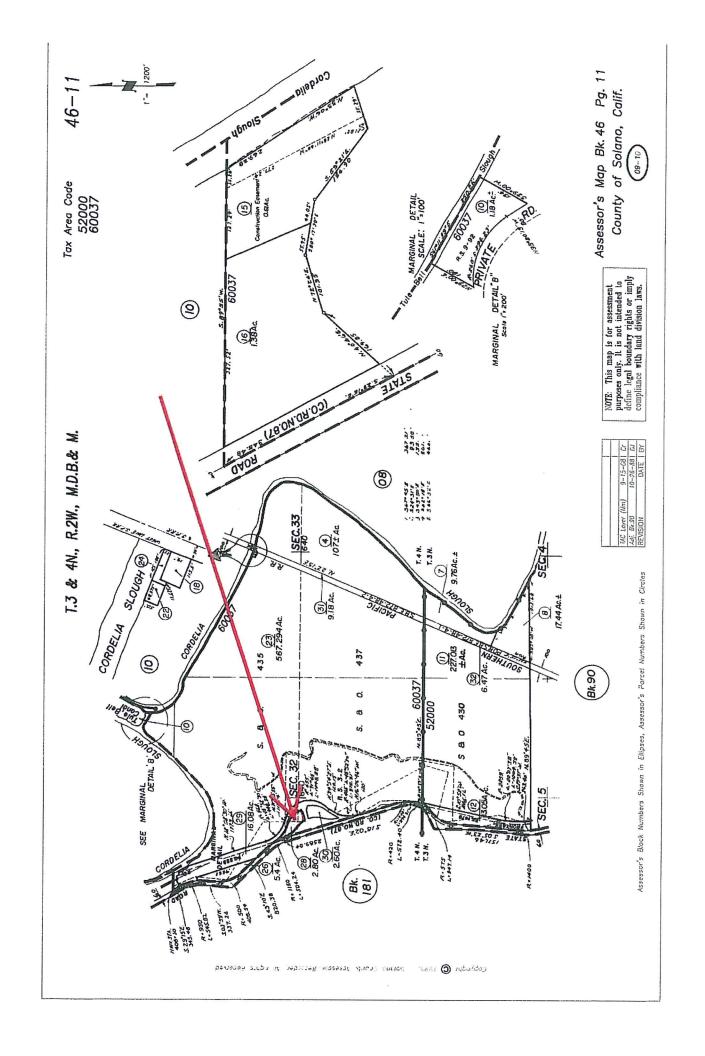
- **20.** The Permittee shall purchase and install a Knox lock box to ensure access to the site for emergency personnel.
- **21.** The site shall be assigned an address and the address signage shall be legible and visible.

Caltrans (District 4) - Office of Transit and Community Planning

22. Any work or traffic control that encroaches onto the State right-of-way requires an encroachment permit that is issued by the Department of Transportation, District 4. To apply, a completed encroachment permit application, environmental documentation and five set of plans indicating State right-of-way must be submitted to the Office of Permits in Oakland. All traffic-related mitigation measures should be incorporated into the construction plans during the encroachment permit process.

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was adopted at the regular meeting of the Solano County Planning Commission on June 21, 2018 by the following vote:

AYES:	Commissioners	
NOES:	Commissioners	
EXCUSED:	Commissioners	
		By:
		Bill Emlen, Secretary



NEGATIVE DECLARATION OF THE SOLANO COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

PROJECT TITLE:

Use Permit U-17-09 & Marsh Development Permit MD-17-02 Verizon Wireless (Hwy 680/Cygnus)

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION:

Environmental Setting:

The project site is located near the intersection of Marshview Road and Goodyear Road to the east of Interstate 680 (I-680) in a rural area of Solano County. The property sits near the access ramp for northbound Interstate 680. The 2.8-acre parcel is vacant of structures and is approximately 1.5 miles southeast of the boundary of the City of Fairfield. The project site is located on Assessor's Parcel Number (APN) 0046-110-280.

The parcel is mostly flat with the elevation gradually increasing adjacent to the three roads, I-680 on-ramp, Goodyear and Marshview. Goodyear Road borders the property to the north and east followed by the Suisun Marsh. Marshview Road borders the property to the south and the northbound on-ramp to I-680 borders the project to the west. The parcel has several mature trees along the I-680 on-ramp and a couple of trees scattered along Goodyear Road. There is an existing barbed wire fence that runs partially along Marshview Road and then extends north along the on-ramp. The property is covered in grasses and some scattered shrubs.

Project Description:

The applicant, Verizon Wireless, is requesting a conditional use permit and marsh development permit to construct a 50' wireless communication facility, a slimline monopole painted dark green, in the southwest corner of the parcel. The project would consist of the following:

Monopole:

The proposed facility consists of a 50' slimline monopole painted dark green with the antennas divided into two sectors or split centerlines. There will be a total of four (4), eight foot (8') panel antennas with two antennas centered at 46' and two antennas centered at 37' on the pole. The antenna mounts will be 1' apart on the pole. The remote radio units and surge protectors are to be placed behind the antennas and painted dark green to match the antennas and monopole. All cables and wiring will be located within the monopole.

Equipment Compound:

The proposed 33' x 33' (1189 sf) lease area is to be located underneath the monopole. The equipment compound will be surrounded by a 9' tall chain link fence with green privacy slats. The lease area will contain all the outdoor equipment cabinets necessary to operate the site. The applicant is proposing to install the equipment cabinets on a 21' x 21' concrete pad of cell blocks to raise the equipment 2' above ground level. No emergency generator is proposed for this site.

Access and Utilities:

The tower will be located within the parcel approximately 125' west off Goodyear Road. The applicant is proposing a new 15' wide gravel driveway off Goodyear Road to access the facility. Power and land-based telecommunications service will be provided from a nearby joint utility pole

located near the proposed tower. All power and telco lines will be located underground. No water or septic is required as the site is unmanned.

FINDINGS:

The Solano County Department of Resource Management has evaluated the Initial Study which was prepared in regards to the project. The County found no potentially significant adverse environmental impacts likely to occur. The County determined that the project qualifies for a Negative Declaration. The Initial Study of Environmental Impact, including the project description, findings and disposition, are attached.

PREPARATION:

This Negative Declaration was prepared by the Solano County Department of Resource Management. Copies may be obtained at the address listed below.

Michael Yankovich, Planning Program Manager

Solano County Dept. of Resource Management

675 Texas Street, Suite 5500

Fairfield, CA 94533 (707) 784-6765

Verizon Use Permit No. U-17-09 & Marsh Development Permit No. MD-17-02

Draft Initial Study and Mitigated Negative Declaration



View of proposed cell tower location.

May 16, 2018

Prepared By
Department of Resource Management
County of Solano

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DEPARTMENT OF RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PART II OF INITIAL STUDY OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS

Introduction

The following analysis is provided by the Solano County Department of Resource Management as a review of and supplement to the applicant's completed "Part I of Initial Study". These two documents, Part I and II, comprise the Initial Study prepared in accordance with the State CEQA Guidelines, Section 15063.

Project Title:	Verizon Wireless (Hwy 680/Cygnus)
Application Number:	U-17-09 and MD-17-02
Project Location:	Northwest corner of Marshview Road and Goodyear Road, off I-680 outside of Fairfield
Assessor Parcel No.(s):	0046-110-280
Project Sponsor's Name and Address:	Complete Wireless Consulting on behalf of Verizon Wireless 2009 V Street Sacramento, CA 95818

General Information

This document discusses the proposed project, the environmental setting for the proposed project, and the impacts on the environment from the proposed project and any measures incorporated which will minimize, avoid and/or provide mitigation measures for the impacts of the proposed project on the environment.

IIIIC	
	Please review this Initial Study. You may order additional copies of this document from the Planning Services Division, Resource Management Department, County of Solano at 675 Texas Street, Suite 5500, Fairfield, CA, 94533.
	We welcome your comments. If you have any comments regarding the proposed project, please send your written comments to this Department by the deadline listed below.
	Submit comments via postal mail to
	Planning Services Division Resource Management Department Attn: Karen Avery, Senior Planner 675 Texas Street Suite 5500 Fairfield, CA 94533
	Submit comments via fax to: (707) 784-4805 Submit comments via email to: kmavery@solanocounty.com Submit comments by the deadline of: June 18, 2018

Next Steps

After comments are received from the public and any reviewing agencies, the Department may recommend that the environmental review is adequate and that a Negative Declaration be adopted or that the environmental review is not adequate and that further environmental review is required.

ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINATION

On the basis of this initial study:

	I find the proposed project could not have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
	I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because the project proponent has agreed to revise the project to avoid any significant effect. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
	I find the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT (EIR) is required.
	I find the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, but at least one effect has been (1) adequately analyzed in a previous document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (2) addressed by mitigation measures based on the previous analysis as described in the attached initial study. An EIR is required that analyzes only the effects that were not adequately addressed in a previous document.
	I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, no further environmental analysis is required because all potentially significant effects have been (1) adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (2) avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are included in the project, and further analysis is not required.
<u>Μα</u> ate	Karen Avery Senior Planner

1.0 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING and PROJECT DESCRIPTION

1.1 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING:

The project site is located near the intersection of Marshview Road and Goodyear Road to the east of Interstate 680 (I-680) in a rural area of Solano County. The property sits near the access ramp for northbound Interstate 680. The 2.8-acre parcel is vacant of structures and is approximately 1.5 miles southeast of the boundary of the City of Fairfield. The project site is located on Assessor's Parcel Number (APN) 0046-110-280.

The parcel is mostly flat with the elevation gradually increasing adjacent to the three roads, I-680 on-ramp, Goodyear and Marshview. Goodyear Road borders the property to the north and east followed by the Suisun Marsh. Marshview Road borders the property to the south and the northbound on-ramp to I-680 borders the project to the west. The parcel has several mature trees along the I-680 on-ramp and a couple of trees scattered along Goodyear Road. There is an existing barbed wire fence that runs partially along Marshview Road and then extends north along the on-ramp. The property is covered in grasses and some scattered shrubs.

1.2 PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The applicant, Verizon Wireless, is requesting a conditional use permit and marsh development permit to construct a 50' wireless communication facility, a slimline monopole painted dark green, in the southwest corner of the parcel. The project would consist of the following:

Monopole:

The proposed facility consists of a 50' slimline monopole painted dark green with the antennas divided into two sectors or split centerlines. There will be a total of four (4), eight foot (8') panel antennas with two antennas centered at 46' and two antennas centered at 37' on the pole. The antenna mounts will be 1' apart on the pole. The remote radio units and surge protectors are to be placed behind the antennas and painted dark green to match the antennas and monopole. All cables and wiring will be located within the monopole.

Equipment Compound:

The proposed 33' x 33' (1189 sf) lease area is to be located underneath the monopole. The equipment compound will be surrounded by a 9' tall chain link fence with green privacy slats. The lease area will contain all the outdoor equipment cabinets necessary to operate the site. The applicant is proposing to install the equipment cabinets on a 21' x 21' concrete pad of cell blocks to raise the equipment 2' above ground level (see Appendices 6.7). No emergency generator is proposed for this site.

Access and Utilities:

The tower will be located within the parcel approximately 125' west off Goodyear Road. The applicant is proposing a new 15' wide gravel driveway off Goodyear Road to access the facility. Power and land-based telecommunications service will be provided from a nearby joint utility pole located near the proposed tower. All power and telco lines will be located underground. No water or septic is required as the site is unmanned.

1.2.1 ADDITIONAL DATA:

NRCS Soil Classification:	Class II and III

Agricultural Preserve Status/Contract No.:	N/A
Non-renewal Filed (date):	
Airport Land Use Referral Area:	Zone C – proposed tower below 100' no review required by Airport Land Use Commission
Alquist Priolo Special Study Zone:	N/A
Primary or Secondary Management Area of the Suisun Marsh:	Secondary Management Area
Primary or Secondary Zone identified in the Delta Protection Act of 1992:	N/A
Other:	None

1.2.2 Surrounding General Plan, Zoning and Land Uses

	General Plan	Zoning	Land Use
Property	Agriculture/	A-20	Vacant
North	Marsh/Resource Conservation Overlay	MP- Marsh Preservation	Marsh
South	Agriculture/Travis Reserve Overlay	A-20	Vacant
East	Marsh/Resource Conservation	MP- Marsh Preservation	Marsh
West	Agriculture	A-20	Interstate 680

1.3 CONSISTENCY WITH EXISTING GENERAL PLAN, ZONING, AND OTHER APPLICABLE LAND USE CONTROLS:

1.3.1 General Plan

The proposed project would occur on land designated Agriculture per the Solano County General Plan. The property is also within the Secondary Management Area of the Suisun Marsh which requires approval of a marsh development permit for development of a telecommunications facility within the Secondary Management Area.

1.3.2 Zoning

The site is located on land zoned Agricultural (A-20). This designation allows new wireless telecommunications facilities subject to approval of a Conditional Use Permit by the Planning Commission. Per Section 28.81 (D)(5)(b) of the Solano County Zoning Regulations, all wireless facilities constructed within ¾ mile of a designated scenic corridor shall conform with the height limit in the zoning district in which they are located. The proposed wireless facility is located within ¾ mile of Interstate 680, which is a designated scenic corridor in the Solano County General Plan. The height limit in the A-20 zoning district is 35'. The proposed monopole is 50'. The applicant is requesting that the Planning Commission grant an exception to this height limitation per Section 28.81(D)(5)(e).

1.4 Permits and Approvals Required from Other Agencies (Responsible, Trustee and Agencies with Jurisdiction):

Initial Study and Negative Declaration Verizon Wireless (Hwy 680 & Cygnus) (U-17-09 & MD-17-02)

1.41 Agencies that May Have Jurisdiction over the Project

- a. Federal Communications Commission (FCC)
- b. California Public Utility Commission (CPUC)

AFFECTED ENVIRONMENT, ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES AND AVOIDANCE, MINIMIZATION AND/OR PROTECTION MEASURES

This chapter discusses the potential for adverse impacts on the environment. Where the potential for adverse impacts exist, the report discusses the affected environment, the level of potential impact on the affected environment and methods to avoid, minimize or mitigate for potential impacts to the affected environment.

Findings of SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

Based on the Initial Study, Part I as well as other information reviewed by the Department of Resource Management, the project does not have the potential for significant impacts to any environmental resources.

Findings of LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT Due to Mitigation Measures Incorporated into the Project

Based on the Initial Study, Part I as well as other information reviewed by the Department of Resource Management, the following environmental resources were considered and the potential for significant impacts were reduced to less than significant due to mitigation measures incorporated into the project. A detailed discussion of the potential adverse effects on environmental resources is provided below:

Findings of LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Hydrology and Water

Based on the I	nitial Study, Part I as w	ell as the review of t	he proposed pr	oject by the Department of
Resource Man	agement, the following	environmental reso	urces were con	sidered and the potential for
impact is consi	dered to be less than s	ignificant. A detailed	I discussion of t	he potential adverse effects
on environmen	tal resources is provide	ed below:		•
	Aesthetics		Noise	
	Geology and Soils			

Findings of NO IMPACT

Based on the Initial Study, Part I as well as the review of the proposed project by the Department of Resource Management, the following environmental resources were considered but no potential for adverse impacts to these resources were identified. A discussion of the no impact finding on environmental resources is provided below:

Initial Study and Negative D Verizon Wireless (Hwy 680 (U-17-09 & MD-17-02)	

		Agricultural Resources Air Quality Biological Resources Cultural Resources		Population Public Se	n & Housing	9	
	Ō	Hazards & Hazardous Materials		Recreation		ffic	
		Land Use Planning Mineral Resources		•	Service Sys		
2.1 Would	Aesthet Id the proje			Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
						The state of the s	COMPANIES AND CONTRACTOR AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR
a.	Have a su	ubstantial adverse effect on a scenic vist	a?				
a. b.	Substanti	ubstantial adverse effect on a scenic vistorially damage scenic resources, including, d to, trees, rock out-croppings, and historially within a state scenic highway?	but				
	Substanti not limited buildings Substanti	ally damage scenic resources, including, d to, trees, rock out-croppings, and histor	but ic				

Discussion

Increase the amount of shading on public open space

(e.g. parks, plazas, and/or school yards)?

a-c. Section 28-81(D)(5)(b) (Solano County Zoning Regulations) General Requirements describes the requirements which all wireless communication facilities must meet. These requirements state that wireless communication facilities constructed within ¾ mile from a designated scenic corridor may not exceed the height limit established within the zoning district in which the site is located. The project site is located adjacent to Interstate 680 which is designated a scenic corridor by the Resources Chapter of the Solano County General Plan. The proposed monopole is within an A-20 zoning district which has a height limit of 35'. The applicant is proposing a 50' slimline monopole. Section 28.81(D)(5)(e) allows the applicant to apply for an exception to the height limitation and the Planning Commission has the authority to grant this exception and approve a wireless project exceeding the height limit established within a zoning district. In this case, the applicant is requesting such an exception be granted by the Planning Commission.

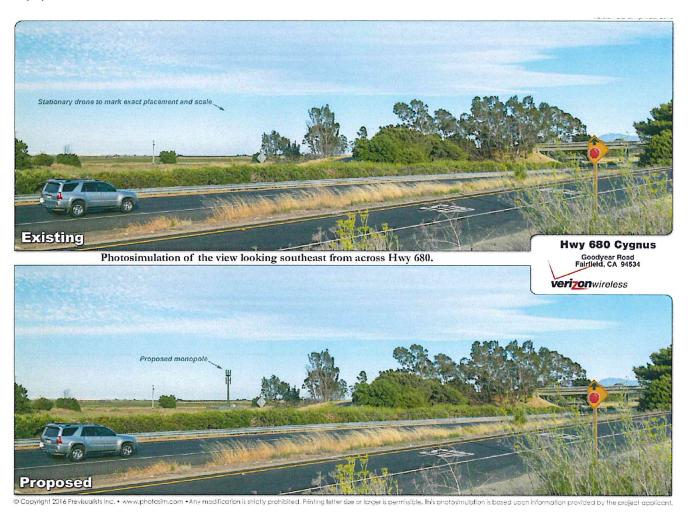
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The applicant submitted a series of photo simulations (Appendices -6.5) of the site showing the proposed monopole as it would be viewed from various locations within the vicinity of the project. The

photo simulation of the view looking southeast from across Interstate 680 (shown below) is the most visible to passers-by in this rural area of Solano County. The photo simulation shows the proposed 50' slimline monopole, painted dark green, with the two separate antenna arrays mounted closely to the pole.

Per this photo simulation and project drawings submitted by the applicant, the equipment cabinets are proposed to be located within an equipment compound surrounded by a 9' chainlink fence with green slat inserts. The height of the fence and opaque nature of the fence is designed to screen the equipment cabinets from view.



While the project is still visible, the slimline monopole painted dark green is shorter in stature than existing trees in the area which helps blend the pole into the surroundings. The 9' tall chainlink fence with green slats screens the equipment cabinets from public view. When considering the speed of the traffic flow of southbound travelers along this portion of I-680, where the speed limit is 65 mph, visual impacts to passers-by should be *less than significant*.

d. The project plans indicate that there will be two downward facing LED lights that will be located within the compound near the equipment cabinets. These lights will be the only lights in the area as there are no street lights in the vicinity. These lights will create a new light source, especially if these lights remain on during nighttime hours. However, the application states that the lights are operated by motion sensor which should reduce nighttime lighting impacts. Less than significant impacts expected.

Initial Study and Negative Declaration
Verizon Wireless (Hwy 680 & Cygnus)
(U-17-09 & MD-17-02)

e. The project would not increase shading on public open space. No impact.

	Agricultural Resources Id the project	Significant Impact	Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				
b.	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				
C.	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use?				

Discussion:

a-c. The subject parcel is zoned for agricultural uses with Class II and III soils. The parcel is not under an active Williamson Act contract. Since the construction of Interstate 680 in the 1970's, there is no evidence that the 2.8-acre parcel was used for crops or grazing land, this could be due to the size and location of the parcel near the freeway. The property is zoned Agricultural-20, which allows a wireless communications facility with an approved use permit. The proposed facility will not lead to the conversion of adjacent agricultural property to non-agricultural use. *No impacts* to agricultural resources are anticipated.

2.3	•	Significant	Less Than Significant Impact With	Less Than Significant	No
Chec	cklist Items: Would the project	Impact	Mitigation	Impact	Impact
a.	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicab air quality plan?	le 🗆			
b.	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantia to an existing or projected air quality violation?	illy _			
C.	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of a criteria pollutant for which the project region is classifie as non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions that exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?	ď			
d.	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant				II

Veriz	Study and Negative Declaration on Wireless (Hwy 680 & Cygnus) 7-09 & MD-17-02)				
ag marininin indiputely i majamiya (_e) gan kuli gan en en en	concentrations?			PRI SE AL TERRO E PORT TORANCO PPER ALLA SE POPO LA PORTECCIÓN DE LA ALACACIÓN	
е.	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?				
a-e.	tussion: The project site is in a rural area of Solano County a				
plans Serv amo prop addit	agement District. The project will have no impacts or s established by the BAAQMD. Once the facility is ice technicians will visit the site on a monthly basis unt of traffic will have no impact on the air quality for osed telecommunication facility would not cause tional pollutant concentrations, or objectionable odors	established No other or the spec a substant	l, the site was site visits sific parcel cial increas pacts to air	vill remain u are anticipa or general a e of new e	inmanned. ated. The area. The emissions,
2.4 Chec	Biological Resources	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With	Less Than Significant	No Impact
a.	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?	·	Mitigation	Impact	
b.	Have a substantial adverse effect on any aquatic, wetland, or riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
C.	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc., through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
d.	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridor or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?	s,			
e.	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				

Verizo							
(U-17-	Study and Negative Declaration on Wireless (Hwy 680 & Cygnus) -09 & MD-17-02)						
f.	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?						
Disc	ussion:						
prope Solar	e project site was disturbed during the construction erty is located within the Secondary Management no County General Plan did not designate this area ibly due to its previous disturbance and proximity to the	Area of the as a prior	ne Suisun rity habitat	Marsh. Howarea per Fi	wever, the gure RS-2		
b-f. The proposed project would not interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites, conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance, or conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan. No impact .							
	Cultural Resources klist Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant	No Impact		
а.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance		willyallon	Impact	Impact		
	of an historical resource as defined in CEQA Guidelines §15064.5?						
b.	of an historical resource as defined in CEQA Guidelines	s []					
b. c.	of an historical resource as defined in CEQA Guidelines §15064.5? Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to CEQA	s []					
WOTERSTON SHEET STREET SHEET S	of an historical resource as defined in CEQA Guidelines §15064.5? Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to CEQA Guidelines §15064.5? Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological	s []					

Initial Study and Negative Declaration Verizon Wireless (Hwy 680 & Cygnus) (U-17-09 & MD-17-02)

2.6	Geology and Soils	Significant	Less Than Significant Impact With	Less Than Significant	No
Chec	klist Items: Would the project	Impact	Mitigation	Impact	Impact
a. 1)	Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as described on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or base on other substantial evidence of a known fault? (Refer Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.)	d 🗌			
2)	Strong seismic ground shaking?				
3)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			22.0	
4)	Landslides?				
b.	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				
C.	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, differential settlement, liquefaction or collapse?				
d.	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1- of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substanti risks to life or property?				
e.	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?				

Discussion:

a-i,ii. The Public Health and Safety Chapter of the General Plan indicates that the area is near the Green Valley Fault which runs north/south along I-680 thru the Cordelia and Green Valley areas of Fairfield. Rupture of this fault or any fault, could expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects and strong ground shaking. However, properly designed structures, using the current Uniform Building Code requirements, should reduce any damage from ground shaking and impacts are considered to be **less than significant**.

a.iii & c. Figure HS-9 (Liquefaction Potential) of the Health and Safety chapter in the General Plan, shows the subject property to be located within an area of medium liquefaction potential. A geotechnical study will be required for any building permit approval to ensure the foundation for the monopole and equipment cabinets meet the required standards for the soil conditions on site. Thus impacts are anticipated to be **less than significant**.

Initial Study and Negative Declaration Verizon Wireless (Hwy 680 & Cygnus) (U-17-09 & MD-17-02)

- a.iv. The project site is not located in an area known for landslides, per Solano County General Plan Figure HS-8 Landslide Stability. **No impact**.
- b. The placement of the cell block foundation for the monopole and equipment cabinets will require a minimal amount of surface displacement and should not result in a substantial loss of topsoil. **No impacts** are expected.
- d. As noted above, the site specific geotechnical studies would be required at the time of building permit application. This would verify the absence or presence of potentially expansive soils and any mitigation necessary. Therefore, impacts are expected to be **less than significant**.
- e. The communications facility is unmanned and will not require the installation of a waste water disposal system. No impacts to soils with regard to septic systems are anticipated. **No impact**.

	Greenhouse Gas Emissions klist Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?	or			
b.	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?	of			

- a. No one single project can have a significant impact on greenhouse gas emissions (GhG) as the impact of GhG emissions is considered to be global in nature. **No impact.**
- b. As proposed, the project should not conflict with goals and policies of the Solano County Plan which are intended to reduce or indirectly reduce GhG emissions. Nor would the project conflict with the County's recently adopted Climate Action Plan (June 2011). Less than significant impact.

	Hazards and Hazardous Materials	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				
b.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?	d			
C.	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste with one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?	nin 🔲			
					15

Verizo	Study and Negative Declaration on Wireless (Hwy 680 & Cygnus) -09 & MD-17-02)		
d.	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?		
e.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?		
f.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?		
g.	Impair implementation of, or physically interfere with, an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?		
h.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?		
Disc	ussion:		

a-d. The project site is not listed on a list of hazardous materials site and the applicant has indicated that no hazardous materials will be stored on the property. The applicant is required to submit a report to the FCC indicating compliance of the proposed facility with appropriate guidelines limiting human exposure to radio frequency electromagnetic fields. A study was conducted by Hammett & Edison, Inc. (Appendices 6.4) which concluded that the proposed project would comply with the prevailing standards for limiting public exposure to radio frequency energy and the proposal would not cause a significant impact on the environment. **No impacts** are anticipated.

e-f. The project is located within Zone C of the Travis Air Force Base Land Use Compatibility Plan. Per the Travis Air Force Airport Land Use Table 1, because the height of the proposed monopole is not greater than 100', the site is not required to be reviewed by the Solano Airport Land Use Commission. The proposed monopole is also below the height of the Federal Aviation Requirements Part 77 surface area height requirements as shown in Figure 3. The site is unmanned and no people are expected to be effected by the proposed project; therefore, **no impact** should occur.

g-h. The project would not impair the implementation or physically interfere with an emergency response or evacuation plan. The project site is not located in an area of high fire risk and should not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss. **No impact**.

Initial Study and Negative Declaration Verizon Wireless (Hwy 680 & Cygnus) (U-17-09 & MD-17-02)

2.9	Hydrology and Water	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				
b.	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production refere-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?	f ate 🔲			
C.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the sor area, including the alteration of the course of a strea or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on-or off-site?				
d.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the sor area, including through the alteration of the course of stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner that would result flooding on-or off-site?	fa 🔲			
e.	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed t capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?	he 🗆			
f,	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				
g.	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a Federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
h.	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures th would impede or redirect flood flows?	at			
i.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss injury, or death involving flooding, including flooding as result of the failure of a levee or dam?				
j.	Be subject to inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow	v? 🔲			
Disc	ussion:				

Initial Study and Negative Declaration Verizon Wireless (Hwy 680 & Cygnus) (U-17-09 & MD-17-02)

- a-i. The project is an unmanned telecommunications facility and therefore poses no impact to groundwater since neither water wells nor septic systems are proposed. According to FEMA maps, the property is located within a 100-year flood zone (Zone AE) (Panel #06095C0463F 08/03/2016). The 1189 square foot compound will be covered in ¾" crushed stone which is permeable. The monopole and equipment cabinets will be placed on foundation of cell blocks (441 square feet). These cell blocks sit on top of a prepared surface but are removable. The cell blocks are 7' x 7' and are 2' thick. The 441 square foot foundation would not substantially alter the direction of storm water runoff; as a result, no impact is expected. The proposed construction would not violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements. No waste water is expected to be produced as part of this project. A less than significant impact to water quality or waste discharge is expected.
- j. Per the Health and Safety Chapter of the Solano County General Plan, the proposed project is located in an area prone to inundation due to dam or levee failure, seiche, tsunami, or mudflow. The wireless facility is unmanned and is proposed to be built 2' above the existing elevation and possibly more if through the building permit process, a higher elevation is required. Therefore, the project will have a **less than significant impact**.

	Land Use and Planning klist Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Physically divide an established community?				
b.	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?	ct			
C.	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan on natural community conservation plan?	or			

Discussion:

a-c. The project would not divide an established community as the project is in a rural area of Solano County. The project site is zoned Agricultural (A-20) which allows wireless telecommunications facilities with an approved use permit. The General Plan designates the subject property as Agriculture. The project site is within the Secondary Management Area of the Suisun Marsh which requires approval of a marsh permit for the wireless facility. The applicant is applying for both the use permit and marsh development permit. The project, as proposed, will not conflict with any habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan. **No impacts** are expected.

2.11	Mineral Resources		Less Than			
Check	list Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
a.	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the					
					18	8

Initial Study and Negative Declaration Verizon Wireless (Hwy 680 & Cygnus) (U-17-09 & MD-17-02)							
	residents of the state?	ann Marian an Alba, gan ag		and the state of t			
b.	Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?						
Discu	ssion:						
a-b. There are no known mineral resources of value to the region in the project area and no locally important mineral resource recovery sites delineated in County documents. Therefore, no mineral resources will be lost and no impacts will occur.							
2.12 Check	Noise	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact		
a.	Exposure of persons to, or generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plator noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?						
b.	Exposure of persons to or generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?						
C.	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise level in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?	els					
d.	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?						
e.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?						
f.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, wou the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?	ld 🔲					
Discu	ssion:						
a-d. There will be minor short term and long term noise associated with the proposed communications facility. Minor short-term noise will result from the operation of construction equipment and would continue until construction is completed in an estimated 30-45 days.							

An Environmental Noise Analysis was conducted by Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc. dated June 21, 2016 (Appendices 6.6). The noise generated on the site would come from the equipment cabinets operating within the compound. The analysis studied the cabinets and air conditioning unit proposed to be used at the site. The study concluded that the sound level at nearest property line would be 51 dBLdn which is below the standards set forth by the Solano County General Plan for Agricultural Zoning (75 Ldn) and within the 65 dB Ldn limit stated in Section 28.70.10 of the Land Use Regulations of the Solano County Zoning Regulations. The proposed project will have a **less than significant impact** in regards to noise.

There may be a minor increase in long-term ambient noise level from the equipment cabinets. The equipment cabinets contain a fan component for cooling the equipment should the equipment begin to overheat. The need for the fans occurs mostly in the daytime hours when daytime temperatures are higher and rarely during the cooler evenings. The nearest residence is approximately 2600' from the edge of the compound. Per the Solano County General Plan, noise reduction reduces up to 6 decibels per doubling of distance from the point source. The predicted noise level would be less than 20 dB Leq which is less than the 50 dBLeq decibel limits as established by the General Plan and Zoning Regulations. Again, the proposed project would have a less than significant impact.

e-f. The project is located in Zone C of the Travis Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan; however, the site is unmanned and will not expose people to excessive noise. **No impact.**

	Population and Housing	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?	<u></u>			
b.	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
C.	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating construction of replacement housing elsewhere?	the \square			

Discussion:

a-c. The proposed project will not induce population growth directly or indirectly or construct infrastructure that could induce population growth. The project does not involve the displacement of homes or people or necessitate construction of more housing elsewhere. **No impact.**

2.14	Public Services	Significant	Less Than Significant Impact	Less Than	
Check	list Items: Would the project	Impact	With Mitigation	Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Result in substantial adverse physical impacts associate with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:	ch			
1)	Fire Protection?				
2)	Police Protection?				
3)	Schools?				
4)	Parks?				
5)	Other Public Facilities?				
Discu	ssion:				
The p	roject itself will have a minimal effect on public serv	ices.			
statior projec) The Fire District has adequate facilities and this particle facilities. The Sheriff's Department has adequate twould not require the need for new schools or particle for public services.	e facilities a	ind staff to	serve the a	rea. The
2.15	Recreation list Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With	Less Than Significant	No
a.	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of facility would occur or be accelerated?		Mitigation	Impact	Impact
b.	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities to might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
C.	Physically degrade existing recreational resources?				
					21

Discussion:

a-c. The proposed project would not increase the number of use of existing parks or other recreational facilities, nor require the construction or expansion of new recreational facilities nor physically degrade existing recreational resources. **No impact**.

	Transportation and Traffic	Significant	Less Than Significant Impact With	Less Than Significant	No
Check	list Items: Would the project	Impact	Mitigation	Impact	Impact
а.	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into acco all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestriand bicycle paths, and mass transit?				
b.	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standard and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways	□ s?			
C.	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including eithe an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				The annual section and the sec
d.	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible land uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				
е.	Result in inadequate emergency access?				
f.	Result in inadequate parking capacity?				
g.	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle or pedestrian facilities of otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?	or \square			

Discussion:

a,b,e,f. After initial construction, the only vehicular traffic associated with the project would be routine monthly maintenance visits by service technicians. The addition of one visit per month by the cellular carrier would not represent an impact to Goodyear Road which is maintained by Solano County Public Works Engineering. This small increase in traffic would not have significant impacts on the existing traffic load and capacity of the street systems. There would be no impact to level of service standard, change in air traffic patterns, or impact to emergency access or parking capacity. The applicant has

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designed a new driveway access from Goodyear Road. The gravel access road will be 15' wide and will provide parking and turning radius for a service vehicle as well as emergency vehicles. **No impact**.

- c. The project is located near Travis Air Force Base but the height of the monopole is 50' and does not require further study by the Airport Land Use Commission. **No impact**.
- g. The proposed project does not conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation. **No impact**.

2.16	Utilities and Service Systems	Significant	Less Than Significant Impact With	Less Than Significant	No
Check	list Items: Would the project	Impact	Mitigation	Impact	Impact
a.	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				
b.	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause signification environmental effects?	ant 🗆			
C.	Require or result in the construction of new stormwater drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
d.	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				
e.	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it had adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?	as			
f.	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				
g.	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				

Discussion:

a-g. Wastewater and potable water are not required for this telecommunications facility and this project will not generate any wastewater. Power and telephone service will be obtained from existing power poles located on the property via a proposed utility easement. All utilities will be located underground. **No impacts** are anticipated.

	Mandatory Findings of Significance ist Items: Would the project	Significant Impact	Less Than Significant Impact With Mitigation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a.	Does the project have the potential to (1) degrade the quality of the environment, (2) substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, (3) cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, (5) reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or (6) eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?	(4)			J
b.	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? "Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection w the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects.				
C.	Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				

Discussion:

- a. The project will not have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of an endangered, rare, or threatened species, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory.
- b. The project will not have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable.
- c. The project will not have environmental effects, which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly.

3.0 Agency Coordination and Public Involvement

3.1 Consultation and Coordination with Public Agencies

The Initial Study is being circulated for public comment.

3.2 Public Participation Methods

The Initial Study is available at the Solano County Department of Resource Management and online at the Department's Planning Services Division website at:

http://www.solanocounty.com/depts/rm/documents/eir/default.asp

Interested parties may contact the planner assigned to this project at the contact points provided below:

Karen Avery Senior Planner Planning Services Division Resource Management Department 675 Texas Street Suite 5500 Fairfield, CA 94533

PHONE: (707) 784-6765 FAX: (707) 784-4805

EMAIL: kmavery@solanocounty.com

4.0 List of Preparers

This Initial Study was prepared by the Solano County Department of Resource Management. The following staff and consultants contributed to the preparation of this Initial Study:

Solano County Department of Resource Management Staff

5.0 Distribution List

State Agencies

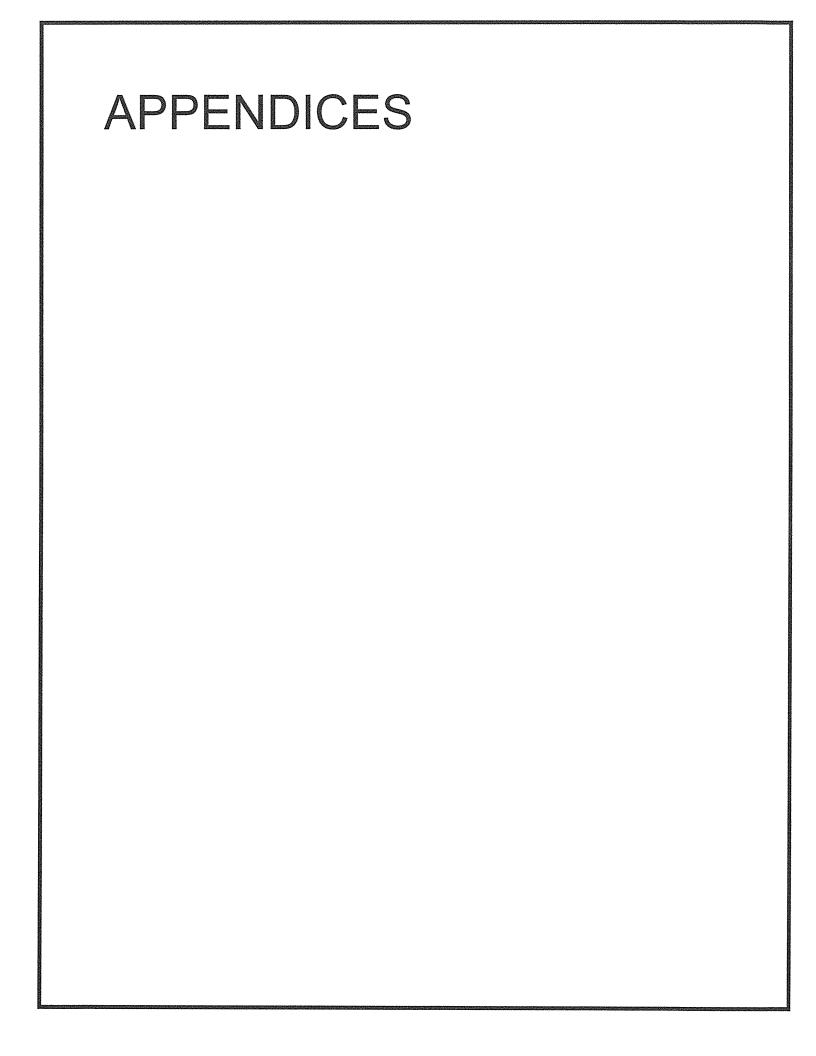
Caltrans – District 4 Oakland San Francisco Bay Conservation and Development Commission

County

Marsh Development Permit Contact List

6.0 Appendices

- 6.1 Initial Study, Part I Use Permit application
- 6.2 Assessor's Parcel Map
- 6.3 Development Plans
- 6.4 EMF Exposure Study Hammet & Edison, Inc. June 20, 2016
- 6.5 Photo Simulations of Site
- 6.6 Noise Analysis Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc. June 21, 2016
- 6.7 Cell Block Design Information



6.1

Project Support Statement Rev. 1 Verizon Wireless

Site Name: Hwy 680 Cygnus

Location: NW Corner of Marshview Rd. and Goodyear Rd., Fairfield, CA

APN: 0046-110-28

Introduction

Verizon Wireless is seeking to improve communications service to residences, businesses, public services, and area travelers in Solano County, California. Verizon maintains a strong customer base in Solano County and strives to improve coverage for both existing and potential customers. The proposed facility is needed to bring coverage to Highway 680 between two other Verizon sites along this highway named "Hwy 680/Goldhill" to the north and "Hwy 680/Parish" to the south. This project will expand Verizon's existing network and improve call quality, signal strength, and wireless connection services in Solano County. The improved wireless service will benefit residents, local businesses, public services, and roadway safety throughout the region.

Location/Design

Verizon Wireless proposes building a new wireless telecommunication facility at the northwest corner of Marshview Road and Goodyear Road along I-680 near Fairfield. The property is located in the Exclusive Agriculture (A-20) zone. The surrounding area consists of similarly zoned (A-20) parcels. The Suisun Marsh is to the east of the area, but the subject parcel is not within the boundaries of the Marsh Preservation zone. According to Jaime Michaels, Principal Permit Analyst of the San Francisco Bay Area Conservation and Development Commission (BCDC), the subject parcel is in the secondary management area and BCDC does not have permitting authority over this project. The parcel is 2.80 acres and is currently being used as a vacant lot. The facility will consist of a new 50' slimline monopole and associated ground equipment installed in an undeveloped area in the southwest quadrant of the parcel. There are no dwellings in the vicinity of this site. The facility is located within 34 of a mile of Interstate 680, which is designated as a scenic highway in the Solano County General Plan.

Project Description

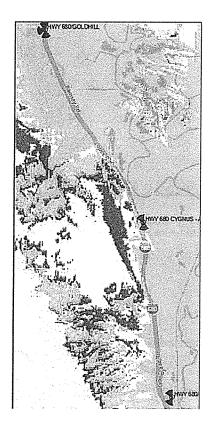
The proposed facility consists of four (4) Verizon Wireless panel antennas with associated equipment mounted on a new 50' monopole painted green. The 33' x 33' lease area will have a 9' tall chain link fence with green privacy slats at the perimeter to conceal all equipment from public view. The fence will be topped with barbed wire and will have a locking gate. The lease area will contain all equipment for the facility at the base of the monopole structure, including outdoor equipment cabinets. All ground equipment will be installed on a 21' x 21' concrete pad of cell blocks to raise the equipment 2' above ground level to accommodate the base flood elevation. The unmanned facility will be continuously electronically monitored to provide enhanced wireless network coverage 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

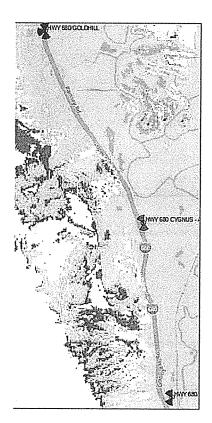
A previously submitted design for this site included a 65' tall monopole with 6 panel antennas installed with a 62' centerline height. This design was considered by the County but rejected due to concerns about the visual impact in the CEQA analysis based on the proximity to I-680. In response to these concerns, the currently proposed 50' tall slimline monopole reduced the overall

height and number of antennas, as well as minimizing the distance from the pole to the antennas. A total of four antennas are divided into two centerlines with two antennas each, further minimizing the profile of this monopole. These changes are proposed in order to satisfy the visual impact component of CEQA review that caused concern with the previous design. Due to the proximity of the facility to I-680, a designated scenic highway in the Solano County General Plan, a lower overall height of 50' is proposed as a compromise to be closer to the zone maximum height while still filling a significant coverage gap in this area.

Facility Need and Coverage Maps

Below, please see the comparison of the two maps. The first map shows the target area currently lacking wireless coverage on the Verizon Wireless network. The second map show what the coverage will be like upon activation of the proposed facility. The uncolored areas show poor or no coverage, the area shown in red shows some outdoor and indoor coverage, the area marked in yellow shows some indoor coverage and good outdoor coverage, and the area marked in green indicates good indoor, in-car, and outdoor coverage. Please note that much of the red and yellow areas are replaced by green following activation of the proposed facility along the targeted section of I-680.





As shown in these coverage maps, the target area (map center, labeled "Hwy 680 Cygnus") is filled with much more green, indicating far greater indoor and in car coverage along in the area surrounding the proposed facility, especially along I-680, providing much better coverage for travelers along this busy highway. Some areas that were red are now yellow, indicating new incar service where previously there was none. Two other existing Verizon Wireless facilities are marked on the map as "Hwy680/Goldhill" to the north and "Hwy680/Parrish" to the south.

Larger versions of these coverage maps are provided with this application.

Public Benefits of Improved Wireless Service

Modern life has become increasingly dependent upon wireless communications. Wireless access is critical to many facets of everyday life, such as safety, recreation, and commerce. This site will allow current and future Verizon Wireless customers to have access to wireless services in the areas shown on the Coverage Maps included in this application. Additionally, this site will serve as a backup to the existing landline service in the area and will provide improved wireless communication, which is essential to first responders, community safety, local businesses and area residents. As a backup system to traditional landline phone service, mobile phones have proven to be extremely important during natural disasters and other catastrophes.

Aesthetic Impacts

The previously proposed facility included a 65' tall monopole with 6 antennas at one centerline height. This was the height determined necessary by the Verizon Wireless RF Engineer for the signal to reach the intended service area and to provide redundancy in the event of an outage of other facilities in the area. CEQA Review by Solano County based including the scenic highway component found that the justification of redundancy was insufficient to compensate for the visual impact caused by the 65' height.

Due to this, the County rejected the 65' design and the Verizon Wireless RF Engineer redesigned the facility to have a lower height of 50' with split centerlines and only 4 total antennas. The proposed 50' tall facility height complies with the County's development standards for wireless facilities in the A-20 zoning designation, and has been designed at its minimum functional height, and is also closer to the zone height maximum imposed by the General Plan due to its proximity to the scenic I-680 corridor. Please see Site Plans included in this application for elevation drawings and the included photosimulations.

Statement of Commitment to Allow Collocation

The proposed facility has been designed in a manner that will structurally accommodate additional antennas and/or future collocation. Verizon Wireless welcomes other carriers to collocate on their facilities whenever possible.

Safety Benefits of Improved Wireless Service

Verizon Wireless offers its customers multiple services such as voice calls, text messaging, mobile email, picture/video messaging, mobile web, navigation, broadband access, V CAST, and E911 services. Mobile phone use has become an extremely important tool for first responders and serves as a back-up system in the event of a natural disaster.

Construction Schedule

The construction of the facility will be in compliance with all local rules and regulations. The crew size will range from two to ten individuals. The construction phase of the project will last approximately two months and will not exceed acceptable noise levels.

Lighting

Unless tower lighting is required by the FAA the only lighting on the facility will be a shielded downward tilted manually operated light by the door within the fenced area.

Compliance with FCC Standards

This project will not interfere with any TV, radio, telephone, satellite, or other signals. Any interference would be against federal law and a violation of Verizon Wireless's FCC license. An RF report verifying compliance with FCC guidelines is included with this submittal.

Notice of Actions Affecting Development Permit

In accordance with California Government Code Section 65945(a), Verizon Wireless requests notice of any proposal to adopt or amend the: general plan, specific plan, zoning ordinance, ordinance(s) affecting building or grading permits that would in any manner affect this development permit. Any such notice may be sent to 2009 V Street, Sacramento.





DEPARTMENT OF RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PLANNING SERVICES APPLICATION FORM

675 Texas Street Suite 5500, Fairfield, CA 94533

NOV **03** 2017

(707) 784-6765 Phone

COUNTY OF SOLANO RESOURCE MANAGEMEN I

Contact Name: Seth Parish Phone: (707) 486-1412 Email: Mailing Address: P.O. Box 6 City: Benicia State: CA zip: 94510-000 Architect/Engineer/Land Surveyor Company Name: MST Architects, Inc. Contact Name: Manuel S. Tsihlas Phone: (916) 341-0405 Email: manuel @ mstarchitects.com Mailing Address: 801 Alhambra Blvd., Suite 2 City: Sacramento State: CA zip: 95816 Applicant/Company Name: Cellco Partnership (Delaware) dba Verizon Wireless, c/o Complete Wireless Consulting, Inc. Phone: (916) 747-0624 Email: bmerritt@completewireless Mailing Address: Complete Wireless Consulting, 2009 V StreetCity: Sacramento State: CA zip: 95818			
Architectural Review (AR)	Application Type: X New Extension (ma	ps) Minor Revision	Map Modification
Application No: (L-17 - 0 4) MR# Hrg: AD ZA BOS Date Filed: \\ \\ \\ \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Architectural Review (AR) General Plan Amendment (G) Major Subdivision (S) Marsh Development Permit (MD) Mobilehom Mutual Agr Performance Policy Plan	ne Storage Permit (MH) reement (MA) ce Standards (PS)	☑ Use Permit (U) ☐ Variance (V) ☐ Waiver (WA)
Application No: (L-17 - 0 4) MR# Hrg: AD ZA BOS Date Filed: \\ \\ \\ \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	FOR	OFFICE USE ONLY	
Project Name: Verizon Wireless "Hwy 680 Cygnus" Subject Site Information Site Address: NW corner of Marshview Rd and Goodyear Rdcity: Fairfield state: CA _ zip:	Application No: W-17-09 MR# Hrg: AD		W 3 17 Plnr: 64.
Site Address: NW corner of Marshview Rd and Goodyear Rd City: Fairfield State: CA _ zip:		gnus"	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Assessor's Parcel Number (s): 0046-110-280 Size (sq. ft/acre): 2.80 acres Preferred Property Access by Staff: OK to access Call applicant before access Call owner before access Contact Information Property Owner Name: Seth Parish Contact Name: Seth Parish Mailing Address: P.O. Box 6 City: Benicia State: CA zip: 94510-000 Architect/Engineer/Land Surveyor Company Name: MST Architects, Inc. Contact Name: Manuel S. Tsihlas Phone: (916) 341-0405 Email: manuel@mstarchitects.com Mailing Address: 801 Alhambra Blvd., Suite 2 City: Sacramento State: CA zip: 95816 Applicant/Company Name: Cellco Partnership (Delaware) dba Verizon Wireless, c/o Complete Wireless Consulting, Inc. Mailing Address: Complete Wireless Consulting, 2009 V Street City: Sacramento State: CA zip: 95818 Mailing Address: Complete Wireless Consulting, 2009 V Street City: Sacramento State: CA zip: 95818 Mather Contacts: Phone: Phone: Email: Email: Email: CA zip: 95818	Subject Site Information		
Assessor's Parcel Number (s): 0046-110-280 Size (sq. ft/acre): 2.80 acres Preferred Property Access by Staff: OK to access Call applicant before access Call owner before access Contact Information Property Owner Name: Seth Parish Contact Name: Seth Parish Mailing Address: P.O. Box 6 City: Benicia State: CA zip: 94510-000 Architect/Engineer/Land Surveyor Company Name: MST Architects, Inc. Contact Name: Manuel S. Tsihlas Phone: (916) 341-0405 Email: manuel@mstarchitects.com Mailing Address: 801 Alhambra Blvd., Suite 2 City: Sacramento State: CA zip: 95816 Applicant/Company Name: Cellco Partnership (Delaware) dba Verizon Wireless, c/o Complete Wireless Consulting, Inc. Mailing Address: Complete Wireless Consulting, 2009 V Street City: Sacramento State: CA zip: 95818 Mailing Address: Complete Wireless Consulting, 2009 V Street City: Sacramento State: CA zip: 95818 Mather Contacts: Phone: Phone: Email: Email: Email: CA zip: 95818	Site Address: NW corner of Marshview Rd and Go	odyear Rd _{City} . Fairfield	States CA 7:
Preferred Property Access by Staff: \(\) OK to access \(\) Call applicant before access \(\) Call owner before access \(\) Contact Information Property Owner Name: \(\) Seth Parish Contact Name: \(\) Seth Parish Mailing Address: \(\) P.O. Box 6 City: \(\) Benicia \(\) State: \(\) CA \(\) zip: \(\) 94510-000 \(\) Architect/Engineer/Land Surveyor Company Name: \(\) MST Architects, Inc. Contact Name: \(\) Manuel S. Tsihlas Phone: \((916) \) 341-0405 \(\) Email: \(\) manuel@mstarchitects.com Mailing Address: \(\) 801 Alhambra Blvd., Suite 2 \(\) City: \(\) Sacramento \(\) State: \(\) CA \(\) zip: \(95816 \) Applicant/Company Name: \(\) Cellco Partnership (Delaware) dba Verizon Wireless, c/o Complete Wireless Consulting, Inc. Ontact Name: \(\) Phone: \((916) \) 747-0624 \(\) Email: \(\) bmerritt@completewireless Mailing Address: \(\) Complete Wireless Consulting, 2009 V StreetCity: \(\) Sacramento \(\) State: \(\) CA \(\) zip: \(95818 \) Where Contacts: Ame: \(\) Phone: \(\) Phone: \(\) Email: \(\)			
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ame:Phone:Email:	Mailing Address: Complete Wireless Consulting, 2009 V		
	Other Contacts:		
	Name:	Phone:	Email:
	Mailing Address:		

1 Project Narrative	
Describe the type of development, proposed uses/business, phases and intent or purpose of your proposal clearly. Attach additional sl	s, changes or alterations to the property or building heets as necessary.
Verizon Wireless proposes a new wireless telecommunic County, along Hwy 680. The proposed facility is a 65' perconstructed on the parcel located at the northwest inters. The facility is needed to offload existing Verizon sites aloutraffic from Verizon users in the area. Please see Project information.	ainted monopole tower to be ection of Goodyear Rd and Marshview Rd.
<u></u>	
2 General Plan, Zoning and Utilities: General Plan, Zoning or Williamson Ast Contract information	
General Plan, Zoning or Williamson Act Contract information is av www.solanocounty.com. Click on the "Interactive Map" icon, then	aliable at our offices or can be obtained by visiting search by address or assessor parcel number.
Current General Plan Designation: Exclusive Agriculture	Current Zoning: A-20 (Exclusive Agriculture)
Proposed General Plan Designation: Exclusive Agriculture	Proposed Zoning: A-20 (Exclusive Agriculture)
Current Water Provider: N/A	Current Sewage Disposal: N/A
Proposed Water Provider: N/A	Proposed Sewage Disposal: N/A

3	Williamson Act Cont	ract			···			
	A. Is any portion of the p	roperty u	ınder Williamso	on Act Contract?		Yes	X No	
	If yes, Contract No.		78476-4	_please provide a	сору.			
	If yes, has a Notice o	of Non-Re	newal been file	ed?		Yes	☐ No	
	If yes, please provid	de a copy.						
	B. Are there any agricultural conservation, open space or similar easements affecting the use of the project site (such easements do not include Williamson Act contracts)							roject site?
	Yes X N	lo	if yes, please	list and provide a	сору.			
4	Additional Backgroun	ıd Inforn	nation			TT-1107 M107 M107 M107 M107 M107 M107 M107		
	A. Does the proposal pro	pose the	demolition or a	alteration of any e	existing st	ructures o	n the subject site	e?
	Yes X N	o	If yes, please	describe in the pr	oject nar	rative.		
	B. List any permits that a permit, Department of				her local	, state, fed	eral agencies (i.e	e. building
	FCC registration,	Solano	County build	ing permit				
	C. List any known previou the project name, typ	usly appro se of proje	oved projects lo ect and date of	ocated on the propagate	perty (i.e.	. Use Perm	t, Parcel Maps, (etc). Identify
	_N/A					18		
	D. List any known profess hazardous materials,	sionally pr etc.)	repared reports	s for the project (i	.e. biolog	ical survey	, traffic study, ge	eologic,
	RF compliance re	port, ac	oustic study					
	-							
	E. Does the project involv Is HUD funding anticip	re Housing ated?	g and Urban De) federal t	funding? [Yes X	
	If yes, indicate the typ amount, whether awa	e of fund irded or a	ing (i.e. CDBG g pplication pend	grant, HOME, Inve ding and fiscal yea	estment P ar of awa	artnership rd or applic	Program, etc), f ation request.	unding
			**************************************	10.77	·····			

•	Existing Condition	IS			
orn stor ojec	nation on existing la ical, or scenic aspe	and uses, unique ects, and any o setting. Clear, r	e physical and topographic fe other information which wou representative color photogra	ney presently exist; including but not latures, soil stability, plants and animals ald assist the Department in understaphs may be submitted to show the pro-	s, cultura
	Project site: The project site is located at the	is currently u southern end	ndeveloped. The terrain d of the property.	is slightly elevated. The planned	lease a
i. !	Surrounding proper Undeveloped, p		r Hwy 680		
	Existing use of land: Undeveloped				
			ng structures:		
	Undeveloped Describe number an		ng structures: Type/Number	Square Feet	
	Undeveloped Describe number an Residential			Square Feet	
	Oescribe number an Residential Agricultural			Square Feet	
	Describe number an Residential Agricultural Commercial			Square Feet	
	Describe number an Residential Agricultural Commercial Industrial	d type of existin		Square Feet	
	Describe number an Residential Agricultural Commercial			Square Feet	
. (Describe number and Residential Agricultural Commercial Industrial Other	d type of existin	Type/Number		
. (Describe number and Residential Agricultural Commercial Industrial Other	d type of existin			
. (Describe number and Residential Agricultural Commercial Industrial Other	od type of existing the state of the state o	Type/Number	of existing trees.	

a	List and describe the nature and location of all existing easements serving or affecting the property, including access, utility, and other public or private easements (see deed or recent preliminary title report).
	Please see Site Plans.
R.	List and describe any freestanding and attached signage on the property. Describe the dimensions, area and height. Include the location on the site plan. None
6	Proposed Changes to the Site
A.	Topography and grading (attach copy of grading plan showing existing and proposed topography and drainage patterns.) N/A, no grading is proposed.
	i. Percent of site previously graded:%.
	ii. Project area (area to be graded or otherwise disturbed):sq. ft./acres.
	iii. Estimate amount of soil to be moved (cut and/or fill):
	Less than 50 cubic yds ³ More than 50 cubic yds ³ More than 1000 cubic yds ³
	iv. Estimate amount of soil to be:
	Importedyd ³ Exportedyd ³ Used on siteyd ³ .
В.	
C.	Number, type and use of existing structures to be removed, and removal schedule: None
D.	Describe proposed fencing and/or visual screening (landscaping): The facility will be a painted monopole, and all equipment will be contained within outdoor equipment cabinets, and surrounded by a fence.
E.	Proposed access to project site (road name, driveway location, etc.): Proposed wide access easement (Please see Site Plans)
F.	Proposed source and method of water supply: N/A
G.	Proposed method of sewage disposal (specify agency if public sewer): N/A

G.	 Slope of property: Flat or sloping Rolling Hilly 		(0 - 6% slope) <u>2.8</u> (7 - 15% slope)		acres			
	Steep		(16 - 24% slope) (> 24% slope)		acres			
Н.	Describe existing drainage conditions on site. Indicate direction of surface flows, adjacent parcels affected. N/A, proposed facility will not interfere with existing drainage							
1.	Describe lar	nd uses on adjad	cent parcels (specify type	s of crops	if agricultural).			
	North	Undevelope	d	South	Marshview Rd, Undeveloped			
	East	Goodyear R	d, Suisun Marsh	West	Hwy 680 off-ramp, Undeveloped			
J.	Distance to	nearest residen	ce(s) or other adjacent u	se(s): <u>7,3</u>	803 ft(ft/mi)			
К.								
L.	names (if an	ny). Indicate who perennial (year-	ether ephemeral (brief flo	ows follow	ses through or adjacent to the property. Specify ing rains), intermittent (seasonal flows during wet			
M.	Describe nu names, if an None	mber and locati y.	on of man-made drainag	e channels	s through or adjacent to the property. Specify			
N.	Identify and describe any on-site or adjacent marshes, wetlands, vernal pools, wet meadows, riparian (i.e. dependant on water bodies) vegetation, etc.: None							
0.	Are there any unique, sensitive, rare, threatened, or endangered animals, plants, or habitats on the project site or located in close proximity which may be affected by the project?							
	Yes	No _X	Don't Know If y	es, please	list:			
Ρ.	Describe existing vehicle access(s) to property: Goodyear Rd							

	zardous materials or wastes				
Dies	sel fuel will be stored on	-site for standby			
Duration Cons	on of construction and/or an struction will take approx	ticipated phasing: kimately two mon	ths.		
e.g. fre	proposed use be affected beeway, industrial) and distan	ice to noise source.			
Prop	oosed Site Utilization				
RESIDE	NTIAL PROJECTS				
1. Nun	nber of structures: Single Fa	mily:Mult	i-family:	_ Accessory:	
	lti-family, number of units: _				
2. Sign	age: Freestanding: Attached/Wall:	Dimens	sion(s): nsions(s):	Area: Area:	(sq.ft) (sq.ft
ON-RE	SIDENTIAL PROJECTS (Comn	nercial, Industrial, A	gricultural, Other)		
l. Lot	coverage:				
	lding coverage: 2,500 sq. ft I	ease area_ (sq.ft)	Surfaced area:		(sq.ft)
Buil	dscaped or open space:	(sq.ft)			
	al floor area:	(sq.ft)			
Lan			Maximum height:	80'	(ft.)
Lan 2. Tota	mber of stories:				
Lan 2. Tota 3. Nur	nber of stories: posed hours of operation:				
Lan 2. Tota 3. Nur 4. Pro		hours per day			

5.	Proposed construction schedule: TBD
	Daily construction schedule: froma.m./p.m. toa.m./p.m.
	Days of construction:
6.	Will this project be constructed in phases? Describe:
	No, construction should last approximately two months.
7.	Maximum number of people using facilities:
	Varies depending on number of Verizon users in the area. At any one time:Throughout day:
8.	Total number of employees: <u>0, facility will be unmanne</u> d
	Expected maximum number of employees on site: A technician will visit site 1-2 times per month
	During a shift: 0During day:
9.	Number of parking spaces proposed: 0
10.	Maximum number of vehicles expected to arrive at site:
	At any one time: 0 day: 0
11.	Radius of service area: Facility will provide Verizon 4G LTE service throughout southeastern Solano County. Please see Coverage Maps.
12.	Type of loading/unloading facilities: N/A
13.	Type of exterior lighting proposed: Hooded and down-tilted security lights outside equipment cabinets.
14.	Describe all anticipated noise-generating operations, vehicles or equipment on-site. Standby generator will run once per week for 15 minutes for maintenance purposes, and air conditioning units on equipment shelter will run as needed. Please see Acoustic Study
15.	Describe all proposed uses which may emit odors detectable on or off-site. N/A
l 6.	Describe all proposed freestanding and wall signage. Include the dimensions, area and height. Warning signs and emergency contact information will be provided at site. Please see Site Plans and RF study.

Indicate the following items applicable to the project or its effects. Discuss in Section 9 all items checked "Yes" or "Maybe". *Attach additional sheets as necessary.*

		YES	MAYBE	NO	
A.	Change in existing natural features including any bays, tidelands, lakes, streams, beaches, natural landforms or vegetation.			X	
В.	Change in scenic views or vistas from existing residential areas, public lands or roads.			X	
C.	Change in scale, pattern or character of general area of project.			X	
D.	Increased amounts of solid waste or litter.			X	
E.	Dust, ash, smoke, fumes or odors on site or in vicinity.			X	
F.	Change in ground water quality or quantity.			X	
G.	Alteration of existing drainage patterns, or change in surface water quantity or quality.			X	
Н.	Change in existing noise or vibration levels.		X		Acoustic Study
1.	Construction on filled land or construction or grading on slopes of 25% or more.			X	provided.
J.	Storage, use or disposal of materials potentially hazardous to man or wildlife, including gasoline and diesel fuel. (See Environmental Health Division for assistance or information).	X			Diesel fuel for standby
K.	Increase in demand for public services (police, fire, water, sewer, etc.)			X	generator.
L.	Increase in fossil'fuel consumption (electricity, natural gas, oil, etc.).	X			Diesel fuel for standby
Μ.	Change in use of or access to an existing recreational area or navigable stream.			X	generator.
N.	Change in traffic or vehicular noise on road system in immediate vicinity.			X	
0.	Increased hazards for vehicles, bicycles or pedestrians.			X	
Ρ.	Removal of agricultural or grazing lands from production.			X	
Q.	Relocation of people.			X	

Additional Information by Applicant

Application.doc(June 23, 2011)

In order to make this application COMPLETE, please submit any additional data, information or special study reports that may be necessary to determine whether the project may have significant effect on the environment or to evaluate any adverse impacts, and to determine how they may be mitigated. Add additional pages as necessary.

10 Information Verification - Signed by Owner and Applicant

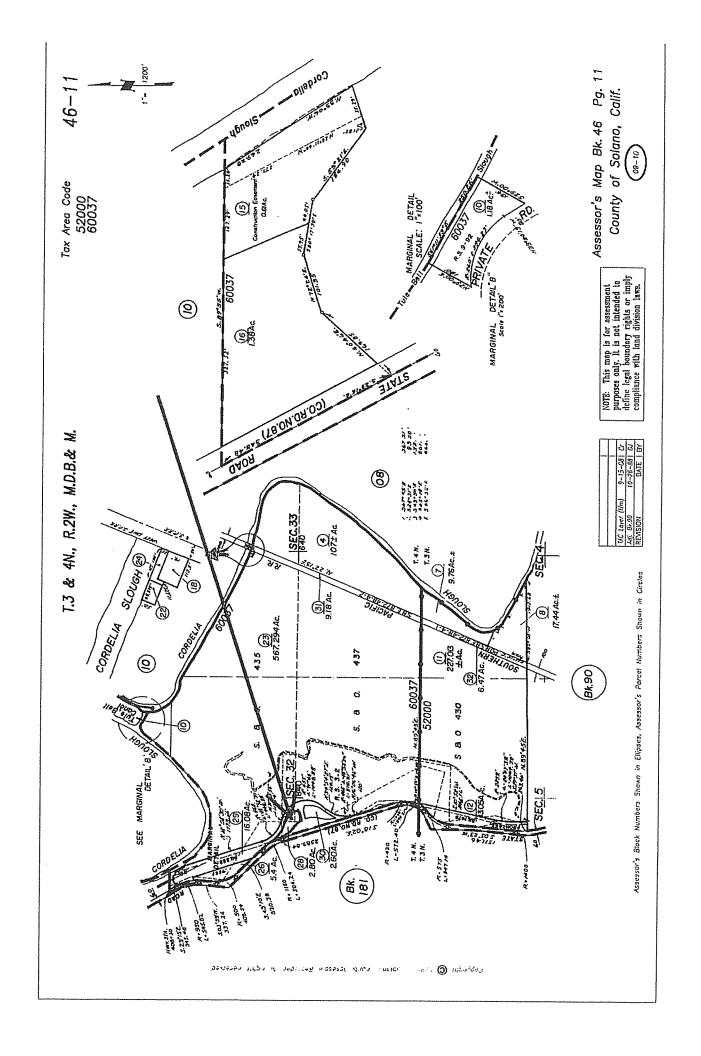
Owner and Applicant must sign below certifying that all information is to the best of his/her knowledge true and correct.

If the applicant is not the owner of record of all property included in this application, the signature given below is certification that the owners of record have knowledge of and consent to the filing of this application and supporting information. Additionally, the undersigned does hereby authorize representatives of the County to enter upon the above mentioned property for inspection purposes. This certification acknowledges that if the project exceeds double that of the application fee, applicants are subject to the hourly billing rate of staff time. You will be notified if the project is approaching this threshold.

I hereby certify that the statements furnished above and in the attached exhibits present the data and information required for this initial evaluation to the best of my ability, and that the facts, statements, and information presented are true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Owner signature:	Date: 10-16-15
PRINTED NAME: Seth Parish	
Owner signature:	Date:
PRINTED NAME:	
Applicant signature:	Date: 11/3/17
PRINTED NAME: Benjamin Merritt, Land Us	e Planning Specialist, Complete Wireless Consulting, Inc.
	For Office Use Only
	Fisher Game-not paid
Planning Permit Fee(s)	Environmental Review Fees
MD.17.09 \$ 6216 MD.17.02 \$ 783 	Initial Study Archaeological Study (Sonoma State NWIC) \$ 75 Negative Declaration CA Fish and Games (ND or EIR) Initiate EIR Mitigation Monitoring Plan Total \$ 10 10 . 75 \$ 2177 \$ 2177 \$ 3210-25
Total Fees Paid (P+E) \$ (6999 - 1-32	98, 15 15pd Receipt No.: 1052044 DATE: 3298, 75
Staff verify: Zoning: GP Land	Use & Consistency:
Comments:	Staff/Date: Struction Forms\COUNTER FORMS - (O-R-I-G-I-N-A-I-S)\Land Use Permit\Permit Application & Instructions\Land Use Permit -

6.2

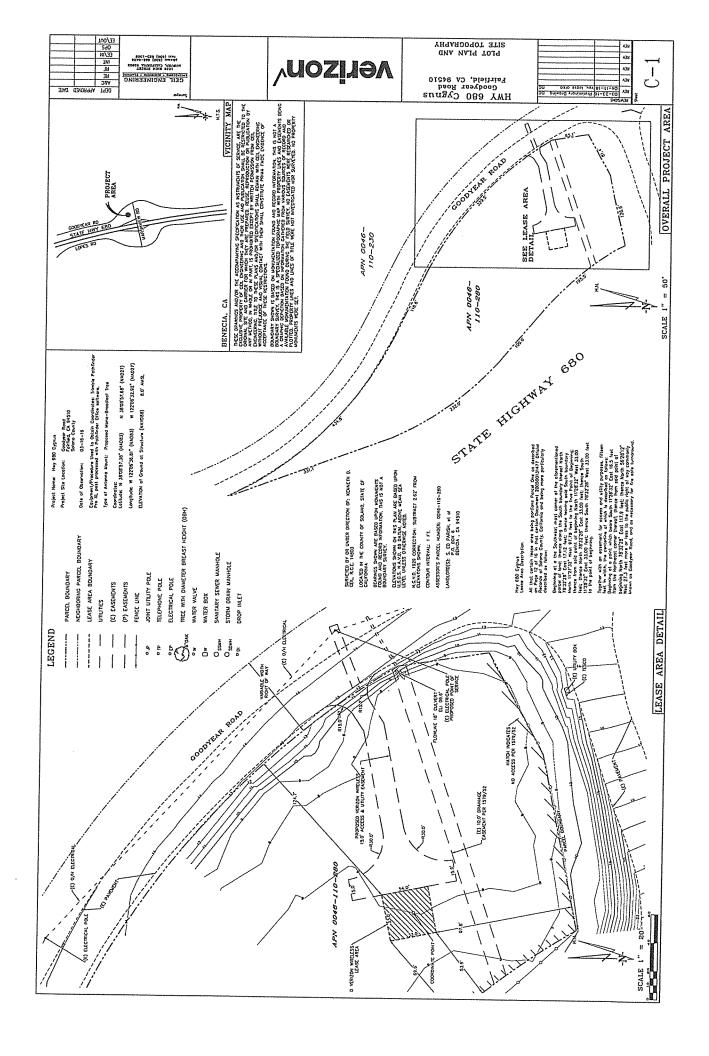


6.3

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PROJECT DIRECTORY	APDICAUT. 1405/000. 1 A. C.		1320 RNDR PANK RBAC 2009 V STREET SCROWNER, CA 93818 SCROWNER, CA 93818 SCROWNER, CA 93818 STREET SCROWNER, CA 93818 STREE		PROJECT SUMMARY ASSESSOR'S PARCEL NAMBER: 0046-110-380	AMESDETICHE SOLANO COURTY OCCUPANCE: S-2 (INMANSE) TREFORMANCATURES FAFRITY II fromero)	WSTRUCTON:	ZORBIG; A-20 (EXCLUSIAT AORIGULIURE)	CODE COMPLIANCE	ALL NOR, AND WITERUS SAUL RE PERFORATO AND RISTALED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHREATE EXTENSE OF THE TOTAL COSTS AS ADDRESS OF THE LOCAL COSTS AND THE CHREATE SALES AND THE CHREATE TOTAL SALES FANS IS TO BE CONSISTED TO PERMIT	non not confidence to may codes: Sold cultural bulbook shapeds code. The 24, our obtain code of receive annual from the 2015.	PART 1 CULPORN BULDNG STANDARDS JOHNSTRATIF, CODE PART 2 CULPORNA BULDNG CODE PART 3. CULPORNA RESTORMA BULDNG CODE PART 3. CULPORNA RESTORMA BULDNG CODE	PART 8 OLLFORMA PLUBBAC COOE PART 8 OLLFORMA PLUBBAC COOE PART 8 OLLFORMA PLUBBAC COOE PART 8 OLLFORMA HISTORICAL BUILDING	PART 9. CAUDRONA FIGE ODDOC. PART 10. CAUDRONA GEEN BALLDING STANDARDS CODE. PART 12. CAUTORNA FETERICE STANDARDS CODE. PART 12. CAUTORNA FETERICE STANDARDS CODE.	LOCAL COUNTY OF CITY OFFINANCES ACETSTBELLE REQUIREDULES, THIS FACULY IS UNAUNIED AND HOT FOR HUMAY MAINTING. ACETSTBELLY NOT RECORDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2016 GGC	118-2015, AND 118-2024 EXCEPTION 7.	PROJECT DESCRIPTION	PROPOSED VERIZON WIRELESS UHWANED TRECOMMUNICATIONS, FACULTY MICLUDING.	- A 33'-0'-23'-0' (EASE AREA - A FEMPL A FLASE AREA	- OUTDOOR EQUIPMENT CHENETS.	- Power & 19.00 umunes brought to paguity. - A case ice broce.	- Antenus Wasscaied Tomer Wounted Equipadat Mounted on a proposed Slaudne Wordpee Planted Days Greed.	PROJECT MILESTONES		04/12/2016 99X ZONNO DOCUMENTS REV 1 05/12/2016 1007 ZONNO DOCUMENTS REV 1 03/12/2018 100X ZONNO DOCUMENTS REV 1		
					2785 Mitchell Drive, Walnut Creek, CA 94598	HWY 680 CYGNUS	GOODYEAR ROAD	FAIRFIELD, CA 94534	AFN: U046-110-280 OCATION #: 299954	100001			PROJECT SILE			LOCATION PLAN	INDEX OF DRAWINGS		1. TI.1 ITIE SHEET, LOCATON PLAY, PROJECT DATA 2. CIT CATA, SHRET SHEET 1. CIT CATA, SHRET SHEET		ij						
					2785 Mitchell Drive, W	089 YWH	GOODY	FAIRFIELD,	APN: 0046								DIRECTIONS	PROU VERZON DEDCE D. 2785 UITCHELL TONG WALLETT CREEK AL DARGO.	1. HELD HORSELESS ON MICHELLE DRY TOWARD OWN GROVE RD 2. THEN HET DRIFT OWN GROVE RD	3. USE THE LETT 2 UMES TO TURN LETT ONTO TREAT BLYO 4. THEN ROAT ONTO BLOSKIRK ME 5. THEN ROAT ONTO TAXE THE INTERCEPT EACH IN TAXE THE EACH IN TAXE T	E. WERT ONLY 1 DAY, UNIT THE WINDS IN NAME F. KEEP LETA THE THE TO STAY ON 1-680 H (PARTNL TOLL ROLD) B. KEEP LETA THE FORK TO COMINUSE ON 1-580 (PARTNL TOLL ROLD)	9. TAKE EXIT 65 GRI JURISHER RD 10. TURN LEFT GNID COODING ROU DESTINATION WILL BE ON THE LEFT					
Z D DRAWING SIGN-OFF	THE: 7 CMC-PLEASE RETURN BY: (A) INCLUDE SCHAUDE DATE	E AGUISTON:	WHYC	NSIRUCION:	WGINDN:	Verizon ^V sewner			A BIAIE	ENCHERE	UPWENT EKGNEER:	DVG/PANSPORT:	THER (F APRICALE)	SIGMTURE SAME													

SHEET MUSE. SHEET, LOCATION PLAN, PROJECT DATA

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we not see that we have been not included by the first in soldier in that we shall see the section of the section of



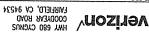








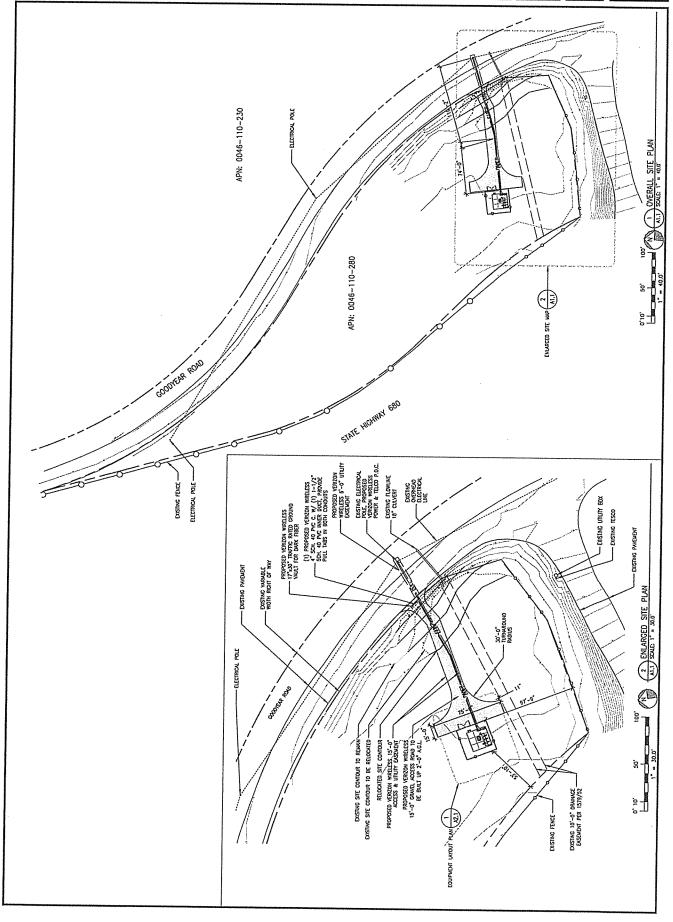




OVERALL SITE PLAN



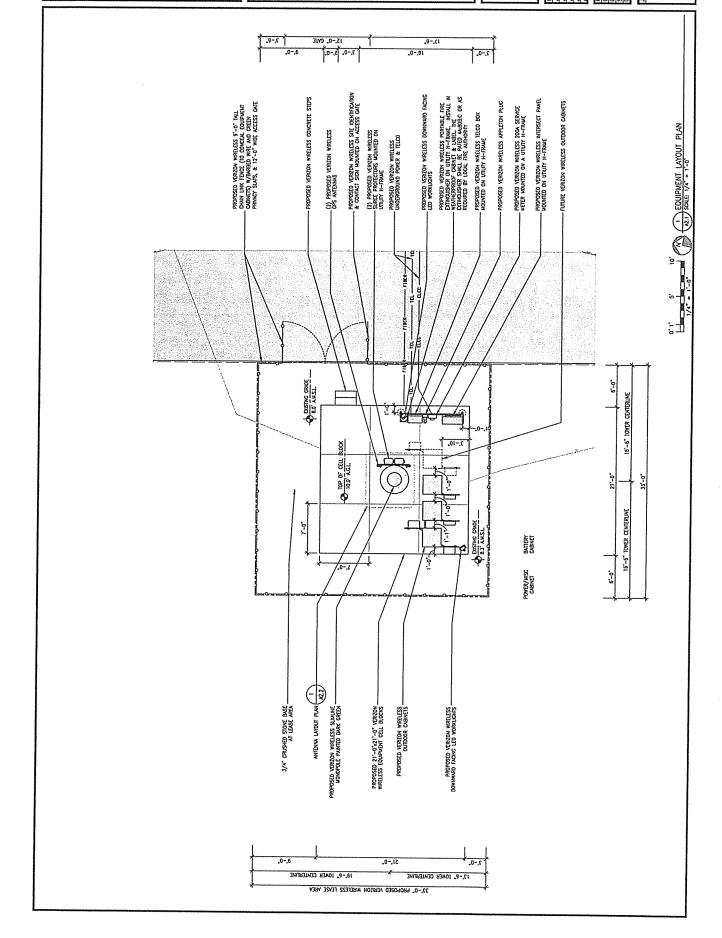


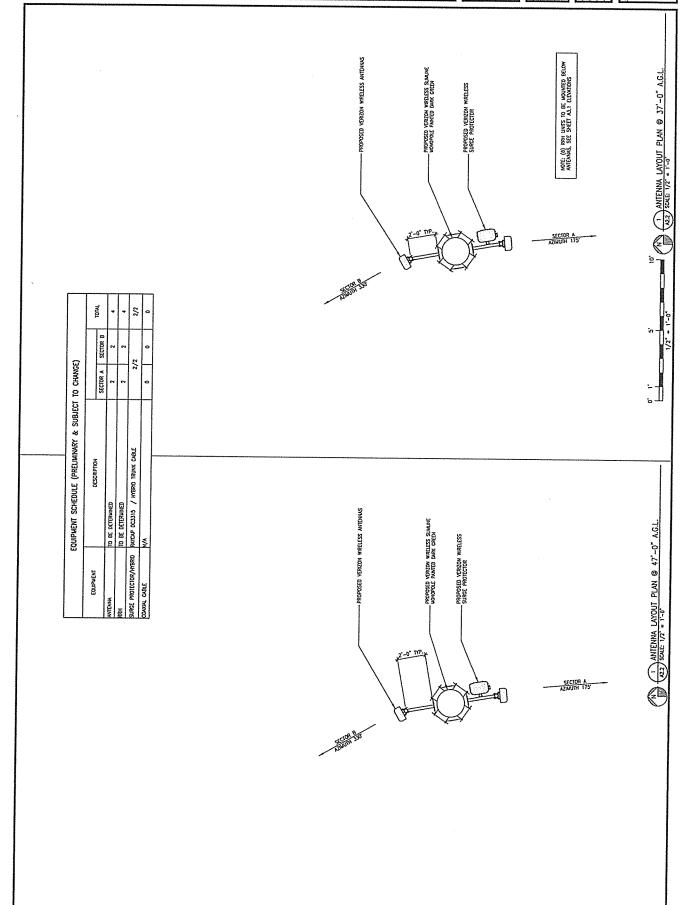


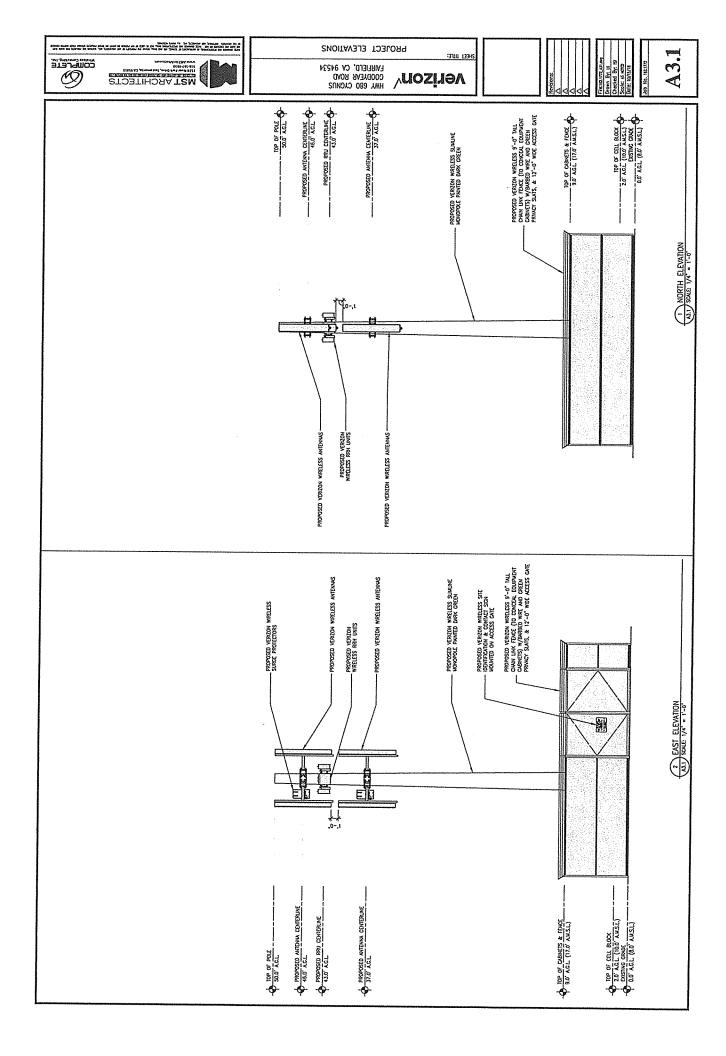
Verizon√

COODLEAR ROAD CY 94534 HWY 680 CYCHUS









6.4

Verizon Wireless • Proposed Base Station (Site No. 2999954 "Highway 680 Cygnus") Goodyear Road • Fairfield, California

Statement of Hammett & Edison, Inc., Consulting Engineers

The firm of Hammett & Edison, Inc., Consulting Engineers, has been retained on behalf of Verizon Wireless, a personal wireless telecommunications carrier, to evaluate the base station (Site No. 2999954 "Highway 680 Cygnus") proposed to be located at Goodyear Road in Fairfield, California, for compliance with appropriate guidelines limiting human exposure to radio frequency ("RF") electromagnetic fields.

Executive Summary

Verizon proposes to install directional panel antennas on a tall pole to be sited near the Marshview Road interchange with Interstate 680 in unincorporated Solano County, at Goodyear Road near Fairfield. The proposed operation will, together with the existing base station near the site, comply with the FCC guidelines limiting public exposure to RF energy.

Prevailing Exposure Standards

The U.S. Congress requires that the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") evaluate its actions for possible significant impact on the environment. A summary of the FCC's exposure limits is shown in Figure 1. These limits apply for continuous exposures and are intended to provide a prudent margin of safety for all persons, regardless of age, gender, size, or health. The most restrictive FCC limit for exposures of unlimited duration to radio frequency energy for several personal wireless services are as follows:

Wireless Service	Frequency Band	Occupational Limit	Public Limit
Microwave (Point-to-Point)	5-80 GHz	5.00 mW/cm ²	1.00 mW/cm ²
WiFi (and unlicensed uses)	2–6	5.00	1.00
BRS (Broadband Radio)	2,600 MHz	5.00	1.00
WCS (Wireless Communication)	2,300	5.00	1.00
AWS (Advanced Wireless)	2,100	5.00	1.00
PCS (Personal Communication)	1,950	5.00	1.00
Cellular	870	2.90	0.58
SMR (Specialized Mobile Radio)	855	2.85	0.57
700 MHz	700	2.40	0.48
[most restrictive frequency range]	30-300	1.00	0.20

General Facility Requirements

Base stations typically consist of two distinct parts: the electronic transceivers (also called "radios" or "channels") that are connected to the traditional wired telephone lines, and the passive antennas that send the wireless signals created by the radios out to be received by individual subscriber units. The transceivers are often located at ground level and are connected to the antennas by coaxial cables. A



Verizon Wireless • Proposed Base Station (Site No. 2999954 "Highway 680 Cygnus") Goodyear Road • Fairfield, California

small antenna for reception of GPS signals is also required, mounted with a clear view of the sky. Because of the short wavelength of the frequencies assigned by the FCC for wireless services, the antennas require line-of-sight paths for their signals to propagate well and so are installed at some height above ground. The antennas are designed to concentrate their energy toward the horizon, with very little energy wasted toward the sky or the ground. This means that it is generally not possible for exposure conditions to approach the maximum permissible exposure limits without being physically very near the antennas.

Computer Modeling Method

The FCC provides direction for determining compliance in its Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin No. 65, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC-Specified Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation," dated August 1997. Figure 2 describes the calculation methodologies, reflecting the facts that a directional antenna's radiation pattern is not fully formed at locations very close by (the "near-field" effect) and that at greater distances the power level from an energy source decreases with the square of the distance from it (the "inverse square law"). The conservative nature of this method for evaluating exposure conditions has been verified by numerous field tests.

Site and Facility Description

Based upon information provided by Verizon, including zoning drawings by MST Architects, Inc., dated May 5, 2016, it is proposed to install six Andrew Model SBNHH-1D65C directional panel antennas on a new 65-foot steel pole to be sited in an open area near the on-ramp from Marshview Road to the northbound lanes of Interstate 680, near Goodyear Road south of Fairfield. The antennas would employ no downtilt, would be mounted at an effective height of about 62 feet above ground, and would be oriented in groups of three toward 175°T and 330°T. The maximum effective radiated power in any direction would be 14,140 watts, representing simultaneous operation at 4,240 watts for AWS, 3,890 watts for PCS, 3,360 watts for cellular, and 2,650 watts for 700 MHz service.

Presently located on a utility pole about 370 feet to the southeast are similar antennas for use by T-Mobile. For the limited purpose of this study, the transmitting facilities of that carrier are assumed to be as follows:

Service	Maximum ERP	Antenna Model	Downtilt	Height
AWS	4,400 watts	Ericsson AIR21	2°	23 ft
PCS	2,200	Ericsson AIR21	2	23
700 MHz	1,800	Andrew LNX-6514DS	2	23



Verizon Wireless • Proposed Base Station (Site No. 2999954 "Highway 680 Cygnus") Goodyear Road • Fairfield, California

Study Results

For a person anywhere at ground, the maximum RF exposure level due to the proposed Verizon operation by itself is calculated to be 0.026 mW/cm², which is 2.9% of the applicable public exposure limit. The maximum calculated cumulative level at ground, for the simultaneous operation of both carriers, is 8.5% of the public exposure limit. It should be noted that these results include several "worst-case" assumptions and therefore are expected to overstate actual power density levels. There are no buildings within 1,000 feet of the proposed location.

No Recommended Mitigation Measures

Due to their mounting location and height, the Verizon antennas would not be accessible to unauthorized persons, and so no mitigation measures are necessary to comply with the FCC public exposure guidelines. It is presumed that Verizon will, as an FCC licensee, take adequate steps to ensure that its employees or contractors receive appropriate training and comply with FCC occupational exposure guidelines whenever work is required near the antennas themselves.

Conclusion

Based on the information and analysis above, it is the undersigned's professional opinion that operation of the base station proposed by Verizon Wireless near Goodyear Road in Fairfield, California, will comply with the prevailing standards for limiting public exposure to radio frequency energy and, therefore, will not for this reason cause a significant impact on the environment. The highest calculated level in publicly accessible areas is much less than the prevailing standards allow for exposures of unlimited duration. This finding is consistent with measurements of actual exposure conditions taken at other operating base stations.

Authorship

The undersigned author of this statement is a qualified Professional Engineer, holding California Registration Nos. E-13026 and M-20676, which expire on June 30, 2017. This work has been carried out under his direction, and all statements are true and correct of his own knowledge except, where noted, when data has been supplied by others, which data he believes to be correct.

707/996-5200

E-13026 M-20676

June 20, 2016

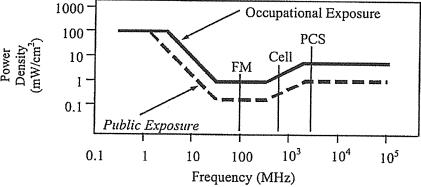
HAMMETT & EDISON, INC. CONSULTING ENGINEERS SAN FRANCISCO

FCC Radio Frequency Protection Guide

The U.S. Congress required (1996 Telecom Act) the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") to adopt a nationwide human exposure standard to ensure that its licensees do not, cumulatively, have a significant impact on the environment. The FCC adopted the limits from Report No. 86, "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," published in 1986 by the Congressionally chartered National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements ("NCRP"). Separate limits apply for occupational and public exposure conditions, with the latter limits generally five times more restrictive. The more recent standard, developed by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers and approved as American National Standard ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2006, "Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz," includes similar limits. These limits apply for continuous exposures from all sources and are intended to provide a prudent margin of safety for all persons, regardless of age, gender, size, or health.

As shown in the table and chart below, separate limits apply for occupational and public exposure conditions, with the latter limits (in *italics* and/or dashed) up to five times more restrictive:

Frequency Electromagnetic Fields (f is frequency of emission							
Applicable Range (MHz)	Field S	Electric Field Strength (V/m)		Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)		Equivalent Far-Field Power Density (mW/cm ²)	
0.3 - 1.34	614	614	1.63	1.63	100	100	
1.34 - 3.0	614	823.8/f	1.63	2.19/f	100	180/ f²	
3.0 - 30	1842/ f	823.8/f	4.89/ f	2.19/f	900/ f ²	$180/f^{2}$	
30 - 300	61.4	27.5	0.163	0.0729	1.0	0.2	
300 - 1,500	3.54√f	1.59√∫	√f/106	√f/238	f/300	f/1500	
1,500 - 100,000	137	61.4	0.364	0.163	5.0	1.0	



Higher levels are allowed for short periods of time, such that total exposure levels averaged over six or thirty minutes, for occupational or public settings, respectively, do not exceed the limits, and higher levels also are allowed for exposures to small areas, such that the spatially averaged levels do not exceed the limits. However, neither of these allowances is incorporated in the conservative calculation formulas in the FCC Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin No. 65 (August 1997) for projecting field levels. Hammett & Edison has built those formulas into a proprietary program that calculates, at each location on an arbitrary rectangular grid, the total expected power density from any number of individual radio sources. The program allows for the description of buildings and uneven terrain, if required to obtain more accurate projections.



RFR.CALC[™] Calculation Methodology

Assessment by Calculation of Compliance with FCC Exposure Guidelines

The U.S. Congress required (1996 Telecom Act) the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") to adopt a nationwide human exposure standard to ensure that its licensees do not, cumulatively, have a significant impact on the environment. The maximum permissible exposure limits adopted by the FCC (see Figure 1) apply for continuous exposures from all sources and are intended to provide a prudent margin of safety for all persons, regardless of age, gender, size, or health. Higher levels are allowed for short periods of time, such that total exposure levels averaged over six or thirty minutes, for occupational or public settings, respectively, do not exceed the limits.

Near Field.

Prediction methods have been developed for the near field zone of panel (directional) and whip (omnidirectional) antennas, typical at wireless telecommunications base stations, as well as dish (aperture) antennas, typically used for microwave links. The antenna patterns are not fully formed in the near field at these antennas, and the FCC Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin No. 65 (August 1997) gives suitable formulas for calculating power density within such zones.

For a panel or whip antenna, power density
$$S = \frac{180}{\theta_{BW}} \times \frac{0.1 \times P_{net}}{\pi \times D \times h}$$
, in mW/cm²,

and for an aperture antenna, maximum power density $S_{max} = \frac{0.1 \times 16 \times \eta \times P_{net}}{\pi \times h^2}$, in mW/cm²,

where θ_{BW} = half-power beamwidth of the antenna, in degrees, and

Pnet = net power input to the antenna, in watts,

D = distance from antenna, in meters,

h = aperture height of the antenna, in meters, and

 η = aperture efficiency (unitless, typically 0.5-0.8).

The factor of 0.1 in the numerators converts to the desired units of power density.

Far Field.

OET-65 gives this formula for calculating power density in the far field of an individual RF source:

power density
$$S = \frac{2.56 \times 1.64 \times 100 \times RFF^2 \times ERP}{4 \times \pi \times D^2}$$
, in mW/cm²,

where ERP = total ERP (all polarizations), in kilowatts,

RFF = relative field factor at the direction to the actual point of calculation, and

D = distance from the center of radiation to the point of calculation, in meters.

The factor of 2.56 accounts for the increase in power density due to ground reflection, assuming a reflection coefficient of 1.6 ($1.6 \times 1.6 = 2.56$). The factor of 1.64 is the gain of a half-wave dipole relative to an isotropic radiator. The factor of 100 in the numerator converts to the desired units of power density. This formula has been built into a proprietary program that calculates, at each location on an arbitrary rectangular grid, the total expected power density from any number of individual radiation sources. The program also allows for the description of uneven terrain in the vicinity, to obtain more accurate projections.

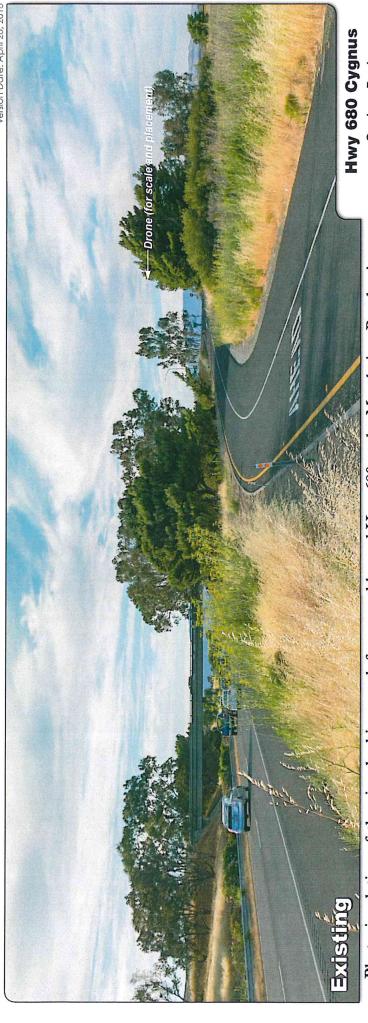


6.5

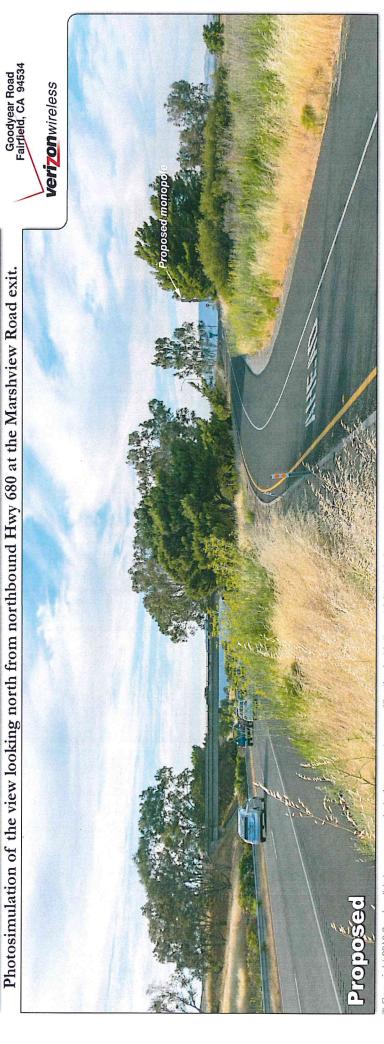
Goodyear Road Fairtield, CA 94534

Verizonwireless Aerial photograph showing the viewpoints for the photosimulations.

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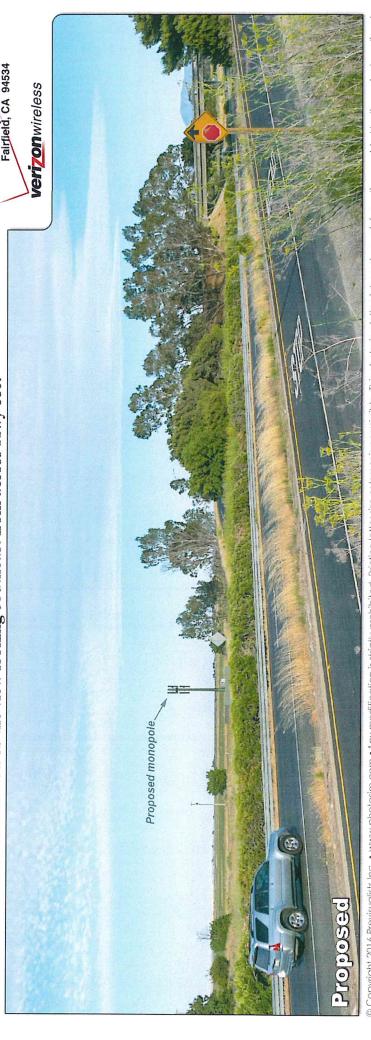


Photosimulation of the view looking north from northbound Hwy 680 at the Marshview Road exit.



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6.6

Environmental Noise Analysis

Hwy 680 Cygnus Cellular Facility

Solano County, California

BAC Job # 2015-237

Prepared For:

Complete Wireless Consulting

Attn: Ms. Kim Le 2009 V Street Sacramento, CA 95818

Prepared By:

Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc.

Paul Bollard, President

June 21, 2016



Introduction

The Hwy 680 Cygnus Verizon Wireless Unmanned Telecommunications Facility Project (project) proposes the construction of a monopole tower, and the installation of outdoor equipment cabinets inside a fenced area located on Goodyear Road (APN: 0046-110-280) in Fairfield, California (Solano County). The outdoor equipment cabinets have been identified as the primary noise sources associated with the project. Please see Figure 1 for the general site location. The studied site design is dated May 13, 2016.

Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc. has been contracted by Complete Wireless Consulting, Inc. to complete an environmental noise assessment regarding the proposed project cellular equipment operations. Specifically, the following addresses daily noise production and exposure associated with operation of the project outdoor equipment cabinets.

Please refer to Appendix A for definitions of acoustical terminology used in this report. Appendix B illustrates common noise levels associated with various sources.

Criteria for Acceptable Noise Exposure

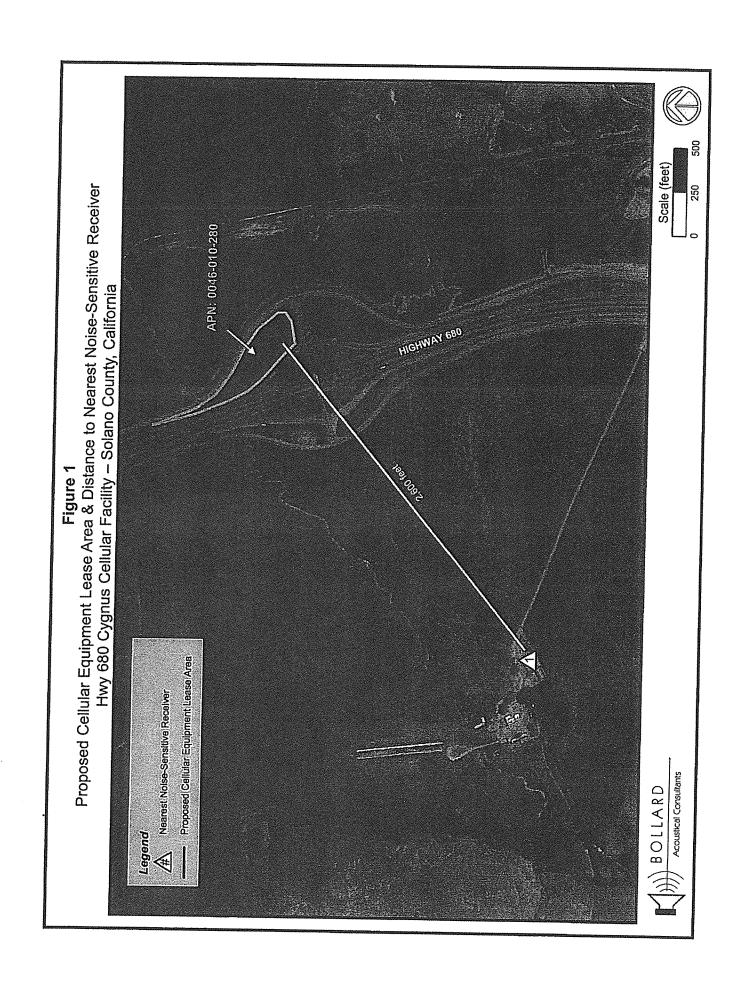
Solano County General Plan Public Health & Safety Element

The Solano County General Plan Public Health & Safety Chapter contains a noise section that establishes acceptable noise level limits for non-transportation (stationary) noise sources, such as those proposed by the project. The County's non-transportation noise level standards applied to residential land uses are provided below in Table 1. The General Plan requires that the noise level standards set forth below in Table 1 be applied at the common outdoor activity areas (e.g., backyards) of the residential land uses.

Noise Level Standards for Non-Transportation Noise Sources – Residential Land Uses Solano County Noise Element of the General Plan					
Noise Level Descriptor	Daytime 7 a.m. to 10 p.m.	Nighttime 10 p.m. to 7 a.m.			
Hourly Leq, dB	55	50			
Maximum Level (L _{max}), dB	70	65			

Solano County Code

Section 28.70.10(B)(1)(b) of the Solano County Code, which pertains to general development standards applicable to all uses in every zoning district, requires that all uses of land shall not generate noise that exceeds 65 dBA L_{dn} at any property line.



Section 28.81(D)(10) of the Solano County Code, which pertains to noise generation of wireless communications facilities, reads as follows:

All wireless communication facilities shall be designed to minimize noise. If a facility is located in or within 100 feet of a residential district, noise attenuation measures shall be included to reduce noise levels to a maximum exterior noise level of $50 L_{dn}$ at the facility site's property lines.

Noise Standards Applied to the Project

The Solano County General Plan non-transportation (stationary) noise level standards seen in Table 1 were applied to the project. In addition to the general plan noise level standards, the Solano County Code, Section 28.70.10(B)(1)(b), property line noise level standard of 65 dB L_{dn} was applied at the nearest property line. Compliance with the 65 dB L_{dn} noise level standard at the nearest property line would ensure compliance at all other property lines.

The proposed facility is located within and adjacent to agriculturally zoned land (A 20 Exclusive Agriculture). The nearest residential district is located over a mile away to the northwest. Because the facility is located well in excess of 100 feet from the nearest residential district, Section 28.81(D)(10) of Solano County Code was not applied to the project.

Project Noise Generation

The project proposes the installation of three equipment cabinets within the lease area illustrated on Figure 1. Specifically, the cabinets assumed for the project are as follows: one Ericsson eNB RBS6101, one Charles Industries 48V Power Plant and one miscellaneous cabinet cooled by a McLean Model T-20 air conditioner. The cabinets and their respective reference noise levels are provided in Table 2. The manufacturer's noise level data specification sheets for the proposed equipment cabinets are provided as Appendix C.

Table 2							
Reference Noise Level Data of Proposed Equipment Cabinets							
Equipment	Number of Cabinets	Reference Noise Level, dB	Reference Distance, feet				
Ericsson eNB RBS6101	1	53	5				
Charles Industries 48V Power Plant	1	60	5				
McLean T-20	1	66	5				
	I 1 ovided as Appendix	. 66	_				

Predicted Facility Noise Levels at Nearby Sensitive Receptor

Assessment Relative to Solano County General Plan:

The project parcel and the adjacent parcels are zoned agricultural (A 20 Exclusive Agriculture) which are not typically considered sensitive to noise. The proposed cellular facility maintains a separation of approximately 2,600 feet from the outdoor activity area of the nearest noise-sensitive receptor, identified as receiver 1 (APN:0180-130-010) on Figure 1. Assuming standard spherical spreading

loss (-6 dB per doubling of distance), project-equipment noise exposure at the closest receiver was calculated and the results of those calculations are presented below in Table 3.

Table 3 Summary of Project-Related Noise Exposure at Nearest Noise-Sensitive Receptor Hwy 680 Cygnus Verizon Wireless Telecommunications Facility Project						
Nearest Noise Sensitive Receptor ¹	Distance from Cellular Equipment (feet) ²	Predicted Cabinet Noise Levels (Leq, dBA) ³				
1	2,600	<20				

- ² Predicted equipment noise levels were applied at outdoor activity areas of nearest noise-sensitive receptors.
- The three equipment cabinets were conservatively assumed to be in operation concurrently.

Because the proposed equipment cabinets could potentially be in operation during nighttime hours, the operation of the cabinets would be subject to the County's nighttime noise level standard of 50 dB L_{eq} . As shown in Table 3, the predicted equipment cabinet noise levels of less than 20 dB L_{eq} at the outdoor activity areas of the nearest noise-sensitive receiver locations would satisfy the Solano County 50 dB L_{eq} nighttime noise level standard. As a result, no additional noise mitigation measures would be warranted for this aspect of the project.

Assessment Relative to Solano County Code:

The proposed project equipment maintains a separation of approximately 65 feet from the nearest property line to the west. To predict cellular facility noise emissions relative to the Solano County Code 65 dB L_{dn} noise standard at the nearest property line, the number of hours per day the equipment would be in operation must be known. For the purpose of this analysis, the equipment cabinets were conservatively assumed to be operating continuously for 24 hours.

Assuming standard spherical spreading loss (-6 dB per doubling of distance), the project-equipment noise exposure at the nearest property line was calculated to be 51 dB L_{dn} . As a result, no additional noise mitigation measures would be warranted for the project.

Conclusions

Based on the equipment noise level data and analyses presented above, project-related equipment noise exposure is expected to satisfy the Solano County General Plan noise exposure limits applied at the outdoor activity areas of the nearest noise-sensitive land uses. In addition, project-related equipment noise exposure is expected to satisfy the Solano County Code noise exposure limits applied at the nearest property line. As a result, no additional noise mitigation measures would be warranted for this project.

This concludes our environmental noise assessment for the proposed Hwy 680 Cygnus Cellular Facility in Solano County, California. Please contact BAC at (916) 663-0500 or paulb@bacnoise.com with any questions or requests for additional information.

Appendix A

Acoustical Terminology

Acoustics

The science of sound.

Ambient Noise

The distinctive acoustical characteristics of a given space consisting of all noise sources audible at that location. In many cases, the term ambient is used to describe an existing

or pre-project condition such as the setting in an environmental noise study.

Attenuation

The reduction of an acoustic signal.

A-Weighting

A frequency-response adjustment of a sound level meter that conditions the output signal

to approximate human response.

Decibel or dB Fundamental unit of sound, A Bell is defined as the logarithm of the ratio of the sound pressure squared over the reference pressure squared. A Decibel is one-tenth of a Bell.

CNEL

Community Noise Equivalent Level. Defined as the 24-hour average noise level with noise occurring during evening hours (7 - 10 p.m.) weighted by a factor of three and nighttime hours weighted by a factor of 10 prior to averaging.

Frequency

The measure of the rapidity of alterations of a periodic signal, expressed in cycles per

second or hertz.

Ldn

Day/Night Average Sound Level. Similar to CNEL but with no evening weighting.

Leg

Equivalent or energy-averaged sound level.

Lmax

The highest root-mean-square (RMS) sound level measured over a given period of time.

Loudness

A subjective term for the sensation of the magnitude of sound.

Masking

The amount (or the process) by which the threshold of audibility is for one sound is raised by the presence of another (masking) sound.

Noise

Unwanted sound.

Peak Noise

The level corresponding to the highest (not RMS) sound pressure measured over a given period of time. This term is often confused with the Maximum level, which is the highest

RMS level.

RTco

The time it takes reverberant sound to decay by 60 dB once the source has been removed.

Sabin

The unit of sound absorption. One square foot of material absorbing 100% of incident

sound has an absorption of 1 sabin.

SEL

A rating, in decibels, of a discrete event, such as an aircraft flyover or train passby, that

compresses the total sound energy of the event into a 1-s time period.

Threshold of Hearing The lowest sound that can be perceived by the human auditory system, generally

considered to be 0 dB for persons with perfect hearing.

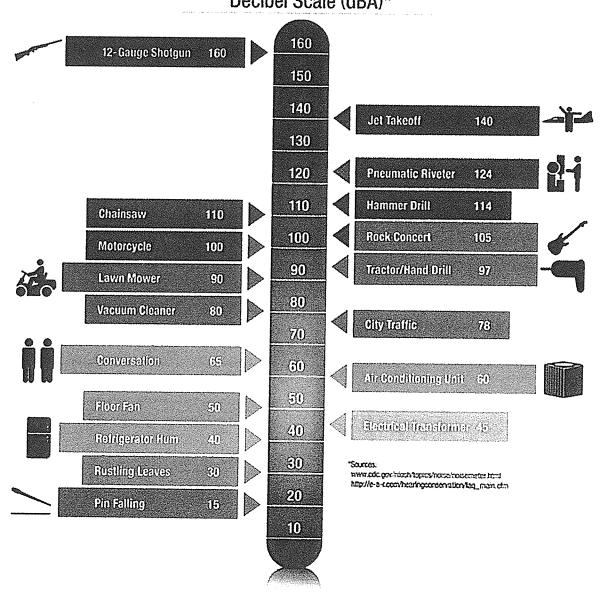
Threshold of Pain

Approximately 120 dB above the threshold of hearing.

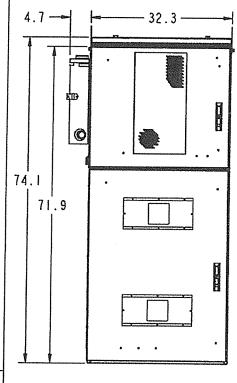


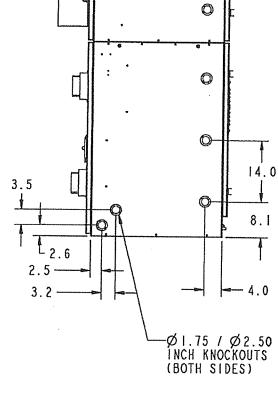
Appendix B

Typical A-Weighted Sound Levels of Common Noise Sources Decibel Scale (dBA)*

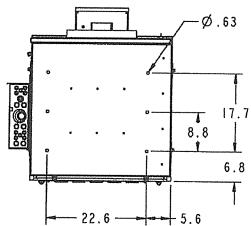


Appendix C-1





32.3-





WEIGHT WITH BATTERIES: 2296 LBS.

WEIGHT WITHOUT BATTERIES: 760 LBS.

6.9 ---

MAX NOISE LEVEL: 55-60dB

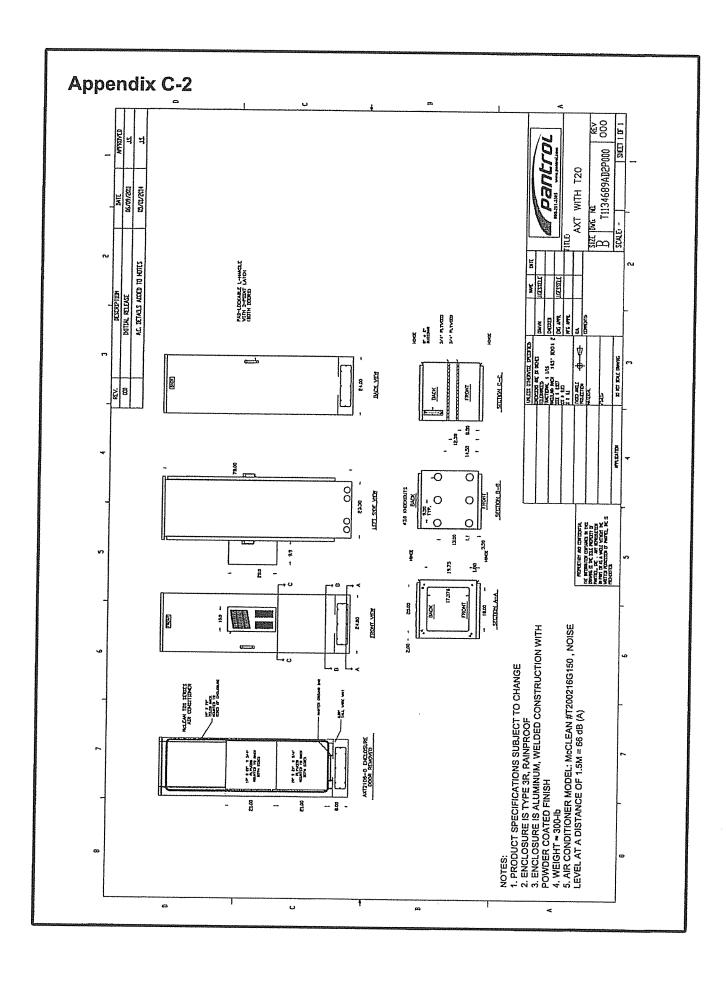
NorthStar NSB-170FT batteries at 128 lbs each, Qty 12

CHARLES PART #

CUBE-SS4C215XC1



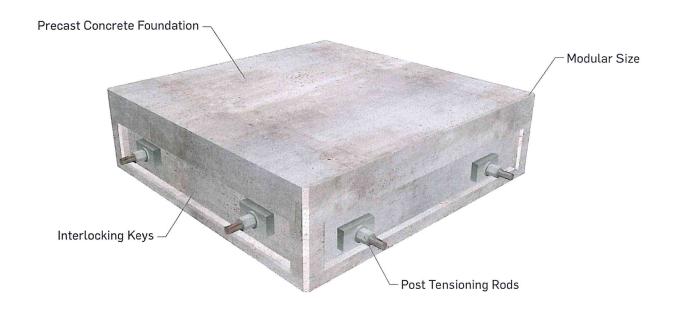
THIS IS THE PROPERTY OF CHISLES INDUSTRIES LTD. AND SPALL BUT BE REPRODUCED, COPIED OR USED IN ANY MARKES STRINGSTAL TO THEIR INTERSTS. Verizon Wireless Large Site Support Enclosure



6.7



CELL BLOCKS® FOUNDATION SYSTEM



A PRECAST FOUNDATION SYSTEM DESIGNED FOR THE WIRELESS INDUSTRY

Oldcastle Precast CELL BLOCKS are a precast, post-tensioned foundation system designed specifically for the wireless communications industry. CELL BLOCKS foundations accommodate monopoles, towers, power/telco pedestals, shelters, equipment cabinets, precast walls, chain link fencing and stairs. Since they are deployed at grade level and do not penetrate the soil, CELL BLOCKS can be used at contaminated and environmentally or archaeologically sensitive sites. CELL BLOCKS eliminate the need for concrete trucks and drilling rigs, making them ideal for remote sites.

APPLICATIONS

- > Monopoles or towers
- > Shelter or cabinets

FEATURES

Engineered per site providing stamped drawings

Deployed at grade level

Manufactured in a controlled environment

Can easily be disassembled, moved and re-installed

- > Power and battery units
- > Radar dishes

BENEFITS

Savings-development/design/permitting

May not require soil reports

Predictability in construction

Sustainable - can be repurposed

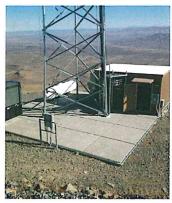


For more information please contact **Phil Colflesh** at the National Sales Office **(888) 965-3227** or send an email to **phil.colflesh@oldcastle.com**.



CELL BLOCKS-EASY INSTALLATION

Pre-engineered CELL BLOCKS require minimal site preparation. Block fabrication runs concurrently with the permitting process, facilitating aggressive construction schedule reductions. Typically, the foundation, shelter, and monopole (or lattice) are deployed in a single day. Once the blocks are post tensioned on day of installation, the foundation is full strength. No time delay for curing time associated with traditional methods. CELL BLOCKS are widely accepted by regulatory agencies.













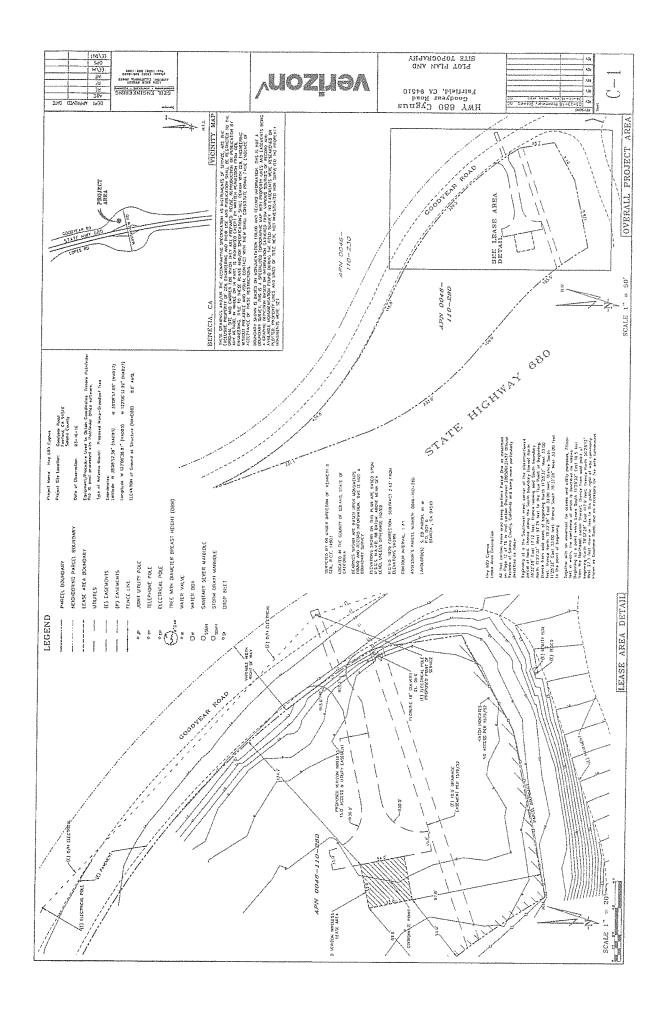


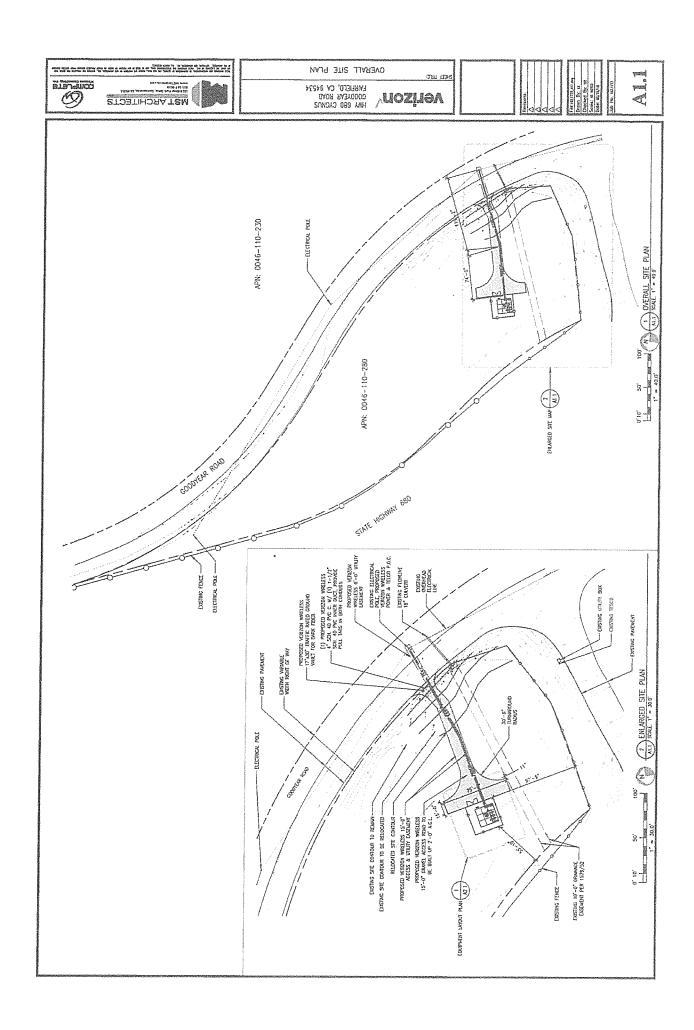


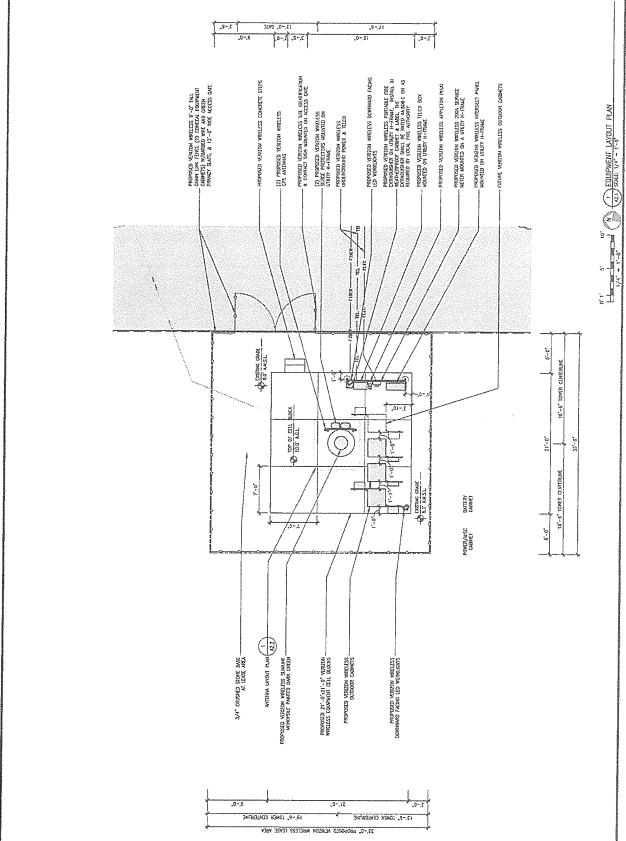
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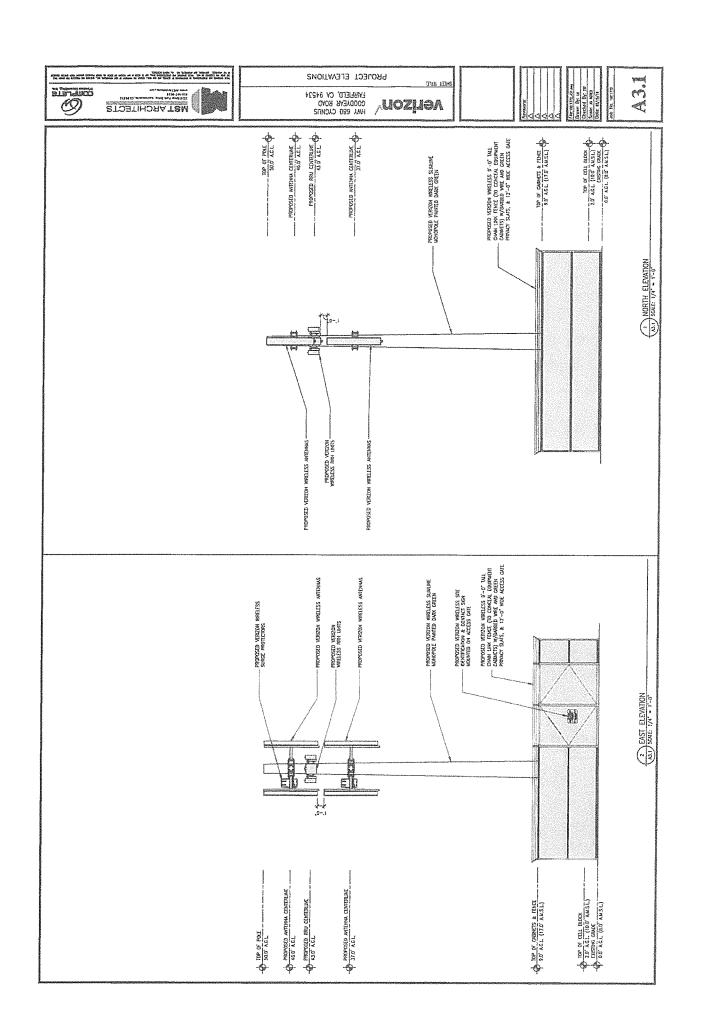
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Hwy 680 Cygnus

Goodyear Road Fairtleld, CA 94534

Verizonwireless Aerial photograph showing the viewpoints for the photosimulations.

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Verizon Wireless • Proposed Base Station (Site No. 299954 "Highway 680 Cygnus") Goodyear Road • Fairfield, California

Statement of Hammett & Edison, Inc., Consulting Engineers

The firm of Hammett & Edison, Inc., Consulting Engineers, has been retained on behalf of Verizon Wireless, a personal wireless telecommunications carrier, to evaluate the base station (Site No. 299954 "Highway 680 Cygnus") proposed to be located at Goodyear Road near Fairfield, California, for compliance with appropriate guidelines limiting human exposure to radio frequency ("RF") electromagnetic fields.

Executive Summary

Verizon proposes to install directional panel antennas on a tall pole to be sited near the Marshview Road interchange with Interstate 680, south of Fairfield. The proposed operation will, together with the existing base station near the site, comply with the FCC guidelines limiting public exposure to RF energy.

Prevailing Exposure Standards

The U.S. Congress requires that the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") evaluate its actions for possible significant impact on the environment. A summary of the FCC's exposure limits is shown in Figure 1. These limits apply for continuous exposures and are intended to provide a prudent margin of safety for all persons, regardless of age, gender, size, or health. The most restrictive FCC limit for exposures of unlimited duration to radio frequency energy for several personal wireless services are as follows:

Wireless Service	Frequency Band	Occupational Limit	Public Limit
Microwave (Point-to-Point)	5-80 GHz	5.00 mW/cm^2	1.00 mW/cm^2
WiFi (and unlicensed uses)	2–6	5.00	1.00
BRS (Broadband Radio)	2,600 MHz	5.00	1.00
WCS (Wireless Communication)	2,300	5.00	1.00
AWS (Advanced Wireless)	2,100	5.00	1.00
PCS (Personal Communication)	1,950	5.00	1.00
Cellular	870	2.90	0.58
SMR (Specialized Mobile Radio)	855	2.85	0.57
700 MHz	700	2.40	0.48
[most restrictive frequency range]	30–300	1.00	0.20

General Facility Requirements

Base stations typically consist of two distinct parts: the electronic transceivers (also called "radios" or "channels") that are connected to the traditional wired telephone lines, and the passive antennas that send the wireless signals created by the radios out to be received by individual subscriber units. The transceivers are often located at ground level and are connected to the antennas by coaxial cables. A



Verizon Wireless • Proposed Base Station (Site No. 299954 "Highway 680 Cygnus") Goodyear Road • Fairfield, California

small antenna for reception of GPS signals is also required, mounted with a clear view of the sky. Because of the short wavelength of the frequencies assigned by the FCC for wireless services, the antennas require line-of-sight paths for their signals to propagate well and so are installed at some height above ground. The antennas are designed to concentrate their energy toward the horizon, with very little energy wasted toward the sky or the ground. This means that it is generally not possible for exposure conditions to approach the maximum permissible exposure limits without being physically very near the antennas.

Computer Modeling Method

The FCC provides direction for determining compliance in its Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin No. 65, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC-Specified Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation," dated August 1997. Figure 2 describes the calculation methodologies, reflecting the facts that a directional antenna's radiation pattern is not fully formed at locations very close by (the "near-field" effect) and that at greater distances the power level from an energy source decreases with the square of the distance from it (the "inverse square law"). The conservative nature of this method for evaluating exposure conditions has been verified by numerous field tests.

Site and Facility Description

Based upon information provided by Verizon, including zoning drawings by MST Architects, Inc., dated March 15, 2018, it is proposed to install four CommScope Model SBNHH-1D65C directional panel antennas on a new 50-foot steel pole to be sited in an open area near the on-ramp from Marshview Road to the northbound lanes of Interstate 680 in unincorporated Solano County, about 5 miles south of the junction between Interstates 80 and 680. The antennas would employ no downtilt, would be mounted at effective heights of about 37 and 46 feet above ground, and would be oriented in stacked pairs toward 175°T and 330°T. The maximum effective radiated power in any direction would be 35,020 watts, representing simultaneous operation at 11,490 watts for AWS, 10,000 watts for PCS, 6,610 watts for cellular, and 6,920 watts for 700 MHz service.

Presently located on a utility pole about 370 feet to the southeast are similar antennas for use by T-Mobile. For the limited purpose of this study, the transmitting facilities of that carrier are assumed to be as follows:

Operator	Service	Maximum ERP	Antenna Model	Downtilt	Height
T-Mobile	AWS	4,400 watts	Ericsson AIR21	2°	23 ft
	PCS	2,200	Ericsson AIR21	2	23
	700 MHz	1,800	Andrew LNX-6514DS	2	23



Verizon Wireless • Proposed Base Station (Site No. 299954 "Highway 680 Cygnus") Goodyear Road • Fairfield, California

Study Results

For a person anywhere at ground, the maximum RF exposure level due to the proposed Verizon operation by itself is calculated to be 0.012 mW/cm², which is 12% of the applicable public exposure limit. The maximum calculated cumulative level at ground, for the simultaneous operation of both carriers, is 13% of the public exposure limit. It should be noted that these results include several "worst-case" assumptions and therefore are expected to overstate actual power density levels. There are no buildings within 1,000 feet of the proposed location, based on aerial photographs from Google Maps.

No Recommended Mitigation Measures

Due to their mounting location and height, the Verizon antennas would not be accessible to unauthorized persons, and so no mitigation measures are necessary to comply with the FCC public exposure guidelines. It is presumed that Verizon will, as an FCC licensee, take adequate steps to ensure that its employees or contractors receive appropriate training and comply with FCC occupational exposure guidelines whenever work is required near the antennas themselves.

Conclusion

Based on the information and analysis above, it is the undersigned's professional opinion that operation of the base station proposed by Verizon Wireless near Goodyear Road in Fairfield, California, will comply with the prevailing standards for limiting public exposure to radio frequency energy and, therefore, will not for this reason cause a significant impact on the environment. The highest calculated level in publicly accessible areas is much less than the prevailing standards allow for exposures of unlimited duration. This finding is consistent with measurements of actual exposure conditions taken at other operating base stations.

Authorship

The undersigned author of this statement is a qualified Professional Engineer, holding California Registration Nos. E-13026 and M-20676, which expire on June 30, 2019. This work has been carried out under his direction, and all statements are true and correct of his own knowledge except, where noted, when data has been supplied by others, which data he believes to be correct.

William F. Hammett, P.E 707/996-5200

E-13026 M-20676

May 24, 2018

HAMMETT & EDISON, INC. CONSULTING ENGINEERS SAN FRANCISCO

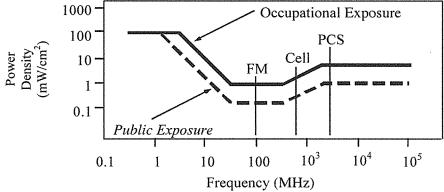
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FCC Radio Frequency Protection Guide

The U.S. Congress required (1996 Telecom Act) the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") to adopt a nationwide human exposure standard to ensure that its licensees do not, cumulatively, have a significant impact on the environment. The FCC adopted the limits from Report No. 86, "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," published in 1986 by the Congressionally chartered National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements ("NCRP"). Separate limits apply for occupational and public exposure conditions, with the latter limits generally five times more restrictive. The more recent standard, developed by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers and approved as American National Standard ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2006, "Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz," includes similar limits. These limits apply for continuous exposures from all sources and are intended to provide a prudent margin of safety for all persons, regardless of age, gender, size, or health.

As shown in the table and chart below, separate limits apply for occupational and public exposure conditions, with the latter limits (in *italics* and/or dashed) up to five times more restrictive:

<u>Frequency</u>	of emission in MHz)					
Applicable Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)		Field S	netic strength /m)	Equivalent Far-Field Power Density (mW/cm ²)	
0.3 - 1.34	614	614	1.63	1.63	100	100
1.34 - 3.0	614	823.8/f	1.63	2.19/f	100	$180/f^2$
3.0 - 30	1842/ f	823.8/f	4.89/ f	2.19/f	900/ f ²	180/ f²
30 - 300	61.4	27.5	0.163	0.0729	1.0	0.2
300 - 1,500	3.54√f	1.59√f	√f/106	$\sqrt{f/238}$	f/300	f/1500
1,500 - 100,000	137	61.4	0.364	0.163	5.0	1.0



Higher levels are allowed for short periods of time, such that total exposure levels averaged over six or thirty minutes, for occupational or public settings, respectively, do not exceed the limits, and higher levels also are allowed for exposures to small areas, such that the spatially averaged levels do not exceed the limits. However, neither of these allowances is incorporated in the conservative calculation formulas in the FCC Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin No. 65 (August 1997) for projecting field levels. Hammett & Edison has built those formulas into a proprietary program that calculates, at each location on an arbitrary rectangular grid, the total expected power density from any number of individual radio sources. The program allows for the description of buildings and uneven terrain, if required to obtain more accurate projections.



HAMMETT & EDISON, INC. CONSULTING ENGINEERS SAN FRANCISCO

RFR.CALC[™] Calculation Methodology

Assessment by Calculation of Compliance with FCC Exposure Guidelines

The U.S. Congress required (1996 Telecom Act) the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") to adopt a nationwide human exposure standard to ensure that its licensees do not, cumulatively, have a significant impact on the environment. The maximum permissible exposure limits adopted by the FCC (see Figure 1) apply for continuous exposures from all sources and are intended to provide a prudent margin of safety for all persons, regardless of age, gender, size, or health. Higher levels are allowed for short periods of time, such that total exposure levels averaged over six or thirty minutes, for occupational or public settings, respectively, do not exceed the limits.

Near Field.

Prediction methods have been developed for the near field zone of panel (directional) and whip (omnidirectional) antennas, typical at wireless telecommunications base stations, as well as dish (aperture) antennas, typically used for microwave links. The antenna patterns are not fully formed in the near field at these antennas, and the FCC Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin No. 65 (August 1997) gives suitable formulas for calculating power density within such zones.

For a panel or whip antenna, power density $S = \frac{180}{\theta_{BW}} \times \frac{0.1 \times P_{net}}{\pi \times D \times h}$, in mW/cm²,

and for an aperture antenna, maximum power density $S_{max} = \frac{0.1 \times 16 \times \eta \times P_{net}}{\pi \times h^2}$, in mW/cm²,

where θ_{BW} = half-power beamwidth of the antenna, in degrees, and

Pnet = net power input to the antenna, in watts,

D = distance from antenna, in meters,

h = aperture height of the antenna, in meters, and

 η = aperture efficiency (unitless, typically 0.5-0.8).

The factor of 0.1 in the numerators converts to the desired units of power density.

Far Field.

OET-65 gives this formula for calculating power density in the far field of an individual RF source:

power density
$$S = \frac{2.56 \times 1.64 \times 100 \times RFF^2 \times ERP}{4 \times \pi \times D^2}$$
, in mW/cm²,

where ERP = total ERP (all polarizations), in kilowatts,

RFF = relative field factor at the direction to the actual point of calculation, and

D = distance from the center of radiation to the point of calculation, in meters.

The factor of 2.56 accounts for the increase in power density due to ground reflection, assuming a reflection coefficient of 1.6 (1.6 x 1.6 = 2.56). The factor of 1.64 is the gain of a half-wave dipole relative to an isotropic radiator. The factor of 100 in the numerator converts to the desired units of power density. This formula has been built into a proprietary program that calculates, at each location on an arbitrary rectangular grid, the total expected power density from any number of individual radiation sources. The program also allows for the description of uneven terrain in the vicinity, to obtain more accurate projections.



June 11, 2018

Complete Wireless Consulting, Inc. Janet Carmickle 2009 V Street Sacramento, CA 95818

Subject: Revised Noise Analysis for the Highway 680 Cygnus Cellular Facility located in Fairfield (Solano County), California

The Highway 680 Cygnus Verizon Wireless Unmanned Telecommunications Facility Project (project) proposes the construction of a monopole tower, and the installation of outdoor equipment cabinets inside a fenced area located on Goodyear Road (APN: 0046-110-280) in Fairfield (Solano County), California.

A noise study for this project was previously completed by Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc. (BAC) on June 21, 2016. The contents of the noise study included an analysis of outdoor equipment cabinet noise levels relative to the Solano County General Plan and County Code noise criteria. This noise study, which was based on project site plans dated May 13, 2016, concluded that project-related equipment noise exposure would satisfy the applicable Solano County General Plan and Municipal Code noise criteria at the nearest noise-sensitive uses.

On May 30, 2018, Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc. was contracted by Complete Wireless Consulting, Inc. to complete a revision to the previous noise study (dated June 21, 2016) based on the revised project site plans (dated April 5, 2018). However, because there are no identified changes to the location or configuration of the proposed noise-generating equipment in the revised site plans, it has been determined that a revised noise study is not warranted. Specifically, the results and conclusions identified in the previous noise study (dated June 21, 2016) are still valid, and a revised noise study based on the project site plans dated April 5, 2018 is not warranted for this project.

Please contact me at (916) 663-0500 or <u>dariog@bacnoise.com</u> if you have any questions or require additional information.

Sincerely,

Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc.

Dario Gotchet Consultant

Environmental Noise Analysis

Hwy 680 Cygnus Cellular Facility

Solano County, California

BAC Job # 2015-237

Prepared For:

Complete Wireless Consulting

Attn: Ms. Kim Le 2009 V Street Sacramento, CA 95818

Prepared By:

Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc.

Paul Bollard, President

June 21, 2016



Introduction

The Hwy 680 Cygnus Verizon Wireless Unmanned Telecommunications Facility Project (project) proposes the construction of a monopole tower, and the installation of outdoor equipment cabinets inside a fenced area located on Goodyear Road (APN: 0046-110-280) in Fairfield, California (Solano County). The outdoor equipment cabinets have been identified as the primary noise sources associated with the project. Please see Figure 1 for the general site location. The studied site design is dated May 13, 2016.

Bollard Acoustical Consultants, Inc. has been contracted by Complete Wireless Consulting, Inc. to complete an environmental noise assessment regarding the proposed project cellular equipment operations. Specifically, the following addresses daily noise production and exposure associated with operation of the project outdoor equipment cabinets.

Please refer to Appendix A for definitions of acoustical terminology used in this report. Appendix B illustrates common noise levels associated with various sources.

Criteria for Acceptable Noise Exposure

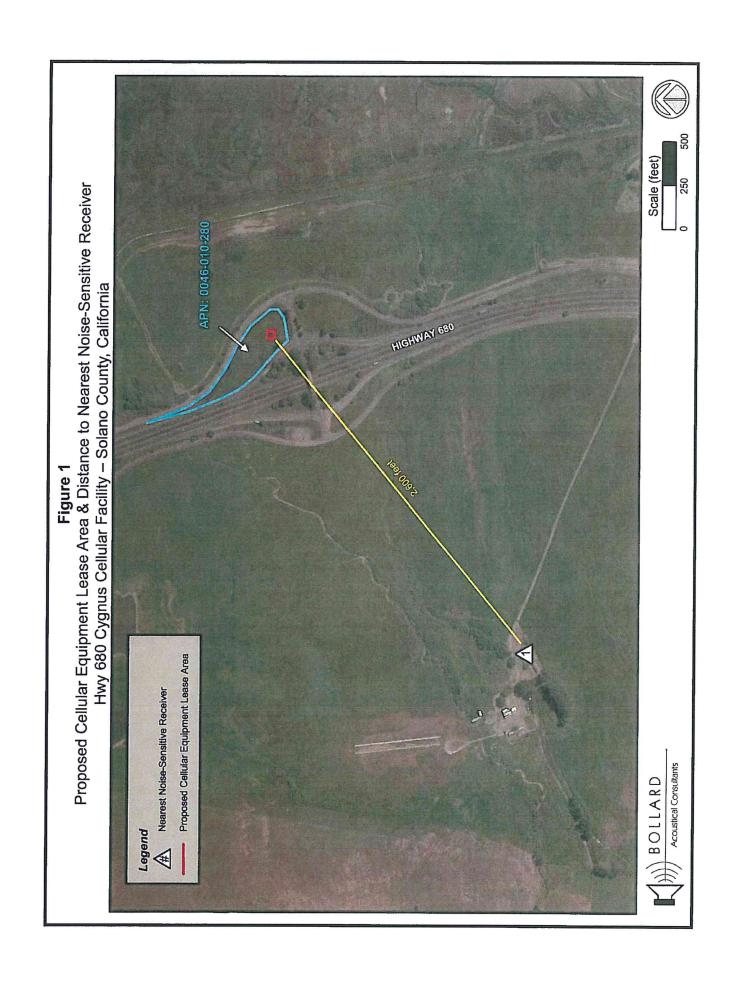
Solano County General Plan Public Health & Safety Element

The Solano County General Plan Public Health & Safety Chapter contains a noise section that establishes acceptable noise level limits for non-transportation (stationary) noise sources, such as those proposed by the project. The County's non-transportation noise level standards applied to residential land uses are provided below in Table 1. The General Plan requires that the noise level standards set forth below in Table 1 be applied at the common outdoor activity areas (e.g., backyards) of the residential land uses.

Noise Level Standards for Non-Transportation Noise Sources – Residential Land Uses Solano County Noise Element of the General Plan		
Noise Level Descriptor	Daytime 7 a.m. to 10 p.m.	Nighttime 10 p.m. to 7 a.m.
Hourly Leq, dB	55	50
Maximum Level (L _{max}), dB	70	65

Solano County Code

Section 28.70.10(B)(1)(b) of the Solano County Code, which pertains to general development standards applicable to all uses in every zoning district, requires that all uses of land shall not generate noise that exceeds 65 dBA L_{dn} at any property line.



Section 28.81(D)(10) of the Solano County Code, which pertains to noise generation of wireless communications facilities, reads as follows:

All wireless communication facilities shall be designed to minimize noise. If a facility is located in or within 100 feet of a residential district, noise attenuation measures shall be included to reduce noise levels to a maximum exterior noise level of $50 L_{dn}$ at the facility site's property lines.

Noise Standards Applied to the Project

The Solano County General Plan non-transportation (stationary) noise level standards seen in Table 1 were applied to the project. In addition to the general plan noise level standards, the Solano County Code, Section 28.70.10(B)(1)(b), property line noise level standard of 65 dB L_{dn} was applied at the nearest property line. Compliance with the 65 dB L_{dn} noise level standard at the nearest property line would ensure compliance at all other property lines.

The proposed facility is located within and adjacent to agriculturally zoned land (A 20 Exclusive Agriculture). The nearest residential district is located over a mile away to the northwest. Because the facility is located well in excess of 100 feet from the nearest residential district, Section 28.81(D)(10) of Solano County Code was not applied to the project.

Project Noise Generation

The project proposes the installation of three equipment cabinets within the lease area illustrated on Figure 1. Specifically, the cabinets assumed for the project are as follows: one Ericsson eNB RBS6101, one Charles Industries 48V Power Plant and one miscellaneous cabinet cooled by a McLean Model T-20 air conditioner. The cabinets and their respective reference noise levels are provided in Table 2. The manufacturer's noise level data specification sheets for the proposed equipment cabinets are provided as Appendix C.

Table 2			
Reference Noise Level Data of Proposed Equipment Cabinets			
Equipment	Number of Cabinets	Reference Noise Level, dB	Reference Distance, feet
Ericsson eNB RBS6101	1	53	5
Charles Industries 48V Power Plant	1	60	5
McLean T-20	1	66	5
Notes: Manufacturer specification sheets provided as Appendix C.			

Predicted Facility Noise Levels at Nearby Sensitive Receptor

Assessment Relative to Solano County General Plan:

The project parcel and the adjacent parcels are zoned agricultural (A 20 Exclusive Agriculture) which are not typically considered sensitive to noise. The proposed cellular facility maintains a separation of approximately 2,600 feet from the outdoor activity area of the nearest noise-sensitive receptor, identified as receiver 1 (APN:0180-130-010) on Figure 1. Assuming standard spherical spreading

loss (-6 dB per doubling of distance), project-equipment noise exposure at the closest receiver was calculated and the results of those calculations are presented below in Table 3.

Table 3 Summary of Project-Related Noise Exposure at Nearest Noise-Sensitive Receptor Hwy 680 Cygnus Verizon Wireless Telecommunications Facility Project			
Nearest Noise Sensitive Receptor ¹	Distance from Cellular Equipment (feet) ²	Predicted Cabinet Noise Levels (Leq, dBA) ³	
1	2,600	<20	

- Receptor location and distance are shown on Figure 1.
- ² Predicted equipment noise levels were applied at outdoor activity areas of nearest noise-sensitive receptors.
- 3 The three equipment cabinets were conservatively assumed to be in operation concurrently.

Because the proposed equipment cabinets could potentially be in operation during nighttime hours, the operation of the cabinets would be subject to the County's nighttime noise level standard of 50 dB L_{eq} . As shown in Table 3, the predicted equipment cabinet noise levels of less than 20 dB L_{eq} at the outdoor activity areas of the nearest noise-sensitive receiver locations would satisfy the Solano County 50 dB L_{eq} nighttime noise level standard. As a result, no additional noise mitigation measures would be warranted for this aspect of the project.

Assessment Relative to Solano County Code:

The proposed project equipment maintains a separation of approximately 65 feet from the nearest property line to the west. To predict cellular facility noise emissions relative to the Solano County Code 65 dB L_{dn} noise standard at the nearest property line, the number of hours per day the equipment would be in operation must be known. For the purpose of this analysis, the equipment cabinets were conservatively assumed to be operating continuously for 24 hours.

Assuming standard spherical spreading loss (-6 dB per doubling of distance), the project-equipment noise exposure at the nearest property line was calculated to be 51 dB L_{dn}. As a result, no additional noise mitigation measures would be warranted for the project.

Conclusions

Based on the equipment noise level data and analyses presented above, project-related equipment noise exposure is expected to satisfy the Solano County General Plan noise exposure limits applied at the outdoor activity areas of the nearest noise-sensitive land uses. In addition, project-related equipment noise exposure is expected to satisfy the Solano County Code noise exposure limits applied at the nearest property line. As a result, no additional noise mitigation measures would be warranted for this project.

This concludes our environmental noise assessment for the proposed Hwy 680 Cygnus Cellular Facility in Solano County, California. Please contact BAC at (916) 663-0500 or pace-noise.com with any questions or requests for additional information.

Appendix A

Acoustical Terminology

Acoustics

The science of sound.

Ambient Noise

The distinctive acoustical characteristics of a given space consisting of all noise sources audible at that location. In many cases, the term ambient is used to describe an existing

or pre-project condition such as the setting in an environmental noise study.

Attenuation

The reduction of an acoustic signal.

A-Weighting

A frequency-response adjustment of a sound level meter that conditions the output signal

to approximate human response.

Decibel or dB Fundamental unit of sound. A Bell is defined as the logarithm of the ratio of the sound pressure squared over the reference pressure squared. A Decibel is one-tenth of a Bell.

CNEL

Community Noise Equivalent Level. Defined as the 24-hour average noise level with noise occurring during evening hours (7 - 10 p.m.) weighted by a factor of three and

nighttime hours weighted by a factor of 10 prior to averaging.

Frequency

The measure of the rapidity of alterations of a periodic signal, expressed in cycles per

second or hertz.

Ldn

Day/Night Average Sound Level. Similar to CNEL but with no evening weighting.

Leq

Equivalent or energy-averaged sound level.

Lmax

The highest root-mean-square (RMS) sound level measured over a given period of time.

Loudness

A subjective term for the sensation of the magnitude of sound.

Masking

The amount (or the process) by which the threshold of audibility is for one sound is raised

by the presence of another (masking) sound.

Noise

Unwanted sound.

Peak Noise

The level corresponding to the highest (not RMS) sound pressure measured over a given period of time. This term is often confused with the Maximum level, which is the highest

RMS level.

RTeo

The time it takes reverberant sound to decay by 60 dB once the source has been

removed.

Sabin

The unit of sound absorption. One square foot of material absorbing 100% of incident

sound has an absorption of 1 sabin.

SEL

A rating, in decibels, of a discrete event, such as an aircraft flyover or train passby, that compresses the total sound energy of the event into a 1-s time period.

Threshold of Hearing The lowest sound that can be perceived by the human auditory system, generally

considered to be 0 dB for persons with perfect hearing.

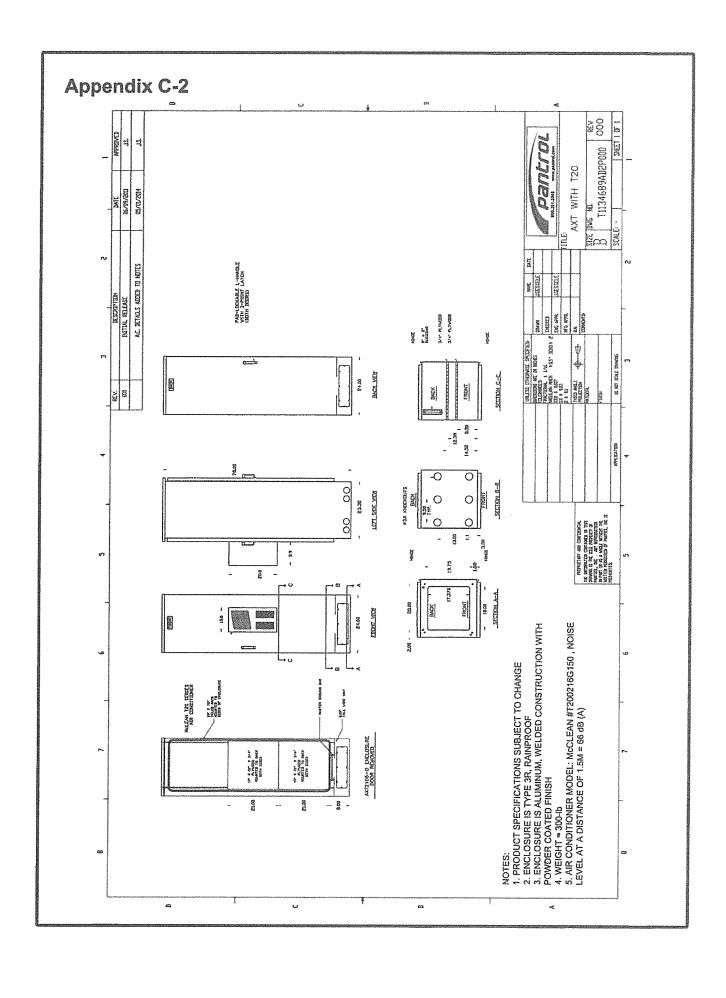
Threshold of Pain

Approximately 120 dB above the threshold of hearing.



Appendix B Typical A-Weighted Sound Levels of Common Noise Sources Decibel Scale (dBA)* 160 12-Gauge Shotgun 150 140 **Jet Takeoff** 140 130 **Pneumatic Riveter** 120 **Hammer Drill** 110 114 110 100 Motorcycle 90 30 "Sources. www.cdc.gov/nlost/topics/noise/noisemeter.html http://e-a-coom/hearingconservation/lag_main.clm 20 10

Appendix C-1 4.7 -32.3-6.9 -32.3-होछ 0 0 0 74.1 71.9 0 14.0 3.5 8.1 2.6 Ø.63 2.5-3.2 --Ø1.75 / Ø2.50 INCH KNOCKOUTS (BOTH SIDES) 17.7 8.8 6.8 **-22.6 -WEIGHT WITH BATTERIES: WEIGHT WITHOUT BATTERIES:** MAX NOISE LEVEL: 2296 LBS. 760 LBS. 55-60dB NorthStar NSB-170FT batteries at 128 lbs each, Qty 12 Charles Industries Ltd. Talecommanications Group terrise Caster, 5506 Agaile Delive Salities Reserves, 11, 85064 Salities Reserves, CHARLES PART # **Verizon Wireless** CUBE-SS4C215XC1 **Large Site Support Enclosure** THIS IS THE PROPERTY OF CHARLES INDUSTRIES LTD. AND SMALL NOT BE REPRODUCED. COPIED OR USED IN ANY HARRES DETRIMENTAL TO THEIR INTERNTS.





Solano County

675 Texas Street Fairfield, California 94533 www.solanocounty.com

Agenda Submittal

Agenda #: 2 Status: PC-Regular

Type: PC-Document Department: Planning Commission

File #: PC 18-027 Contact: Mike Yankovich, 707.784.6765

Agenda date: 6/21/2018 Final action:

Title: PUBLIC HEARING to consider an ordinance amending Chapter 28 of the Solano County Code

to define the short-term rental of a dwelling as a "vacation house rental" and to authorize such land use, subject to an administrative or minor use permit, within the Agricultural, Rural Residential and Watershed Zoning Districts. (Project Planner: Michael Yankovich)

Governing body:

District:

Attachments: A - Vacation House Rental AdminMinor061418Ord1

B - Vacation House Rental Admin061418Ord 2

C - Map - Overallmap

<u>C - Map - A-20</u> <u>C - Map - ASV-20</u> <u>C - Map - RR</u> C - Map - A-40 (2)

Date Ver. Action By Action Result

RECOMMENDATION:

The Planning Division of the Department of Resource Management recommends that the Planning Commission conduct a public hearing to consider two ordinances addressing Vacation House Rentals in the unincorporated area of the county.

BACKGROUND

At the May 17th meeting of the Planning Commission, staff presented information on the subject of vacation house rentals that included six different options for the Commission's consideration. The information covered subjects such as Airbnb/VRBO in Solano County, Transit Occupancy Tax, public service calls resulting from the land use, standards currently being used by other jurisdictions, and similar land uses. Nine individuals testified with six supportive of allowing vacation house rentals and three opposed. Following a discussion period, the commission directed staff to prepare an ordinance that would fall in the middle, Options 3 (Administrative permit) and 4 (Minor Use permit), of the regulatory options scheme.

DISCUSSION

Staff has prepared two ordinances for the Commission's consideration. The first follows a suggestion that was made at the last commission meeting where vacation house rentals could be grouped into hosted and unhosted rentals. A hosted rental is a vacation house rental where the property owner remains on the property during the vacation house rental period. An unhosted rental is where the property owner does not reside on the property during the vacation house rental period. The assumption is that since the property owner is on site during the vacation house rental period, any issues with tenants and neighbors could be addressed within a fairly short time period. As a result, the level of regulation required for a hosted rental

File #: PC 18-027, Version: 1

would potentially be less than that required of an unhosted rental.

Ordinance 1 (Attachment A)

As proposed, the first ordinance would have nine general requirements that would apply to both, hosted and unhosted rentals. The general requirements address items such as development standards, overnight occupancy, parking, transient occupancy tax, and online advertisements. In addition, the hosted rentals would also have two specific requirements while the unhosted rental would include three specific requirements.

The application submittal process for a hosted rental would be an Administrative permit while the unhosted rental would be a minor use permit. A hosted rental application process would involve the submittal of an administrative permit that the Director of Resource Management shall administratively approve if all standards and requirements of Chapter 28 and elsewhere in the Code are satisfied. The unhosted rental application process would involve the submittal of a minor use permit which requires a public hearing before the Zoning Administrator.

As mentioned in the May 17th Planning Commission meeting, the vacation rental listings that staff were able to identify on Airbnb and VRBO were generally whole house rentals and located in the western portion of the county, primarily in the Pleasants-Vaca-Lagoon Valley, Suisun Valley, Green Valley and Western Hills agricultural regions of the county. The zone districts associated with these agricultural regions include: Exclusive Agriculture, A-20 and A-40; Suisun Valley Agricultural, A-SV, ATC, ATC-NC; Rural Residential, RR 2.5, RR-5, and RR-10; and Watershed, W-160.

Staff has reviewed the zone districts for compatibility with vacation rentals and recommends that the Planning Commission consider the following: Exclusive Agriculture, A-20; Suisun Valley Agricultural, A-SV, ATC, ATC-NC; and Rural Residential, RR 2.5, RR-5, and RR-10 (See Maps). Staff does not recommend including Exclusive Agriculture, A-40 and Watershed (W-160) at this time. The reasons Watershed is not recommended is that the Watershed district includes areas characterized by slope instability, fire hazards and the unavailability of water and public services. The reason A-40 is not recommended is that the vast majority of A-40 zoned property is located in Dixon Ridge Agricultural Region in the eastern area of the county. The A-40 zoned area along the western part of the county is located along Pleasants Valley Road from Interstate 80 north to property south of Cantelow Road. Staff is conducting further research and may have an update at the meeting.

Ordinance 2 (Attachment B)

The second ordinance collapses the General and Specific Requirements in Ordinance 1 and places them under the general term Requirements for a total of 13 requirements. The application process would involve the submittal of an administrative permit that the Director of Resource Management shall administratively approve if all standards and requirements of Chapter 28 and elsewhere in the Code are satisfied.

Both ordinances address whole house rentals only. Staff will be addressing individual room and portions of a house later this year since changes to existing residential definitions are needed.

ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW

The Zone Text Amendment is exempt from further environmental review under the General Rule Exemption of Section 15060(c)(2) of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations because the project will not result in a direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect physical change in the environment.

Attachments:

Attachment A: Ordinance 1 Attachment B: Ordinance 2 File #: PC 18-027, Version: 1

Attachment C: Maps

ORDINANCE NO. 1

ORDINANCE NO. 2018-___

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 28 OF THE SOLANO COUNTY CODE TO DEFINE THE SHORT-TERM RENTAL OF A DWELLING AS A "VACATION HOUSE RENTAL" AND TO AUTHORIZE SUCH LAND USE, SUBJECT TO EITHER AN ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT OR A MINOR USE PERMIT, WITHIN THE A-20 EXCLUSIVE AGRICULTURAL, SUISUN VALLEY AGRICULTURAL, AND RURAL RESIDENTIAL ZONING DISTRICTS

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Solano ordains as follows:

SECTION I: DEFINITIONS

The following definitions related to transient lodging facilities are amended or added, in alphabetical order, to section 28.01 of the Solano County Code:

<u>Guest house</u>. Detached living quarters of a permanent type of construction, without a kitchen-and accessory to the primary dwelling on the same building site. A guest house may not to be rented, let, or leased separate from the primary dwelling, whether compensation be direct or indirect.

<u>Vacation house rental.</u> A dwelling that is offered, used, let, or hired out for compensation for periods of 30 consecutive days or less. Does not include an occasional home exchange or similar transient occupancy of a dwelling unit not involving the payment of monetary compensation to the property owner or resident. Includes any dwelling used pursuant to a time share plan or other similar form of co-ownership if any time share period or other entitlement to occupancy of the dwelling is limited to 30 days or less per year.

<u>Vacation house rental-Hosted.</u> A vacation house rental on a parcel with a primary and secondary dwelling where the property owner resides on the property in the non-rental dwelling.

<u>Vacation house rental-Unhosted.</u> A vacation house rental where the owner does not reside on the property.

SECTION II: ZONING DISTRICTS

Tables 28.21A, 28.23A, 28.31A, and 28.51A of the Solano County Code is amended, as shown on Exhibits _____ (to be prepared later), to authorize a Vacation House Rental-Hosted as a Tourist Use in the A-20, A-SV, ATC, ATC-NC, RR 2.5, RR 5 and RR-10 zoning districts, subject to an administrative permit, and to authorize a Vacation House Rental-Unhosted as a Tourist Use in the A-20, A-SV, ATC, ATC-NC, RR 2.5, RR 5, and RR-10 zoning districts subject to a minor use permit.

SECTION III: REGULATIONS ADDED

Section 28.75 of the Solano County Code is amended to add a new subsection 28.75.30, as follows:

28.75.30 Vacation House Rentals

A. General Requirements

Vacation house rentals shall comply with the following general standards:

- A dwelling used as a vacation house rental shall meet all of the development standards for dwellings specified in subsection 28.72.10(A)(1) and in Table 28.21B, 28.23B, and 28.31B as applicable to the zoning district. If the dwelling includes a guest house, the guest house shall also meet those development standards.
- Space used for overnight accommodations as part of a vacation house rental must be located entirely within a dwelling or a dwelling in combination with an approved guest house. Other accessory buildings, recreational vehicles, recreational vehicle parking space, or tents may not be used as a vacation house rental.
- 3. Overnight occupancy is limited to 2 persons per bedroom plus 2 additional persons, not to exceed a total of 10 persons.
- 4. Three off-street parking spaces shall be provided for all guests. On-street parking is prohibited for any property on which a vacation house is located.
- 5. A vacation house rental may not be advertised, offered, or used as a special events facility. Radios, televisions, or sound amplification equipment may not be used outdoors between 8:00 p.m. and 10:00 a.m. The owner is responsible for the nuisance behaviors of guests.
- 6. A dwelling or guest house may not be used as a vacation house rental if it is the subject of an enforcement action pursuant to any provision of this code.
- 7. Transient occupancy tax registration and payment are required, pursuant to Chapter 11 of this code. A business license is required, pursuant to Chapter 14 of this code.
- 8. The property shall be covered by commercial property insurance.
- 9. The property owner shall obtain the required permit and complete transient occupancy tax registration prior to advertising or operating the vacation

house rental. Online advertisements and /or listings for the vacation house rental shall include the following:

- a. Maximum occupancy, not including children under 3;
- b. Maximum number of vehicles;
- c. Notification that quiet hours must be observed between 8 p.m. and 10 a.m.;
- d. Notification that no outdoor amplified sound is allowed; and
- e. The Transient Occupancy Tax Certificate number for that property.

B. Specific Requirements

Vacation house rentals listed below shall comply with the general requirements in section 28.75.30(A) above and the following specific standards.

1. Vacation House Rental-Hosted

- a. A hosted vacation house rental requires the property owner to reside on the property during the vacation house rental period.
- b. Only one dwelling may be used as a vacation house rental and the property owner must reside in the other dwelling.

2. Vacation House Rental-Unhosted

- a. While a vacation house is rented, a manager shall be available twenty-four hours per day, seven days a week for the purpose of responding within forty-five minutes to complaints regarding the condition, operation, or conduct of occupants of the vacation house rental or their guests.
- b. A sign with the name of the property owner or manager and a current contact phone number shall be located near the front door of the dwelling unit.

SECTION IV:

All ordinance and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are repealed.

SECTION V

The Board of Supervisors has made the following findings and declarations in regard to the zoning amendments:

- 1. These zoning amendments are in conformity with the Solano County General Plan.
- The zoning amendment will not constitute a nuisance or be detrimental to the health, safety, comfort, or general welfare of the people of the County or be detrimental to adjacent property or improvements in the neighborhood.
- 3. This ordinance is exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act pursuant to section 15061(b)(3) of the CEQA Guidelines. This ordinance will not permit the development of new dwelling units at locations not already allowed, and the ordinance imposes standards on vacation house rentals sufficient to ensure that the use of existing and new dwelling units as vacation house rentals will not have a greater adverse effect on the environment than the use of such structures as residences. Because the use of some dwelling units as vacation house rentals will require discretionary approval of a minor use permit, consideration of any potential site-specific impacts related to a particular location is properly deferred.
- 4. The use of a dwelling unit as a vacation house rental, as defined in this ordinance, is a commercial land use rather than as a residential land use and is not currently authorized by Chapter 28 of the Solano County Code. Therefore, this ordinance is amendatory to rather than declarative of existing law. Any use of a dwelling unit as a vacation house rental prior to the effective date of this ordinance or prior to the approval of a use permit pursuant to the regulations set forth in Section III of this ordinance shall not be considered a legal nonconforming land use.

SECTION VI

This ordinance will be effective thirty (30) days after its adoption.

SECTION VII

If any provision of this ordinance or the application thereof to any persons or circumstances is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of the ordinance which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this ordinance are hereby declared to be severable.

SECTION VIII

A summary of this ordinance shall be published once in the Daily Republic, a newspaper of general circulation in the County of Solano, not later than fifteen (15) days after the date of its adoption.

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meeti			by the Solano County Board of Supervisors, 2018, by the following vote:	s at its regular
	AYES:	Supervisors		
	NOES:	Supervisors		
	EXCUSED:	Supervisors		
			John M. Vasquez, Chair Solano County Board of Supervisors	
	•	orsello, Clerk nty Board of S	upervisors	
		iger, Chief De	puty Clerk	

ORDINANCE NO. 2

ORDINANCE NO. <u>2018-</u>

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 28 OF THE SOLANO COUNTY CODE TO DEFINE THE SHORT-TERM RENTAL OF A DWELLING AS A "VACATION HOUSE RENTAL" AND TO AUTHORIZE SUCH LAND USE, SUBJECT TO AN ADMINISTRATIVE PERMIT, WITHIN THE A-20 EXCLUSIVE AGRICULTURAL, SUISUN VALLEY AGRICULTURAL, AND RURAL RESIDENTIAL ZONING DISTRICTS

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Solano ordains as follows:

SECTION I: DEFINITIONS

The following definitions related to transient lodging facilities are amended or added, in alphabetical order, to section 28.01 of the Solano County Code:

<u>Guest house</u>. Detached living quarters of a permanent type of construction, without a kitchen-and accessory to the primary dwelling on the same building site. A guest house may not to be rented, let, or leased separate from the primary dwelling, whether compensation be direct or indirect.

<u>Vacation house rental.</u> A dwelling that is offered, used, let, or hired out for compensation for periods of 30 consecutive days or less. Does not include an occasional home exchange or similar transient occupancy of a dwelling unit not involving the payment of monetary compensation to the property owner or resident. Includes any dwelling used pursuant to a time share plan or other similar form of co-ownership if any time share period or other entitlement to occupancy of the dwelling is limited to 30 days or less per year.

SECTION II: ZONING DISTRICTS

Tables 28.21A, 28.23A, and 28.31A of the Solano County Code is amended, as shown on Exhibits _____ (to be prepared later), to authorize a Vacation House Rental as a Tourist Use in the A-20, A-SV, ATC, ATC-NC, RR 2.5, RR 5, and RR-10 zoning districts, subject to an administrative permit.

SECTION III: REGULATIONS ADDED

Section 28.75 of the Solano County Code is amended to add a new subsection 28.75.30, as follows:

28.75.30 Vacation House Rentals

A. Requirements

Vacation house rentals shall comply with the following standards:

- A dwelling used as a vacation house rental shall meet all of the development standards for dwellings specified in subsection 28.72.10(A)(1) and in Table 28.21B, 28.23B, and 28.31B as applicable to the zoning district. If the dwelling includes a guest house, the guest house shall also meet those development standards.
- Space used for overnight accommodations as part of a vacation house rental must be located entirely within a dwelling or a dwelling in combination with an approved guest house. Other accessory buildings, recreational vehicles, recreational vehicle parking space, or tents may not be used as a vacation house rental.
- 3. Overnight occupancy is limited to 2 persons per bedroom plus 2 additional persons, not to exceed a total of 10 persons.
- 4. Three off-street parking spaces shall be provided for all guests. On-street parking is prohibited for any property on which a vacation house is located.
- 5. A vacation house rental may not be advertised, offered, or used as a special events facility. Radios, televisions, or sound amplification equipment may not be used outdoors between 8:00 p.m. and 10:00 a.m. The owner is responsible for the nuisance behaviors of guests.
- 6. A dwelling or guest house may not be used as a vacation house rental if it is the subject of an enforcement action pursuant to any provision of this code.
- 7. Transient occupancy tax registration and payment are required, pursuant to Chapter 11 of this code. A business license is required, pursuant to Chapter 14 of this code.
- 8. The property shall be covered by commercial property insurance.
- 9. The property owner shall obtain the required permit and complete transient occupancy tax registration prior to advertising or operating the vacation house rental. Online advertisements and /or listings for the vacation house rental shall include the following:
 - a. Maximum occupancy, not including children under 3;
 - b. Maximum number of vehicles;
 - c. Notification that quiet hours must be observed between 8 p.m. and 10 a.m.;

- d. Notification that no outdoor amplified sound is allowed; and
- e. The Transient Occupancy Tax Certificate number for that property.
- 10. Only one dwelling per property may be used as a vacation house rental.
- 11. While a vacation house is rented, the property owner or manager shall be available twenty-four hours per day, seven days a week for the purpose of responding within forty-five minutes to complaints regarding the condition, operation, or conduct of occupants of the vacation house rental or their guests.
- 12. No exterior signage is allowed, except if the property owner or manager does not reside on site, then a sign with the name of the property owner or manager and a current contact phone number shall be located near the front door of the dwelling unit.

SECTION IV:

All ordinance and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are repealed.

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meeti			by the Solano County Board of Supervisors, 2018, by the following vote:	s at its regular
	AYES:	Supervisors		
	NOES:	Supervisors		
	EXCUSED:	Supervisors		
			John M. Vasquez, Chair Solano County Board of Supervisors	
	•	orsello, Clerk nty Board of S	upervisors	
	Ву:			
	Jeanette Ne	iger, Chief De	puty Clerk	

